The Times

LOS ANGELES

TWO PARTS—EIGHTEEN PAGES AT THE OFFICE COUNTER..... PRICE 5 CENTS

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1900.

ON TRAINS AND AT NEWS STANDS 5 CENTS

...RIDAY, OCTOBER ...

...AMPAIGN KI...

HOW BRYAN DO...

...WCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MORosco ... Tonight and all week—One ... FLORENCE ROBERTS and the OLIVER-LEE ... "The Country Girl."

...—Tonight! Regular Matinee Today! Any Seat 25c. ... Johnson, Riano and Bent... Three Polrers; ... Quartette; Wayne and Caldwell; ... Kolb and Dill. ... Tel. Main 1270.

...ANGELES THEATER—... WYATT & CO., Managers. ... — TONIGHT. ... RING OF THE OPIUM RING ... The Great Marvel of the Twentieth Century. ... Prices 25c, 35c, 75c, $1. Matinee Prices 25c, 35c, 50c. Tel. M. 70.

...TS AND ENTERTAINMENTS— With Rates of Rooms.

...STRICT AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION No. 6 AT AGRICULTURAL PARK OCT. 20 TO 27, INCLUSIVE OPENING DAY SATURDAY, OCT. 20.

ANNUAL FAIR AND RACE MEET

... COMEY, SEARCHLIGHT, ANACONDA, SLIPPER AND LITTLE THORNE.

... Agricultural Ass'n No. 6. ... Pres. ... Mgr.

...TRICH FARM—South Pasadena—

OSTRICHES WILL BE PLUCKED.

... AFTERNOON. ADMISSION 25 CENTS EACH.

...L—Fleets Play ... TODAY AND SUNDAY. ... vs. TUCSON. ... 3 o'clock. Ladies Free.

SPECIAL ...

...ROUTE—"Every Picture a Work of Art." ... 21 MEDALS—21 ... Steel ... Co., Kalamazoo.

...ERED ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

...NTA CATALINA ISLAND— Three and one-half hours from Los Angeles. Holds the World's Rod and Reel Fishing Record.

... through the glass bottom boat and 10 fathoms of Catalina's crystal waters and ... of Avalon. Glass-bottom boat ride and golf links ... exhibition of fishing fish and animals. Hotel Metropole always open. ... Excursion every Tuesday from San Pedro wharves connecting with ... Pacific and Terminal trains leaving Los Angeles at 9:05 and 5:40 p. m. ... Pier, round trip $2.75; Excursion round trip $2.50. Sunday excursion ... 2:05 hours on the island; other days about 30 minutes. ... Main 34, SANTA CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

M T. LOWE RAILWAY— "Grandest Scenic Trip on Earth." Saturday and Sunday, $1.75 (Round trip.) "Lowest rate ever made." Incomparable views about the resort rain. High above the local valley from Echo Mountain at 7:0 Alpine Tavern; 21 miles. Take electric cars from Second and Broadway. Offices, 251 S. Spring Street (Nadeau Block.) Telephone Main 1447.

... TO SAN FRANCISCO—INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS ... MERCHANTS INDEPENDENT LINE ... Sailing Wednesday. Office 222 South Spring St. Tel. Main 962.

...A, RESORTS AND CAFES.

...LINGTON HOTEL— Santa Barbara, ... Adams, Wisconsin, Philadelphia and Iowa will be in the harbor during ... to visit the vital city of the Wisconsin. Do not miss this great sight. ... Climate every day. Perpetual May climate.

...TRICK HOUSE—Cor. First and Main Sts., Most Reas. props. "The ... Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished, every ... strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan: $1.25 to $3.00. Latter in... ... with private baths. European plan: 50 cents up.

...ORNIA HOUSE—Jones, Smith and Figueroa Sts., Geo. W. Lyons & Co., ... Rates reasonable for families. An ideal, pleasure-to-California Hotel, ... by ladies' forces by the week.

...ORD HOUSE—J. A. Dubin, Prop., 439 Westlake Ave. A select family hotel, ... position, one block from Westlake Park. Newly furnished. Telephone ... Special rates to families by the month.

... Hotel—Corner Second and Hill Sts. Cozy—A select family hotel, conveniently ... from entirely renovated; under new management. THOS. PASCOE.

...T FARMER.

... Talk of the Exposition ... Compliments the Relief ...

... (ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.) ... (By Atlantic Cable.) ... Chiefs of Staff ... before the Council ... Sir Gaston had ad... ... a million of the ... and that over one ... receiving relief. ... however, that ... would return to ...

... said that half a ... possible in the ... of the crops ... The season ... plentiful ... of cattle. It ... many were ... during the hill ... While the ...

sions distributed were unprecedented. At the end of August, 954 lakhs of rupees had been expended, and the government further expected to expend 150 lakhs up to March next. Besides this, 336 lakhs of land taxes had been advanced to cultivators, many lakhs of land taxes had been remitted, 9½ crores had been lent to the native States, and nearly £1,000,000 had been contributed by private charity.

The Viceroy complimented the relief committees, alluded to many instances of native chivalry and devotion, and to English military and civil servants staying at their posts, and said the cotton crop was worth £13,500,000 on the ground.

Griggs Case Continued.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—In the Griggs case this afternoon, Lizzie Grace Gamble was recalled for further examination, but her original testimony was not shaken. The prosecution will probably conclude the case Monday, to which day the court was adjourned.

[POLITICAL.]

HOT ROAST OF BRYAN.

Franklin McVeagh the Roaster.

Gold Democrats Do Not Want William.

Latter is Far too Shallow to Trust With Power.

Bryan's Town Gives Hanna a Great Reception—Roosevelt Bound North.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Franklin McVeagh, who was the Democratic candidate for United States Senator in Illinois in 1896, has announced his determination to help elect McKinley. In a letter to Vice-Chairman Payne of the Republican National Committee, he gives his reasons for supporting the Republican standard-bearer.

McVeagh says: "Free silver at 16 to 1, is to be the issue of this campaign—all the devices of a 'paramount issue' to the contrary notwithstanding. The dangers of 1896 are still at our doors, and will be as long as Bryan is a candidate or a possible candidate. We realized this in 1896, and nothing in Bryan's candidacy has changed for the better."

McVeagh favors the major portion of his statement to Bryanism, and asserts that the greater number of the Bryan gold Democrats do not want Bryan elected, and he accuses them of simply wanting to be in line for places of influence in a regenerated party. McVeagh says that the Philippine question can wait, and that the good work of saving this country from Bryanism must be first considered.

McVeagh says: "Bryan was essentially a Populist in 1896; he is essentially a Populist now. He was inclined to play up class feeling then; he has taken every joke to do so now. His mind was full of 'isms' then—his mind is full of 'isms' now. Mr. Bryan's personal qualities remain. They were reasons for opposing him in 1896, and they constitute conclusive reasons now. He is not a fit or safe man for the Presidency. He was an unfortunate accident at Chicago, and he has grown not at all in four years. He is still a mind who cannot be trusted with any great public question.

"With all his ability to hold public attention, he has no capacity for statesmanship. He can only see the surface of great questions. He is a man of half-truths—the most dangerous sort of a man for great responsibilities. And as might be expected of such a man, he is responsive to any radicalism under the sun."

TEDDY LEAVES WEST VIRGINIA.

Closing Day of Tour a Great Triumph—Maryland Comes Next.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HINTON (W. Va.) Oct. 19.—Gov. Roosevelt and party closed their tour of West Virginia tonight, after one of the longest journeys in his trip. Starting from Parkersburg on the upper Ohio, in the morning, he made speeches at different points along the Ohio River, notably at Point Pleasant and Huntington, and in the latter place started up the great Kanawha Valley, making speeches along the way and going across the river at Charleston to witness a great demonstration at the State capital, and make an address at some length at the Wigwam.

At some places in the mining regions there was a liberal use of powder in the commending as the special train arrived, and the miners got up all sorts of demonstrations in honor of the Vice-Presidential candidate. From Charleston, the special train proceeded over the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway directly across the mountains, where the population was not so dense as along the rich valleys through which he passed during the day. Gov. Roosevelt passes next into Maryland, and thence into his own State.

CHARLESTON'S GREATEST DAY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHARLESTON (W. Va.) Oct. 19.—This has been, politically speaking, the greatest day in the history of this city for years. Early trains and steamers brought hundreds of people to hear Gov. Roosevelt. From sections of the contiguous territory, where no other conveyance could be had, the people came in town afoot, on horseback, and in country wagons.

Women and children were largely in evidence, and these "stamped out" until nearly a thousand horse and nearly twice as many footmen began to move.

Gov. Roosevelt and party reached here at 2:45 p.m., and were met at the depot by an escort. Gov. Atkinson was traveling with Gov. Roosevelt, and they went direct to the "Wigwam," which was so crowded that it required strong efforts to press through the immense throng to the speaker's stand. Gov. Roosevelt spoke for nearly two hours.

McKINLEY'S WAY.

Soon after he started speaking a portion of the east of the Wigwam gave way, caused by the great crowds on it. No one was hurt, and quiet was soon restored.

Gov. Roosevelt referred to Bryan's connections with men who are his enemies, and who are directly interested in trusts. No further referring to Mr. Bryan in his New York title as coining fallacies, and David B. Hill came in for a touch upon his connection with corporations and trusts.

Gov. Roosevelt bends his tour of this State early this morning, his train departing from Parkersburg over the Ohio River Railway at 8 a.m. The first stop was at Ravenswood, and his second stop at Mason City. At each place good-sized audiences heard brief speeches from the rear platform of the

(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)

BE ON THE SQUARE.

Salt Lake Road's Terminal.

Matter Laid Before the City Council.

Action Showing the Faith of the Utah People.

Southern Pacific and Santa Fe Combine With Respect to Rates to Coast.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SALT LAKE CITY (Utah.) Oct. 19. [Exclusive Dispatch.] A committee of the Salt Lake City Council to night took action favorable to the granting of Pioneer Square for terminal grounds for the Salt Lake-Los Angeles road. Though City Attorney Stephens presented an opinion holding that the Council had no power to make the donation, the Councilmen acted on the advice of Judge Dickson, who appeared before them and argued that the grant could lawfully be made.

The action taken was not unanimous, but the vote of 5 to 2 indicated that a majority of the Council will adopt the recommendation of the committee. The committee will report to the Council next Tuesday night in favor of vacating the square and granting it to the company, and it is believed that a majority is certain to vote for the proposition.

The council being composed of fifteen members, but three more than the members who tonight voted in the affirmative are needed to pass the ordinance making the grant.

SANTA FE COMBINE.

WILL KEEP UP THE RATES.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

BUFFALO, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Southern Pacific and Santa Fe roads have entered into a defensive alliance for the preservation of rates to the Pacific Coast. This fact became apparent here today, when the advisory board of the Immigrant Bureau held its second session. Owing to the attitude of the Canadian Pacific on immigrant business and the alleged threat to disturb rates to the western Coast, and also owing to the recent promulgation of cheap-rate excursions to the Coast, the question of the attitude of the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe became a vital one.

The agreement between the two lines includes a refusal on the part of the Southern Pacific to honor Portland-San Francisco coupons which have been portions of the cut-rate tickets. This makes California business absolutely safe. Under the agreement it will be impossible for northern lines to offer as an inducement a cheap rate to San Francisco. They can sell to Portland only, and not through to San Francisco.

Of course, there is doubt that the refusal of the Southern Pacific to accept such tickets is legal, but this makes little difference in the case, as no one will be likely to take the matter into court. Relative to the agreement between the two lines to save California revenue, it leaked out that there had been an alliance for several months. When the Santa Fe became a transcontinental line, the Southern Pacific officials made overtures. They shrewdly believed it would be better to give the Santa Fe a just proportion of the business freely rather than fight for the major portion. The negotiations resulted in the Southern Pacific allowing the Santa Fe the joint use of its tracks from Mojave to Bakersfield.

This is said to have been the price paid for the promise of the Santa Fe to "be good," and not to become a rate-disturber in the transcontinental field. Since that time, the two lines have worked in harmony and have stood together on all questions affecting territory where they are supreme.

BELASCO MUST PAY.

His Old Friend Took Ill and the Playwright Sent for a Female Doctor.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The jury today awarded Dr. Anna L. White $987 in her suit against Playwright David Belasco for saving the life of Frederick Lyster, formerly a rich theater owner, and said to be the man who gave Belasco his start in life. Dr. White's bill was for professional services for two months in 1896.

She swore she was asked to go to Lyster's house, and found him suffering from apoplexy. A second call came for her the same day, when, she says, Elizabeth Ginty came for her in a cab and said Belasco had authorized her to say he would be responsible for Lyster's bill. While she was at Lyster's house Belasco came in.

"I'll take care of Lyster," Dr. White swore Belasco said, "if it takes my last penny. He was good to me when I was a poor boy." Belasco said he only promised to be responsible for medicines.

Navigation on the Yukon.

Navigation on the Yukon for the season of 1900 has closed, and each day is adding more to the list of boats that are tied up at various points on the river. Contrary to all expectations, the steamers have cleared every pound of freight destined for the Klondike, and speculators who have anticipated big returns in carrying the surplus will be disappointed.

OUR NEW BATTLESHIPS.

Virginia and Rhode Island to Have Splendid Batteries—Must Make Nineteen Knots an Hour.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A special to the Herald from Washington says the Virginia and Rhode Island, two of the five battleships, bids for which will be opened at the Navy Department on December 7, will be provided with four 12-inch guns in turrets on the line of the keel, forward and aft, and eight 8-inch guns in four turrets, one at each corner of a quadrilateral.

In addition to this battery, each ship will carry twelve 6-inch guns, twelve 14-pounders, twelve 3-pounders, four 1-pounder automatic, four 1-pounder single shot, two 3-inch field guns, two Gatlings and six 30-caliber automatic machine guns. Each vessel will also be provided with two submerged torpedo tubes.

The new vessels will have a displacement of 15,000 tons, but Rear-Admiral Hichborn says that when fully loaded they will displace 16,000 tons. The vessels will be required to make 19 knots an hour, and will be provided with water-tube boilers and twin screws. They will have large steaming radii, the coal capacity of each vessel being fixed at 2000 tons.

HOW THE TIMES DO CHANGE.

Pacific Coast Employers Not So Set on Exclusion of the Chinese.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Post's Washington special says the Canadian commissioners, who recently visited Washington to discuss the Chinese question, appear to have got little satisfaction in the sense of encouragement to follow the course of the United States in the enactment of legislation for excluding the Chinese.

Inquiries made in our Pacific Coast States have shown that the employing element there would gladly see anti-Chinese legislation modified. The trouble is not that they cannot get enough Chinese who work at starvation wages, but that they can get hardly any who will work for wages as low as white men. Their superior efficiency in certain lines has created a great demand for those who are here now, with the result of a remarkable increase in the rate of wages. The employers are anxious, therefore, to bring over enough to compete with those already in the field, and to reduce the expense of employing them.

The observation of the visiting commissioners will be incorporated in a report to be presented to the Dominion Parliament at the next session.

PRESBYTERIAN OPINION.

Small Vote So Far for the Revision of the Confession of Faith—Two-thirds Necessary.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The vote of the presbyteries on the question of revision of confession of faith, as thus far reported, is as follows: For revision, only 30; declaratory statement, 36; supplemental creed, 31; substitute creed, 5; dismissal of the whole subject, 32. There are 232 presbyteries, including 21 in foreign lands, most of which will not vote in time for the report of the committee, and there are eight or ten presbyteries which have only one meeting in the year, in the spring.

The report will be made by a committee to the general assembly, which meets in this city next May, with recommendations. The votes of two-thirds of the presbyteries will be necessary for the assembly to send down any overtures on the subject. The presbyteries voting for revision desire, as a rule, modification of certain expressions, such as "elect infants dying in infancy," which they ask to have changed so as to read "infants dying in infancy are included in the election of grace."

The majority of these presbyteries defend that the revision be along the lines of the reports submitted by the Revision Committee of 1892.

Presbyteries which voted for a declaratory statement, desire to have an explanation of the disputed points in the confession, as adopted in May, 1879, by the United Presbyterian Church of Scotland, which, in connection with the question of the salvation of infants, has adopted the following: "In accepting the standards, it is not required to be held that any who die in infancy are lost."

The advocates of a supplemental creed do not desire to do anything with the confession, but simply to add to the confession a brief statement of Calvinistic doctrine in simple language.

HE DREW A CROWD.

William Mullen Breaks Broncos and Saves Souls for the Benefit of the Chicagoans.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] William Mullen, the horse-breaking evangelist, who used to train horses for Haggin in California, made a big hit in Chicago today. He had obtained a permit from Mayor Harrison to break horses as an incident to his sermon, and attracted a big crowd to a city lot near the Art Institute. Mullen subdued two vicious broncos, and between the two he caught a big crowd, that listened to his tales of Christian life.

At first, Mullen thought he would have a poor crowd to preach to, but the first bronco proved such a tough proposition, that the crowd quickly swelled in proportions. Mullen is a horse hypnotist, but he assists his hypnotism with a sort of rigging. This rigging controls the movements of the broncos limbs. The first bronco finally obeyed the horse-breaker. Then Mullen preached a sermon to the crowd. Another horse was broken, and then another sermon followed.

Frank Walker Killed.

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 19.—Edward Gray of Colfax was killed at that place this afternoon while walking on the railroad track.

[THIRD CRISIS IN CHINA.]

GOOD-WILL BY WIRE.

Note of Emperor Kwang Hsu.

Cables His Gratitude and Asks Aid.

The President Replies to Him Diplomatically.

Chinese Cavalry Retreat Before British—Entry of Pao Ting Fu—Kang Yi's Death.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The message of the Chinese Emperor to the President, under early negotiations for a settlement, and the President's reply therein, was made public today, as follows:

"Handed to the President by Minister Wu, October 19, 1900.

"The following telegraphic despatch, dated October 16, 1900, forwarded by the Privy Council from Tung Shan (in Shan Si) and retransmitted from Shanghai by Director-General Sheng, under date of October 18, has been received by Minister Wu:

"'The Emperor of the Ta Tsing empire to His Excellency, the President of the United States, Greeting:

"'We are extremely grateful to Your Excellency for taking the initiative in the withdrawal of troops (from Pekin,) and for consenting, in the interest of friendly relations, to use your kindly offices between China and the friendly powers who have been offended on account of the recent unexpected uprising in China. We sincerely trust you, through the Diplomatic Representatives and Minister Plenipotentiary, Wu Ting Fang, to peremptorily deliver this autographic letter to Your Excellency, now urging our sincere appreciation of the...

"'We hope that Your Excellency, the President of peace and prosperity, and relations, will exert your friendly influence with the other powers toward the complete adjustment of all differences and the speedy determination on their part to negotiate for a peaceful settlement. For this we shall feel indescribable gratitude toward Your Excellency, whose good offices we are now earnestly beseeching.'

"Communicated to Minister Wu for transmission October 18, 1900.

"WASHINGTON, Oct. 19, 1900.—His Majesty, Kwang Hsu, Emperor of China. Greeting:

"It has afforded the fourth pleasure to receive Your Imperial Majesty's telegraphic letter of October 16, which has been delivered by Your Majesty's Minister in Washington. I cordially share Your Majesty's wish that there may be a peaceful settlement of all questions between China and the powers, whose interests and subjects have so grievously suffered wrong by Your Majesty's dominions, and that the autumns may be the occasion of...lessment of ill-feeling between them.

"The desire of this government that some settlement may be brought about speedily has been made known to all the powers, and I trust that negotiations may be begun as soon as we and the other offended governments shall by effectively satisfied of Your Majesty's ability and power to treat with just clearness the principal offenders, who are doubly culpable, not alone toward the sufferers, but toward Your Majesty, under whose rule the purpose of China to dwell in accord with the world had hitherto found expression in the welcome protection assured to strangers.

[Signed] "WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

REBELS STRONGLY ENTRENCHED.

LEADERS ISSUE A MANIFESTO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Hongkong says: "The rebels are strongly intrenched with headquarters at Wei Chau. Their leaders, who are apparently desirous of

DONE BY MEN WITH HO...

One Hundred Men Killed and More Driven Into Northeast River.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

HONGKONG, Oct. 19.—The military mandarin at Hao Chau reports that Admiral Ho has defeated the rebels, killing one hundred of them and driving the survivors into the Northeast River.

FRENCH TAKE TE CHOW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A special dispatch received here today from Shanghai says that a thousand French troops have taken Te Chow, on the northern border of Shangtung province.

News Under to The Times This Morning

Part I.

1. Franklin McVeagh Roasts Bryan. Salt Lake Railroad Terminal. Kwang Su Appeals to France.
2. Allies Enter Pao Ting Fu. Russian Policy Open and Simple. Cabinet Pleased With Outlook. Coal Strike Still Unsettled. Bank Robbery in Missouri.
3. Chicago Gives Hill an Ovation. Hanna at Bryan's Home Town. Bryan Accepts Silver Nomination. Bryan Again Up Against Students.
4. Rainy Season On in Earnest. Flood Wipes Out Mexican Town.
5. Joe Gans Beats "Spider" Kelly. Harlem Favorite Breaks a Leg. International Turf Storm.
6. Liners: Classified Advertising.
7. The Times Home Study Circle. Our Daily Story.
8. Oil Developing Continues.
9. Fall Race Meet Today.
10. City in Brief: News and Business. Home News and Local Business. Record of Marriages and Deaths.

Part II.

1. Democratic Speakers at Hazard's.
2. The Public Service: Official Doings. Council After Lighting Company.
3. Clubs of Women.
4. Editorials: Editorials Paragraphed.
5. Vital Campaign Issues.
6. Financial and Commercial. Stock quotations on Eastern Boards
7. Southern California by Towns. Personal Mention: Men and Women

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY.—Democrats addressed by Mayor Phelan.....Bilderrain to be tried. Benioff's peculiar defense in maintenance suit.....Franchise sought for underground refrigerating system.....Street-lighting demand may be held up. Surprise for Good Roads convention. Social Democratic city ticket.....Alleged robber of a veteran on trial.....Rain-dog raised.....Opening of race meet today.....Alleged bad Jap arrested up. Highwaymen foiled.....Ruth arrested in Fresno.....Lion's den raided and Nemo found.....Prohibitors not attending present city charter.

FOREIGN, BY CABLE.—Kruger flees to Holland.....Political quality at Lorden.....Collision on new Paris underground railway.....Opposite shore start from London for America.....Land Carson tales of the Indian famine.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.—Pasadena Friends Church members greet an old Friend.....Water discovery at Agua.....Schooner enters San Pedro inner harbor without a tug.....Republican enthusiasm in Long Beach.....Increased shipments of shingles through the port of San Diego.....Big Republican rally to be held at Pomona tonight.....Riverside felon en route to San Quentin.....Miner falls 400 feet in a mine shaft at Victor.....Races at Santa Ana.....Excellent orange prospects near Ontario.....Gang of thieves arrested at Santa Barbara.....Excitement at Coronado Beach.

PACIFIC COAST.—Rainy season sets in all over the Pacific Slope.....Big shipment of gold from Australia.....Advices from Samoa.....Negro troops quell mutiny on a ship.....Series of murders and robberies result from fishermen's war.....Fears for overdue vessels.....Furry-boat Ukiah runs ashore.....Mill strikes still unsettled. Santa Fé answers traffic association's complaint.....Presbyterians to work for exemption of churches from taxation.....Evidence against Ortega. Two young men drowned in Rock Creek.

SPORTS.—Joe Gans defeats "Spider" Kelly.....Harlem favorite breaks a leg. Reiff and Maher ride winners.....Durham's slander of Americans causing an international turf storm.....Results at Cincinnati and St. Louis.

POLITICAL.—Franklin McVeagh gives Bryan a hot roast.....Hanna denounces Bryan as a demagogue at Lincoln.....Prosperity feast a reception for Hanna.....Bryan accepts nomination of the Silver Republicans.....Hill gets an ovation at Chicago.....Roosevelt finishes tour of West Virginia.

CHINA.—Cabinet pleased with the outlook.....Distrust of Germany's attitude revived by Von Sternberg's recall.....Rebels strongly intrenched at Wei Chau.....Russia has no designs on Manchuria.....Allied force enters Pao Ting Fu unopposed.....Kwang Su asks France's aid.

GENERAL MASTERS.—Salt Lake road terminal matter laid before City Council.....Coal strike still unsettled. No verdict yet in the Twomey case. Bank robbed in Missouri.....Lynching in Louisiana.....Flood wipes out Mexican town.

CABINET IS PLEASED AT OUTLOOK FOR PEACE.

Khang Yu Wei, have issued a manifesto proclaiming that China is completely at the mercy of her foes, for which the boxer atrocities are entirely responsible. Everything is quiet on the British frontier. The rebels have gone northward toward Canton."

CABINET PLEASED WITH OUTLOOK.

The Terms Li Hung Ching and Chang Have Been Accepted in Good Faith.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Cabinet session today was devoted principally to the consideration of the Chinese situation. After the meeting, the members seemed impressed with the favorable turn matters had taken, and the prospect of a satisfactory adjustment. For the present, negotiations will proceed through Minister Conger.

The government has received the proposals of Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, offering indemnity and guarantees for the future, and they have been adopted in good faith.

NEGOTIATIONS TO BEGIN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Chinese government has made a request upon Secretary Hay that negotiations begin tomorrow at Peking looking to a settlement of the Chinese question. It is said at the State Department that Minister Conger's instructions are sufficiently broad to enable him to proceed with negotiations tomorrow, without further orders from the department.

However, as the Chinese counter-proposals received yesterday through Minister Conger appear to warrant further instructions, Mr. Conger will be wired today in outline of the course that he is to pursue in furtherance of the plans already committed to his care. For obvious reasons, the State Department has declined to make public the nature of the instructions to be sent to Minister Conger, but it may be stated that the government does not regard the Chinese proposals as sufficient to meet the demands of the case. It is not believed by Secretary Hay that the Chinese Commissioners are authorized to enable him to proceed with negotiations tomorrow, without further orders from the department.

Moreover

BIG CROWDS GREET HANNA AT BRYAN'S TOWN.

HANNA BRANDS A BRYAN LIE.

Denounced in His Home Town Amid Cheers and Hisses.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

FREMONT (Neb.) Oct. 18.—"A man knowingly or unknowingly, will tell slanders about another man which are unstable," said Senator Hanna, in his speech at the opera-house in Lincoln tonight, in referring to Bryan. In the speech, which was one of the toughtest delivered in this town, Senator Hanna hit-hammered Bryan for what he called his attempts to slander me in this State." This is Bryan's home town, and the speech of Senator Hanna was received with mingled cheers and hisses.

The first of the two-days' speech-making in Nebraska by Senators Hanna and Frye culminated tonight in two big meetings here, including a monster meeting in front of the Hotel. Only two meetings were planned for, but so tremendous were the crowds that attempted to force their way into the opera-house auditorium to hear Senator Hanna, that he was finally asked to address an overflow meeting from the steps of the hotel. Excursion trains run into Lincoln from points in Eastern and Central Nebraska, and the parade which took place included a dozen of the so-called marching clubs, from several women's organi-

[illegible] Roosevelt spoke in his address, urging Republicans to maintain prosperity and ridicule the Democratic 17 of imperialism. Senator Frye left the train to address a large crowd from a platform at Huntington there was a demonstration, and a street

given a new name by the local chairman. "Fellow-citizens, I want to introduce to you the man who commands the sun sometimes, if he wants to," said he.

"Well, I wish I could command every son-of-a-gun of a Populist in this State," said Senator Hanna, amid laughter, "and that of every good Democrat, too, because, my friends, I want the people of this State and this county to fully appreciate and understand the importance of this election."

More rapid running time was made between Schuyler and North Bend. Here the train runs through the fertile valley of the Platte River, part of the time along its flat banks, and a speed of between sixty and sixty-five miles an hour was reached.

At North Bend, Hanna was presented with a big bunch of flowers by a delegation of little girls.

An enormous crowd turned out to hear Hanna at Fremont, where the speaking took place from the front steps of the Courthouse, nearly every window of which displayed a large lithograph of Bryan. In his address here, Hanna was frequently interrupted by the blowing of a near-by whistle and finally, with a twinkle in his eye, he said:

"It must be that Mr. Bryan has hold of that valve and is trying to shut me off."

Wahoo, the last stop before reaching Lincoln, gave Senator Hanna the best reception of the day. Excursion trains from near-by towns and villages brought in several hundred people and Senator Hanna was given an ovation as he stepped from the train. A unique feature of the procession from the depot to the speaking stand was three women's uniformed clubs, the Ida McKinley Club of Wahoo, the Edith Roosevelt Club of Mead, and the Ashland Marching Club, all of the members being dressed in the national colors.

At 6 o'clock the special train arrived in Lincoln, where the party was to spend the night, and where three meetings had been arranged for.

ADVICE FOR WORKING MEN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NORFOLK (Neb.) Oct. 18.—South and east through the eastern tier of counties in Nebraska, with one stop at Sioux City, fifteen stops altogether, was the programme mapped out for Senators Hanna and Frye today. The itinerary included a stop at Madison, Senator Allen's home, and an evening meeting at the home of W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, where the train will stay over night. Tomorrow's programme, the last day of Senator Hanna's trip through the West, includes but eight speeches, but at all of these stops Senators Hanna and Frye will speak at some length. The culminating meeting of the week's campaigning will be at Omaha Saturday evening.

Sioux City was the first stop today. It was about 7:30 o'clock and the crowd which greeted Senator Hanna was made up mostly of workingmen, from the nearby shops who, with their dinner pails on their arms, crowded around the stand erected in the big train shed in the depot, and shouted "Hello, Mark," to the Republican leader. Hanna made an address of about ten minutes.

"You men, better than any one else," said he, "know what the continuation of the present conditions means to this country. It is in the hands of the toilers, the men of the factory to decide whether the wheels of industry shall be kept running, whether they shall continue to earn the highest wages ever paid to skilled labor, or to return to the conditions existing four years ago, to the bitter struggle for themselves and their families. I have no doubt which way you will decide on the 6th of November."

NOISY WELCOME.

The first stop in Nebraska was at Emerson, where a good-sized crowd gave the Senator a warm greeting. At Wakefield two brass bands were at the station, but their music was almost drowned by the terrific din caused by a gang of grain shovelers, who pounded the immense scoops with clubs and shouted for Hanna. Here Senator Hanna addressed the crowd in a big tent put up near the station. "There is no time for the people of this country to say anything to any set of politicians who attempt to raise a bogey man to scare the timid," said Mr. Hanna.

At Wayne, where the audience was made up mostly of farmers, he said: "What we want to consider is what is best for our own personal interests. All you want to do is to let well enough alone."

At Winside, a little hamlet in the midst of the corn country, Mr. Hanna saw the following banner as he stepped out on the car platform: "Populist Farmers Beware. Chain Your Children to Yourselves or Put 'em Under the Bed. Mark Hanna is in Town."

"Oh, I am not so dangerous as all that," said he, laughingly, pointing to the banner. Prosperity was the issue debated by Mr. Hanna for five minutes. The farmers composing the audience cheered him until the train was far from the station.

A stop of five minutes was made at Hoskins and then the run was made to Norfolk, the center of the sugar-beet industry of Nebraska.

HARVEST HOME FEAST.

GRAND RECEPTION TO HANNA.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Arrangements have been nearly perfected by the Marquette Club for its harvest-home prosperity feast, which is to be held next Wednesday evening at the Coliseum. The vast hall is to be tastefully decorated with grain and farm products of all kinds. Ears of corn and sheaves of wheat and oats will hang from the gallery, and will also be arranged about the sides of the interior of the structure.

A second and no less important idea of the meeting is to make it a grand reception for Senator Hanna upon his return from his speech-making tour of the Western States. Members of the Marquette Club call it the dollar-dinner meeting. Covers will be laid for 5000 persons.

H. A. Hanna, J. C. Burrows and J. K. Cubbison, United States Senators from Ohio, Michigan and Kansas, respectively, will be among those who will address the meeting.

WOODS TALKS AT TRACY.

MOST ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

TRACY, Oct. 18.—S. D. Woods, the Republican nominee for Congress in this district, was tonight given one of the most enthusiastic receptions ever tendered a candidate by the people of Tracy. The meeting was attended by a uniformed club of Rough Riders and the Sixth Regiment Band from Stockton. These, together with a large local club of torch bearers, made a procession several blocks long. The hall where Woods spoke would not hold the crowd that sought admission.

PERKINS AT AUBURN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

AUBURN, Oct. 18.—Notwithstanding the almost incessant rains, Senator George C. Perkins addressed a large and enthusiastic audience at the opera-house here this evening. He leaves in the morning for his old home at Oroville.

PENNOYER A NOMINEE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PORTLAND (Or.,) Oct. 18.—Ex-Gov. Pennoyer was today nominated for member of the Legislature on a citizens' ticket to fill the vacancy caused by the death of A. J. Knott, member-elect.

NOMINEE OF THE SILVERITES.

Bryan Welcomes their Support in His Letter of Acceptance.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BUFFALO (N. Y.) Oct. 18.—The following letter, accepting the nomination of the Silver Lincoln Republicans was mailed today by W. J. Bryan:

"BUFFALO (N. Y.) Oct. 18, 1900.—Hon. Samuel W. Hopkins, chairman, and others, members of the Notification Committee of the Silver Lincoln Republican party. Gentlemen: I am in receipt of your letter formally notifying me of my nomination for the Presidency by the Silver Republican Lincoln National Convention, held at Kansas City, July 4 last. In accepting the nomination I beg to express my hearty appreciation of the support given our ticket by the members of your party in the campaign of 1896, and of the fidelity shown by them during the four years which have since elapsed. The evidence of confidence and good-will manifested anew at the last national convention places me under renewed obligations. There is a consistency about the human mind which leads an individual to apply old principles to new conditions, and I was therefore not surprised to find that those who left the Republican party in 1896 on the money question are now opposed to it on the trust question, which has increased in importance since 1896, and upon militarism and imperialism, the new questions which the Republican party has forced upon the country within the last two years.

"Your platform, of which you inclose a copy, is in its declarations very similar to the Democratic platform adopted at Kansas City that it is not necessary for me to take up the planks in detail. I inclose the following documents and make them a part of this letter:

"First—My speech at Indianapolis, in reply to the Democratic Notification Committee, dealing with imperialism, militarism and the resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers.

"Second—My letter formally accepting the Democratic nomination, covering other planks of the platform.

"Third—My speech accepting the Populist nomination, dealing with those issues upon which the Democrats and Populists occupy common grounds.

"Fourth—My speech delivered at St. Louis, the 15th of September, on the trust question.

"These documents have already been widely published in the press of the country, and the members of your party are fully informed in regard to my views on the questions covered.

"In 1896, the money question was the question of paramount importance, but the Republican party, by its disregard of the principles of our republic, and by its advocacy of policies repugnant to the doctrine of self-government, has left us no choice but to summon all lovers of the Declaration of Independence to the defense of that sacred document, and the Constitution framed in accordance with it.

"In your letter you quote several appropriate extracts from Lincoln's speeches. I find in a speech by Lincoln in 1858, a defense of the Declaration of Independence, accompanied by a fervent and patriotic appeal to his countrymen not to abandon the principles therein enunciated. It is so applicable to the present time, and so in harmony with the references you have made to Lincoln's words, that I quote the following extract:

"'Now, my countrymen, if you have been taught doctrines conflicting with the great landmarks of the Declaration of Independence; if you have listened to suggestions which would take away from its grandeur and mutilate the fair symmetry of its proportions; if you have been inclined to believe that all men are not created equal in those inalienable rights enumerated by our chart of liberty, let me entreat you to come back. Return to the fountain whose waters spring close by the blood of the revolution. Think nothing of me; take no thought for the political fate and man whomsoever, but come back to the truths that are in the Declaration of Independence. You may do anything with me you choose, if you will but heed these sacred principles. You may not only defeat me for the Senate, but you may take me and put me to death. While pretending no indifference to earthly honors, I do claim to be actuated in this contest by something higher than an anxiety for office. I charge you to drop every paltry and insignificant thought for any man's success. It is nothing; I am nothing; Judge Douglas is nothing. But I will not destroy that immortal emblem of humanity—the Declaration of American Independence.'

"How harsh the contrast between the lofty sentiments expressed by Lincoln and the sordid, mercenary appeal now made to the people by the Republican party. How great the chasm between the statesmanship which would sacrifice life itself in defense of that immortal document which has been the model of republics ever since it was promulgated, and the commercialism which would sacrifice every noble and holy purpose in pursuit of new markets, and would indorse the doctrine that trade can be purchased with human blood—a doctrine advanced by those who want to give syndicates a chance to exploit distant colonies.

"In response to the hope which you express, permit me to assure you that my political obligations are due entirely to the plain people who ask no special privileges at the hands of the government, but demand only equality of rights and opportunity to enjoy life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness under the flag of a republic. These people, the nation's wealth producers in time of peace, and the nation's warriors in time of war, have already done more for me than I can ever repay. Whether I am elected or not, it shall be my ambition to protect their rights and advance their interests by every means within my power.

"Very truly yours,

[Signed] "W. J. BRYAN."

PROHIBITIONISTS TURN OUT.

CANDIDATES AT BALTIMORE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BALTIMORE (Md.,) Oct. 18. — The Prohibition special train arrived here at 6:30 o'clock this evening, having made five afternoon stops on the run from Jersey City, N. J. Over one thousand persons attended the evening rally at Hapteagoh's Hall, it being necessary to open an overflow meeting in the lower hall of the building. A torchlight parade by the Young Men's Prohibition League preceded the speaking.

Joshua Levering, Prohibition candidate for President in 1896, presided.

PATRIOTIC VETERANS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Robert G. Dyrenforth, commander-in-chief of the United Veterans' Union, today issued an official circular urging all members to vote for the reelection of President McKinley. The circular states that Article XIII of the constitution of the order makes it the duty of the commander-in-chief to advise in matters of election.

BRYAN'S SECOND BATTLE.

Cornell Students Interrupt Him at Ithaca—Many Large Crowds.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SYRACUSE (N. Y.) Oct. 18.—William J. Bryan, the Democratic standard bearer, today experienced his second encounter of the campaign with college students. It occurred at Ithaca, and the students were from Cornell University. The incident was not so exciting as that at Ann Arbor, Mich., for the reason that the young men were not so persistent and did not work in such unison, but there was one feature of interest which was not noticeable at Ann Arbor. This was the participation of young women in the affair. A hundred or more members of the opposite sex were stationed at windows in the High School just back and over the stage from which Bryan spoke, and they disturbed the proceedings to as great an extent as they could by lowering posters bearing a picture of President McKinley so as to attract the attention of the crowd.

The young men who were below responded to these signals with cries and yells, and they also asked numerous questions while the speech was in progress. Evidently, too, quite a large percentage of the students were in sympathy with Bryan, and some of them shouted lustily for him when his replies to the questions of their fellows were especially to their liking. Bryan was generally voted to have met the occasion successfully, and that he did so was evidenced by the fact that the interruptions grew fewer and farther apart as the speech proceeded, and at last ceased altogether.

The day's work closed with a meeting at Rochester late tonight. The meetings today were generally well attended, and those at Ithaca and Binghamton were especially large. Probably the Binghamton meeting was the most enthusiastic meeting of the day. In all instances, except at the beginning of the Ithaca meeting, close attention was given to the speeches.

ROCHESTER SPEECHES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) Oct. 19.—Bryan reached this city at 9:15 o'clock tonight, and made two speeches. These were made from a balcony in front of the Powers House and in Fitzhugh Hall. Preceding the speeches there was a street parade from the New York Central station to the center of the city, and it was one of the most elaborate, as well as one of the most enthusiastic, demonstrations that have yet been made in honor of the Democratic candidate. He was escorted by bands and marching clubs and the broad streets of the city were so crowded with people that it was extremely difficult for the police to force a way for him.

Bryan's carriage was drawn by four horses. Once during the march the leading span of horses took fright at the fireworks and turned quickly. It looked for a moment as if they would upset the vehicle. The frightened animals were, however, quickly caught by a dozen members of the nearest marching club and again turned in the right direction. Bryan retained his seat in the carriage and did not show fright.

BILLY IN GOOD SPIRITS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SYRACUSE (N. Y.) Oct. 19.—Bryan was in excellent spirits when he left here this morning. He was immensely pleased with yesterday's demonstrations, he said.

The first stop of the day was made at Solvay, a suburb of Syracuse, where Bryan spoke briefly to several thousand people congregated at the railroad station.

A large and enthusiastic crowd greeted Bryan at Seward Park, where he devoted most of his time to the trusts. A printed statement credited to E. D. Metcalf, superintendent of D. M. Osborne & Co., to the effect that in case Bryan was elected the Osborne shops, one of the largest manufactories of agricultural implements in the country, would be closed, claimed Bryan's attention. He declared that Metcalf's statement was intended to coerce the voters, a thing which was done by many four years ago, and he warned the people that this would be one of the many methods the Republicans were employing of denying to the common people the freedom guaranteed by the Constitution.

"The President," said Bryan, "spends more time warning you not to hurt the good trusts than he does telling you how to meet the bad ones. The Vice-Presidential candidate spends more time denouncing those who denounce the trusts than he does in denouncing the trusts themselves. Mr. Hanna says there are no trusts, but they all know there is an ice trust."

Deposed for a State Park.

SANTA ROSA, Oct. 19.—It is rumored here today that the late Col. J. B. Armstrong of Cloverdale left a provision in his will looking to the deeding of the famous Armstrong bottom lands, near Guerneville, to the State for a park. The lands in question comprise several hundred acres of the finest redwood timber in California.

Physicians the world over, prescribe for patients who lack appetite or vigor or when convalescing from a serious illness, the tonic

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S

Malt-Nutrine

It puts color in the cheeks, sparkle in the eyes, braces mildly. Assimilable by the weakest stomach, invigorating, refreshing. A boon to nursing mothers.

Prepared by

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

OVATION TO HILL AT CHICAGO.

New Yorker Says He's No Bolter and that Imperialism is Paramount.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—An audience of 5000 people crowded the Second Regiment Armory tonight to listen to an address by ex-Senator David B. Hill of New York. A great number of people were unable to get into the armory, and for their benefit several outdoor speeches were made by local orators. When Hill arrived at the armory, accompanied by Mayor Carter H. Harrison, he was given a magnificent ovation.

Mayor Harrison introduced Hill, calling forth a prolonged outburst of applause. It was fully five minutes before the cheering subsided sufficiently to allow ex-Senator Hill to begin his address. Throughout its delivery he was accorded a generous amount of applause. Hill said in part:

"I make no apologies to anyone for my activity and interest in this campaign. I participated in the convention at Kansas City which framed the platform and nominated the candidates—a convention which treated me with courtesy from the commencement to the end of its proceedings—and as an honorable man, I was bound to acquiesce in the results of its deliberations. It is true, as is well known, that I sought to secure a modification of the proposed platform in some particulars in which, however, I was only partly successful, but reasonably satisfied with its utterances on the question which seemed to form the leading issue in this particular election. I expressed my intention at the convention in seconding the nomination of our national candidate for President in behalf of the masses of the Democracy of the State of New York to give the ticket not merely my acquiescence, but my support, and that assurance I am now fulfilling.

"While my personal views of certain portions of the reaffirmed platform may not have been changed, particularly as to their wisdom and expediency, it does not follow that either honor, duty or consistency requires me to withhold my active cooperation in electing the ticket which was fairly and regularly nominated, much less do such considerations require me to cancel my party ties or join another party or support another ticket. I repudiate the idea so persistently inculcated by impracticable doctrinaries that every time a citizen is out-voted in a convention, a church, a corporation or a society, even upon a material matter, he is in honor bound to bolt and form another party, establish a new church, set up a rival corporation or organize a second society.

"This is a government controlled by great political parties, the respective organs of which are formed and maintained by those who largely agree upon certain policies of administration, but it is not explained, nor is it practicable that such parties will at all times fully and accurately represent the sentiments of every individual member. It is sufficient that some leading principles in which a citizen believes are advocated by the party with which he is associated, to justify his support of that party regardless of its attitude on subordinate questions which he may or may not approve. He need not endure every line or plank of a platform in order to maintain his orthodoxy.

"A different policy would disintegrate great parties and create factions without number. Majorities must control in political parties as well as in governments."

Hill then discussed imperialism, which he declared was the principal issue.

[SAMOA.]

NATIVES WORK FOR HONOR.

Taxes are Asked For So That the Officers Can Be Remunerated.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PAGO PAGO (Samoa,) Oct. 8.—[Associated Press Correspondence. Wired from San Francisco, Oct. 19.] As a result of an order issued by the commandant under the "arms ordinance," the native governors have sent in full returns of all arms and ammunitions held by Samoans and foreigners in the respective districts under their charge. There are over four hundred guns of all sorts throughout the station, most of which are on the Island of Manua.

Most of the natives are turning their guns into the government rather than pay the license for the privilege of possessing the guns. They ask for compensation for them.

A license ordinance has been issued, and the foreigners are now taking them out. No taxes have yet been imposed upon the natives. The native officials are not paid any salary by the government, but all, from the native governors to the policemen, do their duty for the honor of doing it. But this will not last long, and the natives themselves are now asking that they be taxed in order to supply some remuneration for the native officials.

Capitalist Falls from a Loft.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 18.—George E. McKee, a prominent business man and capitalist, was seriously injured at his home here today by a fall from a loft. Several bones were broken, and internal injuries were received which may result seriously.

Do You Know a Good Thing

A real good thing, when you see it? Well, we've filled our north show window with that very thing, and we ask you to take a look at them.

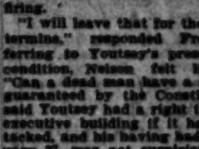
PILLOW SHAMS That are actually worth $1.50, $1.75 and $2.25 a pair. More than 300 of them. They go for

93c A PAIR 93c

They are 32 inches square, made of very fine cotton, spachtel, or what is perhaps better known as appliqued work. In a big assortment of beautiful designs. It's very seldom this sort of an opportunity occurs. Hadn't you better take advantage of it?

Hale's

107-109 North Spring St



See us. Bona fide reductions of 25 to 50 per cent on seventy-five different

STUDEBAKER

Vehicles. Now is your opportunity.

NEWELL MATHEWS CO. 435-437 North Los Angeles St.

JURY SLEEPS ON THE CASE.

No Verdict Last Night as to Youtsey.

Col. Nelson Says Trial Was Not Fair.

Defendant Could Secure No Juror of His Own Political Faith.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

GEORGETOWN (Ky.,) Oct. 18.—There will be no verdict in the Youtsey case tonight. When court met at 8:30 o'clock tonight, the case was formally submitted to the jury. The judge told the jury they could use their own pleasure about considering the case tonight or tomorrow morning. They decided to take the papers to their rooms tonight and report back at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, and they were sent to their boarding-house with that understanding.

Youtsey's condition tonight is better than yesterday. He has taken nourishment today without trouble, and physicians say that his temperature, pulse and respiration are normal.

IN THE COURTROOM.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

GEORGETOWN (Ky.,) Oct. 19.—Col. Nelson began his speech at 9 o'clock. He said the belief existed that juries are being "packed in this case," for the defendant had been unable to secure a juror of his own political faith to sit in the case. Continuing, Col. Nelson asked the commonwealth's attorney whether he would ask that Youtsey be convicted for firing the shot or for aiding and abetting the firing.

"I will leave that for the jury to determine," responded Franklin. Referring to Youtsey's present physical condition, Nelson felt like asking: "Can a dead man have a fair trial, as guaranteed by the Constitution?" He said Youtsey had a right to defend the executive building if it had been attacked, and his having had a gun, January 27, was not suspicious, because every other man in that building was armed at that time. He took up all the testimony and commented upon it in detail. He spoke five hours and did not conclude until 2 o'clock p.m. Franklin, for the commonwealth, began at 3:30 o'clock.

COMPROMISE IN KENTUCKY.

New Election Law Will Probably Be Passed by the Legislature This Week.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

FRANKFORT (Ky.,) Oct. 19.—The Conference Committee which has been considering the differences in the two houses of the Legislature, agreed upon a report today which foreshadows the passage of an election law this week. A compromise substitute offered by the anti-Goebel Democrats was adopted by the Conference Committee by a vote of 18 to 4, and it is nearly certain the bill will now pass.

The bill gives the Republicans control of county election boards in Republican counties, and the Democrats control in Democratic counties. The new bill will not apply to the November election.

FORESTERS' BARBECUE.

MAJORITY ARE FOR M'KINLEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SANTA CRUZ, Oct. 18.—Despite the rain the delegates of the High Court of Foresters went to Boulder Creek today by special train to enjoy a barbecue given in their honor by Court Wildwood of that place. About 500 people attended the barbecue. On the way to Boulder Creek short stops were made at the big trees. When Boulder Creek was reached, headed by the band, the procession formed and marched to Odd Fellows' Hall, where speeches of welcome were made by ex-Senator Trout and W. S. Rodgers. Responses were made by High Chief Ranger McElfresh and R. J. Duckworth.

The barbecue was served in the hall, as the rain was too heavy to admit of its being given in the grove, as originally planned. Seven bull's heads, fat quarters of beef, barbels of clams, gallons of coffee, a hundred loaves of bread, cakes and fruit were served.

Parmelee Dohrmann Co

All Sorts of Good Lamps

Special styles for the library, beautiful designs for the parlor, elegant lamps for the hall, little and big lamps for all purposes; all of them new, all of them cozyingly priced.

232-234 South Spring Street.

After the barbecue dancing was enjoyed until time to take the train for this city. On the train going to Boulder Creek a vote for President was taken among the Foresters. The result was McKinley, 200; Bryan, 88; Debs, 4.

NEW AMERICAN YACHT.

Herreshoffs Will Build the Defender of the Cup Against Shamrock the Second.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—An officer of the New York Yacht Club is authority for the statement that a new boat will be built to defend the American cup, and that the Herreshoffs will be the builders.

This is the first positive declaration that has been made in this matter. It was not said whether the new yacht will be owned by an individual or a syndicate, but the announcement indicating the steps to be taken for the proper defense of the trophy will probably be made at the next meeting of the club to be held on October 25.

It will now be left with the Herreshoffs to produce a boat that is faster than the Columbia. These builders have, perhaps, reached the limit of lightness and safety in the matter of spars and rigging, but it is to be found out if they have reached these limits in the matter of hull construction.

It will also be interesting to see it, with greater area of canvas than has yet been seen in the cup defenders, it can be made to stand and perform the service that is required. The yachting world will watch the outcome with much interest.

George Gould, it is said, is willing to undertake the task of pitting Shamrock II's opponent.

The meeting of the New York Yacht Club on October 25 will be quite important. In addition to the routine business, the committee to nominate officers and committees for the year 1901 will be balloted for. The officers of the committee nominated will be the incumbents during the following years.

An amendment to the racing rules which passed at the previous general meeting will be brought up for final approval. The rule as amended will read: "A yacht which shall be disqualified twice in one season shall be debarred from sailing in club races the remainder of the season."

Appropriations recommended by the Finance Committee will also be acted upon, and it is possible that a communication from Sir Thomas Lipton relative to the alteration in rules for the races for the cup, as suggested by the New York Yacht Club's committee, will be read.

A cablegram to the World from London quotes Sir Thomas Lipton as saying of the terms and conditions of the yacht races:

"If the New York Yacht Club should err at all in dealing with these arrangements, I believe they would err in my favor.

"As a rule there is not so much wind at the Sandy Hook course as I should like. There are other parts of the coast where we could more depend on getting a stiff breeze, but advantage or disadvantage in that respect would apply to both yachts.

"Personally, I much prefer to sail over the course where previous attempts have been made to win the cup."

STERLING SILVER Belt Buckles, Military and Hat Brushes at special prices.

—MONTGOMERY BROS.—

Jewelers,

SPRING AND THIRD STREETS.

[COAST RECORD]

WET TIME ON IN EARNEST.

Stormy Weather Prevails Along Coast.

Heavy Wind and Rain at San Francisco.

Big Shipment of Gold Arrives From Australia—Drowning in Rock Creek.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19. — The rainy season seems to have set in in earnest. A heavy wind and rainstorm commenced at an early hour this morning and still continues, with every indication of lasting all day.

Cloudy and threatening weather prevails over the Pacific Slope. Rain has fallen from Point Conception and the northern portion of the San Joaquin Valley northward and eastward throughout Nevada and Idaho. A storm of marked energy is central off the Washington coast.

Southwest storm signals are displayed along the California coast. Maximum gales are probable from Point Reyes northward.

Conditions are favorable for rain and high easterly wind over the Pacific Slope tonight and Saturday.

AT SANTA ROSA.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SANTA ROSA, Oct. 19.—A big rain and windstorm began here at an early hour this morning, and the indications are that it is general throughout the county and will continue. No especial damage will result, as farmers generally are prepared for winter rains.

AT JAMESTOWN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

JAMESTOWN, Oct. 19.—At 5 p.m. the precipitation was 1.65 inches. The Tuolumne Water Company reservoir, it is announced, is full, and in another week's time repairs will have been completed upon the Sierra. Water power will be furnished to the mining companies of Tuolumne county.

AT PACIFIC GROVE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PACIFIC GROVE, Oct. 19.—A soaking rain fell here this afternoon, the precipitation being slightly under half an inch. The downpour is general throughout the section, and it is welcome in rancheros.

AT GRASS VALLEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

GRASS VALLEY, Oct. 19.—Over two inches of rain fell during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today, making the total 5.55 inches for the season. Indications are for more.

AT SAN JOSE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—Rain has been falling nearly all day, and heavy showers are expected tonight. The precipitation today has been .22 of an inch.

AT STOCKTON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

STOCKTON, Oct. 19.—A heavy rain is falling here today, greatly damaging unthreshed beans. Most of the hay is either under cover or watershed.

GOLD FROM AUSTRALIA.

REDUCES OUR TRADE BALANCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The trade balance due the United States from England was reduced $1,000,000 by the receipt of a consignment of $20,000 sovereigns from Australia per the steamer Alameda. A large amount of the gold was shipped by the Bank of New South Wales, some of it coming from the Bank of New Zealand, a considerable from the Union Bank of Australia, while the remainder came from smaller institutions. Every coin of the coin was consigned to local banks and by them it was turned over to the mint.

The gold was packed in 140 wooden cases, each securely strapped with iron bands, and sealed at the ends. On the voyage they were stored away in the strong vault of the steamer. The vault, two by two feet, was secured by three heavy iron bars running across the hatch. A heavy iron padlock fastened each bar to the staple, and the bars and locks, which were again secured by strips and seals were broken only when the time came to remove the gold from the ship's hold and transfer it to the vault. Every possible precaution was taken to avoid accident or loss during the transfer.

This consignment of gold is one of the largest ever brought to America from Australia. It will be the last heavy shipment for months to come, as the officers of the Alameda say the balance of trade is now going the other way.

MILL MEN STILL OUT.

NO SIGN OF SETTLEMENT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The trouble between the mill-owners and striking mill men continues without any prospect of an early settlement. The employés have apparently abandoned all hopes of adjustment and are busy getting their new eight-hour mills in readiness to handle business. The mill-owners now propose to lie on the building industry, if necessary, and have appealed to contractors for aid.

DROWNED IN ROCK CREEK.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN'S FATE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

REDDING, Oct. 19.—While attempting to cross Rock Creek this morning while on their way to Keswick from Redding, R. D. Campbell, manager of the catering department of the Mountain Copper Company at Keswick, and George A. Bridge of that mining corporation were swept down the swollen stream and drowned. The body of Bridge was found shortly after the accident. That of Campbell has not yet been recovered. The two young men were leaders of the English social set in this community, and their untimely deaths come as a great shock to many friends.

Campbell and Bridge attended the grand encampment ball held on Thursday night, and returned home at 4 o'clock this morning. The rain of Wednesday night and Thursday morning had swelled the creeks to roaring proportions, especially so of Rock Creek, whose bed lies in a narrow gorge at the point where the road crosses it. About 5 o'clock their buggy badly smashed, was found a short distance below the crossing. Keswick comrades immediately instituted a search for the missing men. The body of Bridge was found lodged in the brush near the outlet of the creek into the Sacramento River.

The victims of the accident are single men. Campbell was a member of the Bohemian Club, Sacramento. Bridge was the eldest son of Capt. and Mrs. A. G. Bridge, a leading English family in the county, who live at Dalle Ferry, the southeastern part of Shasta county. They lost a younger son by drowning at Battle Creek a year ago.

TROOPS QUELL MUTINY.

NEGROES CHARGE SEAMEN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.) Oct. 19.—The colored troops at Skagway of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry were called out a few days ago to quell a mutiny on board the steamer South Portland, en route from Seattle to Cape Nome. The crew refused to go further north with the captain, against whom they made various charges. The captain had the men jailed, but did not appear to prosecute and they were released.

They returned to the wharf and half an hour later fifty colored troops appeared, fully armed. The men were ordered on board again, but still demurred, and the soldiers were ordered to charge. The colored troops drove the seamen up the gangways at the point of the bayonet.

MURDERS AND ROBBERIES.

FISHERMEN'S WAR RESULTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.) Oct. 19.—The troubles between the white and Japanese fishermen are said to have culminated in a series of murders and robberies on the Skeena River. There was no fishermen's strike on Northern British Columbia rivers this year, but the season was a very difficult one and the last few days of its close were marked by several tragedies, Japanese being the victims. Such is the statement of Richard Gill, one of the best-known cannery men in the north, who added:

"Dead men floated down the river on several different occasions with wounds in their heads. There is no doubt of the fact that they were murdered, nor is there any doubt that the purpose of the murders was robbery. I saw as many as five bodies myself during the season. Although one was actually in the act of them things were happening was counted knowledge among the fishermen."

OVERDUE VESSELS.

GRAVE FEARS FOR WACHUSETT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The failure of the City of Peking to report the ship Wachusett, coal laden from Newcastle, Australia, for Kahului, Hawaii, has caused reinsurance at that long-overdue vessel to jump up from 30 to 85 per cent. There are twenty-eight men on the Wachusett, which sailed from Newcastle on May 12. The ship Yosemite left the same port eight days later and reached Kahului August 10. On October 16, two months later, the Wachusett had not reached Kahului.

Ninety per cent. reinsurance is also offered on the British iron bark Limerick, in ballast from Callao to Tucopilla. She is out ninety-four days, when the voyage should have been made in thirty-five or forty days at the outside. There is much speculation too, on the Alex McNeill which left Fort Blakeley, Puget Sound, on May 2 for Freemantle, on the west coast of Australia, and which has not been reported. Fifty per cent. is offered on her.

SANTA FE FILES ANSWER.

TO LOS ANGELES COMPLAINT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The Santa Fe system, which on October 5 was given thirteen days in which to file its demurrer to the complaint of the Los Angeles Traffic Association, has filed its answer with the commissioners. The demurrer is remarkably brief, containing only about a dozen words.

The demurrer asserts that the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, and that the Board of Railroad Commissioners has no jurisdiction in the premises. The dismissal of the complaint is asked.

EASTERN STAR CONTEST.

MRS. BOWLES FINALLY ELECTED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—The Grand Chapter of the Order of Eastern Star has been in session all day and evening in attempting to elect grand officers. The Grand Worthy Patron, E. W. Conant of San Jose, was elected yesterday, and the struggle which occupied all day was over the election of a Grand Worthy Matron.

The candidates were Mrs. Bowles of Santa Ana, Mrs. Lucas of Santa Maria and Mrs. Gilbertson. Late this afternoon Mrs. Bowles, who had led throughout, succeeded in securing the requisite number of votes.

Adjournment was then taken until evening, when other officers were elected as follows: Assistant Worthy Matron, D. Plant of Santa Cruz; Secretary, Mrs. E. Willetts of San Francisco; Assistant Grand Worthy Matron, Mrs. Miller of Woodland; Grand Worthy Treasurer, Mrs. Rumpon of Courtland.

At 11 o'clock an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning.

CANDIDATES WIN.

IMPORTANT COURT DECISION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—Judge Rhodes today issued a writ of mandate directing the County Clerk to place the names of three candidates whom he had refused on the ballot for the coming election. His decision involves an important legal point.

The candidates refused had been nominated to offices of which the original holders had died, successors being appointed by the Supervisors. It was held by the District Attorney that appointees of the Supervisors held office not until the next general election, but until the expiration of the original term. Judge Rhodes's decision was the reverse of this. The offices involved were Auditor and Justice of the Peace.

ODD FELLOWS FINISH.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT OVER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

REDDING, Oct. 19.—The Grand Encampment of Odd Fellows concluded its labors here this morning. Among the last business transacted was the installation of officers. A large number of delegates started home today. The session proved pleasing both to the Odd Fellows and the local residents, although rain Thursday and Friday marred the pleasure of the closing hours. This evening at Armory Hall the visitors will tender the citizens a reception.

SOLDIER BOYS SUCCUMB.

JUST BACK FROM MANILA.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Two soldiers who had fingered during the long voyage from the Philippines died in the harbor this morning on the transport Sherman. They were Private James M. Haynes of Co. E, Thirty-seventh Infantry, and Private James H. Richardson, a member of Co. F, Thirty-ninth Infantry. Both men were in a serious condition when they left Manila, and little hope was expressed for them.

LOS ANGELES LAND.

SUIT TO PERFECT TITLE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—A suit to perfect title to certain lands in Los Angeles county has been brought by C. J. Tracy and Josie Farley against State Surveyor-General M. J. Wright. The complaint alleges that the latter is about to perfect the title of G. J. Edwards and E. G. Strain to the same land, but that plaintiffs have a prior claim by right of earlier preemption.

TAXATION OF CHURCHES.

PRESBYTERIANS AGAINST IT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

BERKELEY, Oct. 19.—At the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod of California in the First Presbyterian Church in Berkeley this morning, Rev. Dr. Dinsmore made an elaborate report on the status of the movement for the exemption of churches from taxation in this State. He reviewed the work of the past two years, the manner in which the exemption amendment had been submitted to the people by the Legislature and the advisability of working to secure the adoption of the amendment by the people. He declared that the clergy should study the features of the amendment, and if they did, they would see that no abuses could be practiced under it; that nothing could escape taxation under it save the actual houses and grounds used for divine worship. The movement had not originated with Catholics. They had come into it after they had been asked to, and no persons had acted fairer in the discussion than they had. In the conferences that had been held by the committee, the Catholics had opposed including in the exemption even parsonages. Under the amendment parsonages and parochial schools would not be exempt.

Rev. Dr. Walker, Dr. Long and others took the same view, and the following resolution by Rev. Dr. Minton was unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

"Resolved, That every member of the synod here present pledge himself to make it his business to have this important matter brought before his congregation in what he believes to be the most effective manner, before election day, explaining and urging every voter to vote for this amendment."

Directors for the San Anselmo Theological Seminary for the next three years were elected as follows: Rev. W. S. Holt, D.D.; Rev. W. W. Fraser, Rev. R. B. MacLaren, D.D.; Rev. John Hemphill, D.D.; Wales R. Palmer, Hon. W. B. Gilbert, George D. Gray, David Jacks, J. B. Sutton.

FERRYBOAT SAVED.

WENT AGROUND IN A FOG.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The ferry steamer Ukiah, which went ashore at Angel Island last night during a fog, was safely removed from her dangerous position this morning by the tugboat Rescue. The only damage sustained by the ferryboat was the loss of her rudder.

The Ukiah is one of the largest of the fleet of ferry steamers on the bay. She is used principally for the big excursion parties on Sundays, and during the week is used as a freight boat to transfer loaded cars from Tiburon to this city.

The steamer brought over a train last night and on her return trip Capt. Van Pelt lost his bearings in the heavy fog. He thought he had passed Angel Island and was heading a little east to make allowance for the strong tide running through the Raccoon Straits, when the vessel grounded. The engines were reversed, but she was fast aground, and could not be budged.

ALL UP IN SMOKE.

BIG FIRE ON DAIRY RANCH.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WATSONVILLE, Oct. 19.—The Harkens dairy ranch buildings, three miles from Watsonville, were totally destroyed by fire early this morning. A dwelling-house, the barns, the dairy house and other buildings, together with three horses, two binders, wagons and $1000 worth of hay, grain, beans and other valuable property were destroyed. There was no insurance. The loss will exceed $10,000.

The ranch was occupied by John Wehn and family, who are owners of the property. The origin of the fire is not known.

EASTERN STAR LOCKED UP.

OVER ELECTION OF A MATRON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—The grand session, Order of Eastern Star, has struck a deadlock, and all action has been paralyzed. Since the election of E. W. Conant of San José as Grand Worthy Master yesterday afternoon, the convention has been struggling to elect a Worthy Matron, but without avail. The deadlock at present is complete. The names of the opposing candidates cannot be learned. Today was to have been the closing of the session, but it will now hold over till tomorrow.

BOMBERS AT SAN JOSE.

CREATE REIGN OF TERROR.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—A reign of terror has been established here by what seems to be a band of organized robbers. At an early hour this morning A. Deandale was held up at the point of a revolver by two masked men, and relieved of his watch and cash. Burglaries are becoming alarmingly numerous.

SHORTRIDGE'S ELOQUENCE.

IS HEARD AT STOCKTON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

STOCKTON, Oct. 19.—Samuel M. Shortridge delivered a very eloquent campaign speech in this city this evening, in which he set forth the issues of the present campaign from a Republican standpoint in a highly pleasing manner. He was greeted by a large crowd, and so well was his speech received that he was very frequently interrupted by applause.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Gold from Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Nearly four million dollars in gold arrived here today from Australia on the steamer Alameda.

Fire at Los Gatos.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—Fire this morning destroyed two two-story buildings and adjoining smaller structures in Los Gatos. The flames started from the range in a restaurant which occupied one of the buildings. The heat is close.

FLOOD AT GUADALUPE.

Not a House Standing in the Mexican Town.

Three Lives Lost.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

EL PASO (Tex.) Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A messenger reached El Paso today from Guadalupe, Nez., bringing the news that the place had been completely swept away by a waterspout. Not a house was left standing. Guadalupe is a village of about five hundred people on the mesa, forty miles from El Paso and about one mile from the Rio Grande River.

Wednesday night the citizens heard a fearful roaring up in the mountains, where the storm was raging. Fearing a flood, they fled to the second foothills, just in time to escape the deluge of water that swept through the village, carrying everything before it. So far as known when the messenger left, only one man and two small children were drowned. Every house of any description was swept away to the river, and all the horses, cattle, goats and fowls suffered the same fate.

On hearing the news, a committee raised about $500 for the sufferers, and sent several wagons with supplies.

THE AMERICAN HABIT.

One in Every Three Affected.

Of the 75,000,000 people in America, it is estimated that 25,000,000, or one in every three, are partially disabled from a broken down nervous system. America is the greatest consumer of coffee in the world. Can you draw the correct inference from these two facts?

Many a person will exclaim "Nonsense!" It is easy for any thoughtless person to jump at a conclusion that a philosopher would study carefully over before reaching. Think of the members of your own family; how many of them are perfectly and completely well in every respect? How many of your friends are perfectly healthy? Inquire of them and you will be surprised to learn that the average of one in every three, who are sick, is the main, stands true. Health depends, primarily, upon a perfectly poised nervous organization, and the greatest known enemy to the nervous system is coffee. Its active principal is caffeine, which is a pronounced nerve destroyer. The action is, first, to attack the stomach, then the pneumogastric nerve which lies behind the stomach and which is directly connected with the brain.

The disordered condition passes thence from the brain to all parts of the body, and in some it will show in trepidation (well-known nervous condition); in others this is hidden, but the work goes on from day to day, until some day the accumulation of forces climaxes in some organic disease. It may be the kidneys become affected and Bright's disease sets up, it may be weak eyes, may be catarrh, stomach trouble, palpitation and heart failure, (which is becoming more and more noticeable among Americans.)

Somewhere, you may depend upon it, this work will show forth in the form of disease. It may become so fixed and chronic that it can not be thrown off. It is hard to induce a man or a woman to give up coffee when they have become addicted to its use, but if such people can be given Postum Food Coffee, they will quickly change for the better, for the food drink, when properly made, has even a more beautiful color than the ordinary coffee, and has the delicious, toothsome flavor of old government Java of the milder and higher priced grades.

The work of reorganization begins at once, for the tearing down element of coffee has been eliminated, and in its place the strong rebuilding effects of the elements contained in the food coffee go directly to work to rebuild the broken down delicate gray matter in the nerve centers and brain. This is just plain, old-fashioned common sense that any thoughtful person can make use of; in fact, hundreds of thousands of brain workers in America have already discovered the fact and are using Postum Food Coffee, to their very great benefit and relief.

EAGLESON & CO.'S

Fall.. Opening

The Largest and Best of

Medium and Fine Underwear

Silver Shown in the City.

RELIABLE GOODS POPULAR PRICES.

See Our Window Display.

112 S. Spring St.

Opposite Nadeau Hotel.

NEW FALL SHIRTS

The fact that we have our Shirts made to our own special order, enables us to offer you better made, better fitting shirts than most stores can supply.

$1.00 $1.25, $1.50 and $2.

Mullen & Bluett Clothing Co.

N.W. Corner First and Spring Streets.

You simply sweep them up after using Stearns' Electric Paste. It kills Roaches, Mice, Cockroaches and all other Bugs and Vermin, leaving no odor. Used in leading hotels and public buildings for 20 years. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS, 25cts. A BOX.

VITALITY RESTORED

Ballard Pulmonary Sanator

Absolutely Pa... Filling

Gold Crowns, $3; Set Teeth; Painless Extraction. Office hours, 8 to 5; Sun... Dr. C. Stevens...

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Gold from Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Nearly four million dollars in gold arrived here today from Australia on the steamer Alameda.

Fire at Los Gatos.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—Fire this morning destroyed two two-story buildings and adjoining smaller structures in Los Gatos. The flames started from the range in a restaurant which occupied one of the buildings. The heat is close.

Sale of Men's Clothing.

2500 Suits and Overcoats bought by our New York buyers at 60c on the $---These elegant garments on sale today.

These garments have been critically examined—we guarantee them as being perfect in every respect—material, fitting qualities, workmanship are all that can be desired. While the prices are wonderfully low, still, the garments are high class. We've a reputation for selling only good clothing during the past thirty years and more—we're willing you should test that reputation on these garments. Could we afford to say these words if the garments were not worthy? Most stores would get regular prices for these goods, but not the Jacoby store—When we buy a bargain—our customers benefit. When we buy for half we sell for half—so come and get your new fall suits at 60c on the $.

Prices range from $6.75 to $21.75—the entire line divided into 27 lots.

At $ 6.75, regular $10.00 Suits. At $ 8.00, regular $12.50 Suits.
At $10.50, regular $15.00 Suits. At $12.75, regular $17.50 Suits.
At $13.50, regular $20.00 Suits. At $15.75, regular $25.00 Suits.

Mens Suits — Three button cutaway frocks and single or double breasted sacks. Frock suits are also worsted in black, gray and blue black. Sack suits in velours, tweeds cassimeres, worsteds and cheviots. Colors and patterns are the very newest to be found in New York. **$12.75**

$10.50 Men's Suits — Clay worsted frocks and sacks. Blue serge, round and straight cut, single breasted and square cut double breasted sacks. Don't want serge! All right; choose from cassimeres, cheviots and worsteds. All weaves at this price. **$10.50**

Men's Suits — Cheviots—fancy cheviots and cutaways. Single breasted, round cut sacks. Materials and workmanship are equal to any, better than most, ten dollar suits. Take these ten dollar suits at the very opening of the season for **$6.75**

$9.75 Men's Suits. — Fancy worsteds and cassimeres and black and blue and fancy cheviots, all single and double breasted sack styles. These suits show the big money's worth this sale of fine clothing gives you. These suits are nobby, genteel and best of all, reliable in every respect. **$9.75**

Men's Suits — All worsteds, all shades and all weaves of cut. The quality of material and the finish of garments is equal in every respect to any $15 suit sold regularly. If there is a $15 suit in this sale, it must be **$15.**

Boys' Clothing Prices Advertised Yesterday in Effect Today.

Concert Tonight 7:30 to 10.

Jacoby Bros. OUTFITTERS FOR ALL MANKIND 331-333-335 S. BROADWAY

Men's $5 Shoes.

Shoes here sold, what feet were cut with. Shoes for your whole family, plain plate toe in low and medium and narrow toes in high and common sense lasts. All sizes and widths in every style.

WE GORDON & TAYLOR WE Invite examination of our WOOLENS, FASHION PLATES AND PRICES. 346 S. SPRING ST. BET. 4TH AND 5TH, LOS ANGELES.

LL SHIRTS.

ve have our Shirts made
ecial order, enables us to
r made, better fitting
est stores can supply.

5, $1.50 and $2.00

Clothing Co.
ring Streets.

them up after using
ootric Paste
Cockroaches and all
Vermin, leaving no
public buildings for
ISEASES, Mail, A BOX.

RED "CUPIDENE"
gone vegetable Vapor
ure, will speedily cure you of all
ness, Impotency, Nervousness and
ts of Abuse or Excesses, that
ness in the back, the blue
ness under the eyes, pimples on
e, unnatural eruptions and rashes
the body, and many other troubles
ad to early death. Mailed for $1
Sold by all druggists. Pamphlet
Cupidene Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale

Sanatorium
Baths, Electricity and
Apparatus for Physical
Diseases. Consultation
Pamphlet free.

olutely Painless
Dentists.
Spring, Cor. 2nd, Los Angeles, Cal.

oncert
onight
7:30 till 10.
alina Orchestra
on sale
tire line is
$12.50 Suits.
$17.50 Suits.
$25.00 Suits.
Men's
Suits
$15.75
ect Today.
$3 Shoes.
$2.9

IS GOBBLES THE "SPIDER."

y's Friends Throw Up the Sponge.

y Coaster Weak and Helpless.

Our the American ng's—Yachting Pros- pects—Racing.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.] Oct. 19.—Joe Gans of Bal- timore, "Spider" Kelly of Philadelphia in the eighth round of what was to have been a ten-round bout at the Colorado Athletic As- sociation tonight.

Kelly threw up the sponge in the middle of the eighth round, when it was plain that he could neither defend himself.

NATIONAL TURF STORM.

Adam's Slander of Jockeys Caus- es Much Talk.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] Oct. 20.—A dispatch to the Advertiser from Lon- don says Durham's hasty attack on jockeys and on sports- men in the box, unsupported as it was, by any facts brought out on investi- gation, has caused widely dissatisfaction. Even those who are not prepared to say that the charges are true, are pronounced that there cannot or should not be smoke without fire. Most of those who are in a position to know, are of opinion that the whole question of racing requires thorough investigation, and about the only way to do this is by the appointment of a Royal Commission. It is expected that the Government will have to be done something in the matter.

BROKE ITS LEG AT HARLEM.

Rollins, the Favorite, Falls at the Sixth Jump in the Steeplechase.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.] CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—In the steeple- chase event at Harlem, Rollins, the favorite, fell over the sixth jump, breaking his right leg, and had to be destroyed. The weather was clear and track fast. Results:

Five furlongs: Grey Julia won, Rosaltona second, Lucille Bramble third; time 1:03.

Six and a half furlongs: Royal Victor won, Rio de Altar second, Wall third; time 1:19 1-5.

Steeplechase, short course: Proud won, Sailfast second, Mr. Dunlap third; time 3:41.

Mile and fifty yards: Knight Ban- ner won, Golden Scepter second, Ver- bena third; time 1:61 1-4.

Five and one-half furlongs: Hyte won, Ruth second, Light Ball third; time 1:07 3-5.

Mile and fifty yards: Duncan won, Phyrdus second, Brown Vail third; time 1:61 4-5.

Results at Newport.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—Six fur- longs: Barbara M. won, Juanetta second, Brena third; time 1:15.

Mile and a quarter: Louisville Belle won, Gus Ford second, Defender II third; time 2:09¾.

Mile and seventy yards: Rita won, Bienheim second, Colbert third; time 1:41¾.

Six furlongs: Caloocan won, Fairy Doll second, Spaldy Y. third; time 1:15.

Six furlongs: Donna Sexy won, Brulare second, Lake Ponse third; time 1:20¾.

Mile and seventy yards: Earl Ponse won, Little Regent second, The Slug- gard third; time 1:46¾.

St. Louis Card.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—Six furlongs: Maronni won, Good Night second, Brights B. third; time 1:13.

Five and a half furlongs: Danger- field won, Guidenardo second, Albert F. Dewey third; time 1:07.

Six furlongs: Weideman won, Belle Simpere second, Bonnivard third; time 1:18.

Seven furlongs: Foyrin won, Tea Gown second, Seething third; time 1:30.

Five and one-half furlongs: Four Leaf C. won, Horseshoe Tobacco sec- ond, Necklace third; time 1:07¾.

Mile and one-sixteenth: Capt. Gaines won, Kitty Clyde second, El Ghor third; time 1:48¾.

Brood Mares Sold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A large con- signment of thoroughbred brood mares was sold at auction tonight at Madi- son Square Garden. Songstress, Kin- ley Mac's dam, was easily the star of the sale. She went to H. Theobold for $700. Theobold, it is said, was acting for J. R. Haggin, owner of the Rancho del Paso stud. The bidding was slow, many thoroughbreds leaving the ring without a bid.

New Record Behind Pacers.

BROCKTON (Mass.) Oct. 19.—At a trial behind pacers at the Brockton track today, Will Stinson broke all previous records against time behind pacers from eight to fifteen miles, in- clusive. Elmo made the previous rec- ords one year ago today on Berkeley Oval, New York.

CRESCEUS FAILS AGAIN.

TERRE HAUTE (Ind.,) Oct. 19.—Cresceus again today failed in his at- tempt to lower his own world's record for trotting stallions of 2:04, but made a full second better time than his trial of Wednesday, making the mile today in 2:04¾.

Miller Won Slow Race.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Charles W. Mil- ler, the six-day bicycle champion, de- feated Eddy McDuffee of Boston in a 25-two-mile paced race at the Coliseum tonight by two and a half laps, in the slow time of 38 min. ¾ sec.

NEGRO WRECKS VESTIBULE.

Negro Who Dangerously Wounded Conductor Jordan Lynched in Louisi- ana.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] PLAQUEMINE (La.,) Oct. 19.—Miley Johnson, a negro who shot and dan- gerously wounded Conductor William Jordan of the Texas and Pacific Wednesday night near Baton Rouge, was lynched at 3 o'clock today.

Johnson had been incarcerated tem- porarily at the State capital. Last night the Sheriff attempted to take him to the jail at Port Allen. A de- termined body of men overpowered the officer, and, securing the prisoner, lynched him.

TEXAS STORM DAMAGE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The sta- tistician of the Department of Agricul- ture has completed his investigation of the agricultural conditions in those counties of Texas that were visited by the hurricane of September 8. The re- duction in the cotton crop is esti- mated at 60,000 bales, valued at $3,600,- 000. Exclusive of the damage to farm buildings, machinery, etc., the total loss is estimated at $5,000,000.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Prompts to the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y. *For sale by druggists — price 50¢ per bottle.*

MEN'S UNDER- WEAR

At any price you may name, and any kind you may want — 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2 00 $2.50, per garment.

We'd never ask you to come un- less we were sure that our values were the best at any given price.

Today is a good time to investi- gate.

London Clothing Co.

HARRIS & FRANK, Props.

117 to 125 North Spring St.

[SOUTH AFRICA.]

KRUGER FLEES TO HOLLAND.

Refugees at Lorenzo Marquez Bitter Against Him—Fight at Jagersfontein.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] LORENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 19.—[By South African Cable.] Kruger was secretly taken, at 5 o'clock this morn- ing, on board the Dutch cruiser Gelder- land, on which vessel he is to sail for Holland. The reason given for Kru- ger's hurried embarkation was fear that the Boers here would attack him.

The feeling of the refugees against Kruger for fleeing from the country is very strong. He left the Governor's house in a hired carriage, accompanied by Dr. Halman, the Governor following in a private carriage. The party drove through the customhouse and em- barked from the custome pier, instead of from the passenger jetty. It is re- ported that the Gelderland will sail tomorrow.

JAGERSFONTEIN AFFAIR.

BOERS STORM THE BRITISH.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] LONDON, Oct. 19.—[By Atlantic Ca- ble.] Lord Roberts reports from Pre- toria, under date of October 18, as fol- lows:

"A party of Boers got into Jagers- fontein on the night of October 18, and a fight ensued in the morning. Our loss was seven killed. The Boers lost their commandant and twenty killed. Kelly- Kenny dispatched a column under Hughes-Hallett, which should reach Jagersfontein today."

ROLLING STOCK TRANSFER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] LORENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 19.—The local railroad employés have been in- structed to hand over to the British all the rolling stock of the Netherlands Railroad Company.

BOLIVIA REPLIES TO CHILE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso says the Bolivian government has answered the Chilean note regarding Chile's refusal to cede a port to Bolivia. The reply is calm, but energetic. It says Bolivia claims only what belongs to her by right and rejects the Chilean proposal. The Secretary of Foreign Affairs has addressed a circular to all Chilean mis- sions explaining the Bolivian question.

OUR THIRD ANNUAL SALE—

Knit Underwear is All Reduced.

This Happens But Once a Year—and Lasts But Three Days. Sat.—Mon.—Tues.

Most Important Thing We Do.

Get the facts fixed in your mind—

Underwear for everybody.
Every garment we own goes at a special price.
Every garment is perfect.
And it's for three days only—Saturday, Monday, Tuesday.

It takes heroism to do this—bravery plays as important a part in successful merchandising as it does in a successful naval or military campaign—nothing dared, nothing gained.

We are after the biggest business in this section. We'd be foolish indeed to expect to get it without giving some- thing for it. That's why

We Are Losing Money in Underwear.

We want these bargains to be so good and you so well pleased you'll be bound to come again. After all, it pays us, doesn't it?

It's Taken Us a Year to Get Ready for This Sale.

Such an aggregation of extreme values is not the result of hap-hazard buying. Our men needed time to compare qual- ities—they sifted and sifted. They didn't buy in a hurry. They didn't want their garments made in a hurry. We can't afford to do things in a hit-or-miss way. It's such careful buying and indefatigable attention to details that makes a Broadway sale an instant and pronounced success.

—We didn't have this underwear made cheap—we bought it cheap.

—Not an ill-fitting, imperfect or damaged garment here.

—If, for any reason, you are displeased—think you are not getting a dollar's worth of quality for fifty or sixty cents, return your purchase.

It's such facts as these behind the goods that when we say "A Knit Underwear Sale"—it means a sale, not a sickly, puny effort, but a monster movement, throbbing with life and vim.

The 32,851 Garments Offer the Widest Possible Scope for Choosing.

No matter what your peculiarity of form or taste may be—the Underwear you want is here and specially priced for this three-day sale.

But to the details:

Ladies' Underwear

9c for 20c Garments
Fleece lined—cream color, taped necks—good quality and finish.

18c for 30c Garments
Vests or pants—fleece lined—natural gray, white or cream, silk taped necks, gusseted arms—finished seams.

40c for 55c Garments
Vests or pants—fleece lined—some in white and gray; perfect shape; very elastic, fin- ished seams, silk trimmed—pants have French bands.

44c for 75c Garments
Merceriz'd vests—heavy fleece lined—white only—finished seams, silk taped.

39c for 75c Garments
Vests and pants—part wool—natural color, silk taped necks—finished seams—pants have French bands.

64c for $1 Garments
Vests and pants—50 per cent wool—pearl gray, silk trimmed and finished—extra good quality—non-shrinking.

84c for $1.25 Garments
Vests and pants—all wool, natural gray or white—silk trimmed—pearl finish throughout—jersey ribbed—pants have French band, made of fine cassimir.

$1.48 for $2 Garments
All wool, extra fine—extra fine, soft qual- ity, full finish, white, black or natural.

$1.75 for $2.50 Garments
All wool vests or pants, extra fine quality—hand finished—natural colors.

Ladies' Sanitary Underwear

39c for 50c Garments
Vests or pants, 50 per cent wool, good heavy weight, excellent quality and finish, natural colors.

69c for 98c Garments
Vests or pants, 50 per cent wool, natural color, finished seams, silk taped, extra good quality.

94c for $1.50 Garments
Strictly ALL WOOL vests or pants, made of the cleanest, purest of Australian lamb's wool, perfect finish.

$1.23 for $2 Garments
Vests or pants, strictly all wool, natural color or scarlet, medium or heavy weight.

Child's Underwear

11c for 19c Garments
Vests or pants—fleece lined, jersey ribbed, cream color—taped necks and elastic band pants.

13c for 25c Garments
Cotton—ecru or pants, fleece lined, jersey ribbed, taped necks—pants have elastic bands.

19c for 29c Garments
Vests or pants—suitable for boys or girls—natural color; also ribbed—pants are ankle length with cloth bands—all sizes.

19c for 35c Garments
Vests and pants—fleece lined—jersey rib- bed—ecru—silk taped necks, finished seams, elastic bands on pants—all sizes.

39c for 58c Garments
All wool vests and pants—fine ribbed, good heavy weight—extra quality and finish, natural color—some in sizes 2 to 12. Sizes 20 to 26—the. Sizes 28 to 34—50c.

43c for 75c Garments
50 per cent wool, vests and pants—natural color—silk taped necks, fine jersey ribbed.

63c for 75c Garments
The finer and further brand—extra ribbed, silk taped necks, finished seams—all wool and natural colors—small sizes. Sizes 0 and 1, 75c; and sizes 2 and 3, 63c.

Child's Union Suits.

17c for 22½c Garments
Cotton—fleece lined—natural color—open down the front, drop seat—finished seams—silk taped necks—sizes up to 14 years.

17c for 25c Garments
Fleece lined—natural color, open down the front—drop seat—silk taped necks and fin- ished seams—sizes up to 14 years.

43c for 55c Garments
Extra heavy weight, natural—made Cooks style and open down the back, silk taped necks—finished seams.

55c for 75c Garments
Part wool—Cooks style—extra well fin- ished—good quality—natural color—all sizes.

95c for $1.19 Garments
All wool—Cooks style—open across the back—good weight—perfect in quality and finish—natural color—sizes up to 9 years—sizes up to 14, $1.19.

Infants' Underwear.

18c for 20c Garments
Part wool vests—cream color, open down the front—finished seams—all sizes.

39c for 50c Garments
Alpine vests, all wool, fine quality, perfect finish; small sizes. Sizes 2 to 4, 39c; sizes 5 to 6, 50c.

39c for 58c Garments
All wool vests; natural gray, cashmere; me- dium light weight. Sizes 14 to 18. Sizes 20 to 26 are 45c.

Child's Sanitary Underwear.

11c for 25c Garments
Vests and pants; cotton, natural color; good heavy weight, extra quality and finish. All sizes.

19c for 30c Garments
Vests and pants; 50 per cent wool; extra good quality; good weight, perfect finish; small sizes. Sizes 22 to 26, 25c. Sizes 28 to 34, 30c.

45c for 58c Garments
Vests and pants; strictly all wool, natural color; silk taped; finished seams; extra good values; sizes in sizes 22 to 26. Sizes 28 to 34, 58c; can't buy all wool less than 75c.

Ladies' Union Suits

23c for 50c Garments
Fleece lined, good weight—open down the front—taped seams.

43c for 75c Ones
Fleece lined—natural gray or ecru—Cooks style—silk taped necks—finished seams—fine value.

69c for $1 Ones
Fleece lined—good heavy weight—Cooks style—silk trimmed necks—neatly finished.

93c for $1.25 Ones
Part wool—natural gray—Cooks style—good heavy weight—perfect finish.

$1.39 for $1.69 Ones
50 per cent wool, in gray or black—extra good quality—Cooks style—silk trimmed and finished.

$1.89 for $2.00 Ones
50 per cent. wool, in gray or black—extra good quality—Cooks style—silk trimmed and finished.

$2.38 for $2.50 Ones
All wool—Cooks style—extra fine quality—medium weight—perfect in shape and finish.

Samples Men's Underwear at Half Price.

960 pieces—sample garments from the best mills in the country, and samples, you know, are the best made. A maker couldn't afford to risk selling his output from poor samples. They include fine grades of

All Wool, Merino,
Wool and Cotton, Others Silk Fleeced,
Either Single or Double Breasted.

They were bought especially for this sale, and will be shown for the first time this morning. It's utterly impossible to give any adequate description of them. So few of a kind—and so many kinds. We divide them into four lots—thus:

29c for All 50c Garments.
48c for All 75c Garments.
73c for All Dollar Garments.
98c for All $1.50 and $2 Garments.

Samples Boys' 50c and 75c Underwear, 25c.

Merino and wool—shirts or drawers.

Men's Underwear

14c for 25c Garments
Medium weight, camel's hair and worsted shirts or drawers. Full finished seams, pearl shirt, ribbed cuff and ankle—made full in size—trimmed seams—all sizes.

39c for 50c Garments
Full weight, fancy cotton derby ribbed shirts and drawers. Pearl buttons, pearl buttons.

37c for 50c Garments
Natural merino ribbed shirts and drawers, winter weight, well made, pearl buttons—ribbed shirt, cuffs and ankles.

38c for 65c Garments
Winter weight, cotton fleece lined shirts and drawers—extra good quality—superior finish—pearl buttons—ribbed seams.

62½c for $1 Garments.
Non-shrinkable shirts and drawers—wool flannel lining that will not rub off—fan seamless back, ribbed cuffs and ankles—ad- vantages of wool garments, avoiding the dis- advantages of wool garments.

69c for $1 Garments
Of pure natural gray wool shirts and drawers—ribbed cuffs and ankles—double fronts and backs—satin bound, double stitched, pearl buttons, ribbed shirt, cuffs and ankles.

78c for $1 Garments
Quarter wool shirts and drawers—all sizes—white or natural gray—fancy double grooved ribbed shirts, cuffs and ankles, satin bound—pearl buttons.

98c for $1.25 Garments
Unshrinkable, pure wool vicuna shirts and drawers, winter weight, non-irritating, silk ribbed, satin bound, a thoroughly sanitary garments.

$1.28 for $1.75 Garments
Choicest, purest Australian sheep's wool shirts or drawers, silver gray, each gar- ment shrunk, ready to wear, a pair of pure natural wool, well shaped, of superior finish, non-irritating, can be worn by the most sensitive skin, either shape or double breasted.

Boys' Underwear.

13c for 25c Garments.
Fleece lined—ecru ribbed shirts and drawers, sizes 22 to 34.

25c for 39c Garments
Heavy gray derby ribbed shirts and drawers, with pearl buttons—sizes 2 to 12 years.

29c for 39c Garments
Vicuna cotton—silver gray derby ribbed—silk lined, pearl buttons—sizes 2 to 12 years.

39c for 60c Garments.
Unbleached cotton—ecru gray derby ribbed—silk lined, finished seams—sizes 2 to 12 years.

23½c for 40c Underwear
Natural merino ribbed shirts and drawers, winter weight, pearl buttons—ribbed shirt, cuffs and ankles—sizes 2 to 12 years.

25c for 40c Underwear
Camel's hair shirts and drawers—winter weight, fancy ribbed cuffs, ankles and bands, pearl buttons—sizes 2 to 12.

Men's Underwear.

9½c for $1.50 Garments
Natural wool or camel's hair shirts and drawers—full winter weight, ribbed cuffs and ankles—pearl buttons—seams taped, made full size.

39c for 50c Garments
Medium weight camel's hair shirts and drawers—full finished seams—pearl buttons. A maker has taken full advantage—cutting cuffs—one part shirts, still finished, seams taped, pearl buttons—sizes 34 to 44.

$1.18 for $1.50 Garments
Winter weight camel's hair shirts and drawers, fancy ribbed cuffs and ankles—pearl buttons—extra long sizes—sizes 44 to 46.

The Busy Corner---Fourth and Broadway.

Cure for Sore Wrinkles. I am better than eye- glasses for the weak- eyed and cure of Mus- cae Volitantes, Dim Vision, Sleeplessness, Pim p l e s, Rash, Moles, Freckles and Superfluous Hair. M. HILL DAVIS, Hotel Conti- nental, 400 S. Broadway. Office Hours, 1 to 5 p. m. Phone John 1011.

Rich, sandy, frostless soil with plenty of water, Montebello.

E. COKET & CO., 125 North Main Street. MONTEBELLO PARK.

Trousers Tailor-Made

From $3.50 to $12.00. Fine selections—fit guaranteed.

BRAUER & KROHN, 134½ S. Main Street. Next to the Orpheum.

LADIES! I SAVE MONEY for you. Call and see my Goods, the largest and finest stock in the city. I. KORN, 237 and 239 S. Main St.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES. Large assortment and right prices. Call on L. L. PARMELEE, 324 S. Spring.

THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

[The temperature is for October 5; the minimum for October 6. The range is the average temperature for the two days.]

NOTE.—Chinook winds do "voluntary work" for Los Angeles by melting to friends ahead the frosts containing those weather reports.]

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Oct. 5.—[Reported by George H. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock p.m. the temperature registered 76.02; at 5 p.m., 76.04. The readings for the corresponding hours of yesterday were 69 deg. and 69 deg. Relative humidity: 5 p.m., 30 per cent.; 5 p.m., 37 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., east, velocity light; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 6 miles. Maximum temperature, 87 deg.; minimum, 57 deg. Rainfall past twenty-four hours, trace. Rainfall since July 1, 1.61. Normal for the month, 1.61.

Weather Conditions.—The storm which was central off the Oregon coast yesterday morning has moved slightly southward and has developed into one of torrential intensity, the barometer at Portland this morning reading 29.16. Cloudy or rainy weather prevails on the entire Pacific Slope. Rain has fallen from Portland to Fresno, inclusive. High winds prevail at Tatoosh Island, Point Reyes, Point Concepción and Point Loma. Thunderstorms are reported from Portland, Roseburg and Red Bluff. The highest wind velocity at all points west of the Sierra Nevada mountains was 30 miles per hour, at Tatoosh Island, from the southeast. It is probable that in Oklahoma, though there was a slight fall in temperature at Los Angeles.

Forecasts.—Forecast official for Los Angeles and vicinity: Rain tonight and Saturday; high south wind.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—Weather conditions and general forecast. The following are the seasonal rainfalls to date, as compared with those of the same date last season, and rainfall of last twenty-four hours:

Station.	Rainfall this season.	Rainfall last season.	Rainfall last 24 hours.
Eureka	.00	.00	0.00
Red Bluff	.00	.00	0.00
Sacramento	.00	.00	0.00
San Francisco	.00	.00	0.00
Fresno	Trace	.00	0.00
Los Latos Obispo	.00	.00	0.00
Los Angeles	Trace	.00	0.00
San Diego	.00	.00	0.00

The storm which was central off the Oregon coast last evening apparently remained in that vicinity, causing the passenger eastward of the Southern Pacific. Later reports from Portland indicate that the storm

TO LET—

STOCK FOR SALE—

TO LET—

TO LET—

MONEY TO LOAN

LOST, STRAYED—

DENTISTS—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—

Schools and Colleges

Los Angeles Business College
212 W. Third St. Tel. Black 2681.

Los Angeles Business College
325 SOUTH SPRING ST. (STOWELL BLOCK)

The Brownsberger
HOME SCHOOL.
Shorthand and Typewriting.

Castnock School of Oratory,
201-2 Stoneburd Building.

DRAMATIC ART.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL
Casa de Rosas

Los Angeles Military Academy.

Occidental College,

FRANK H. COLBY

Woodill & Hulse
ELECTRIC CO.

The Times' Home Study Circle.

DIRECTED BY PROF. SEYMOUR EATON.

HUMOR OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN LITERATURE.

I.—THE WIT AND HUMOR OF EARLY ENGLISH.

THE English and American humorists—instantly the names of Theodore Hook, Tom Hood, Douglas Jerrold, Artemus Ward, Mark Twain and others of their kind flash before us. Almost without exception we include in this instantaneous inventory only that comparatively modern product, the professional comic writer and wit. A second thought convinces us that the subject is far broader than this—humor is the very life blod of all literature, its genial current pulses in every masterpiece. A list of the humorists, with few exceptions, is a list of the masters.

The impulse to class as humorists only the Theodore Hook variety of writers comes from a confusion as to the true nature of wit and humor. Many bottles of ink have been expended in attempts to efectdate the distinction between these terms. Hazlitt, for instance, has made a long and profound analysis which exhausts both the subject and the reader. But the distinction is by no means an abtruse one; wit deals only with the intellect; humor touches also the heart. Wit is unsympathetic and often cruel, it raises a laugh at the expense of another; humor is gentle and sympathetic. It smiles through its tears. Wit is a succession of hits; humor is often an atmosphere that pervades a writing and gives it a charm that cannot be defined. Wit is the sparkle of newly-opened wine; humor is more volatile. The jokes that were feast to eat the table of our fathers on a year are dull enough reading today. There is a dull, heavy volume than an old joke book. Wit will not bear transporting. German and French jokes seldom

CHAUCER
(Illuminated manuscript of "Canterbury Tales.")

public all smiles; the dullness of French pleasantry is proverbial among Americans.

Wit is clear and sparkles. It is often a rapier contest between two agile contestants; the last stroke wins. We vanish with the victim, but forget that the stroke we applaud may have sunk deep into the vanquished.

Lord Chesterfield at an inn complained that the dishes were dirty.

"Every one must eat his peck of dirt," coolly observed the waiter.

"True," was the instant retort, "but one is obliged to eat it all at one meal."

A certain convicted poor odor observed to Charles Townsend:

"What is it, sir, to say a Scottish thing I always burst out a-laughing."

"Ah, I envy you your happiness, my lord," was the reply, "for you must certainly live the merriest life of any man in Europe."

"And so you've written a farce, entitled 'Fire and Water,'" said Hazlitt to a friend. "Well, I can predict its fate."

"What is it?" eagerly asked the author.

"How can you bring fire and water together without a hiss?"

At a certain supper of absurd heads a great wag was charmed with his farce that he threw down his knife and fork and exclaimed: "Well, my I always hands farmed!" "There's egotism," observed Jerrold, who was present.

It seems to be the essence of wit to combine discordant ideas in an unexpected manner. The pun, therefore, or play upon words, is the most common of all forms of wit. After reading the modern comic papers and browsing in the folios of the period one may almost agree with the witty Erskine:

"Punning, observed a friend to him one day, is the lowest form of wit."

"Et tu, Brute!" answered Erskine, "and therefore the first of arts and the most assent brevity of pun. Many excellent ones are on record. When Coleman was on his deathbed his physician, apologized and said for the life of him he could not help that he had been called to attend a man who had fallen down a well. "Did he think the bucket?" asked the patient.

"Ah, Martin," exclaimed Charles Lamb one day at the whist table, "my dear were troubles what a hand you've here."

Dr. Holmes, after an experiment with nitrous oxide gas, wrote on the back of his patient, "O. W. Holmes and pen."

It is related of Theodore Hook that one day, entering A plate of cold tongue from the sideboard, he carried to his friend Mathews as to what he would do under similar circumstances. "If any one should meddle with my tongue," replied the wit, "why, I'd lick him."

Wit is concentrated. The retiree cries "a hit, a palpable hit," but humor is diffusive. There is no outburst of laughter. There is rather an inward glow of merriment, kindly and genial, which lights up the countenance and softens the heart. Humor deals with phases of human character. It paints for us Uncle Toby, or Sir Roger de Coverley, or the Stout Gentleman, bringing them to human pastels and revealing their failing and weaknesses and peculiarities, but never with bitterness. We smile over the picture, but we are ready to feel that it is a very human one; we recognize that all that we are ridiculing in the characters depicted is but the inherent of ourselves. There is just the element of pathos to prevent true humor and pathos; indeed, as one reads the pages of such masters of humor as Fielding and Sterne and Dickens and Thackeray one may almost wonder whether the tears which we shed in his eyes have come from laughter or weeping.

While wit is subtle and somewhat cruel humor, about it, deals ever with the truths of human nature and human weakness, in sympathy and appreciation. Unlike wit, it is long in development, it runs a continuous, sustained course through whole chapters and books. One cannot put his hand upon any single passage of pure humor and say, "It is here." Like the delicate perfume of a flower, it can be appreciated and felt, but it cannot be isolated and labeled. For instance, as one reads the old anonymous lyric "Philada Flouts Me" he cannot help smiling, yet is there not a pathetic side to the picture? I can quote but a part of the poem:

"Oh, what a pain is love!
How shall I bear it?
She will inconstant prove,
I greatly fear it.
She so tormentis my mind
That my strength failath,
And waxes with the wind,
As a ship that sailath.
Please her the best I may
She loves still to gainsay;
Alack and well a day!
Philiada flouts me.

"Fair maid, be not so coy,
Do not disdain me;
I am my mother's joy,
Forget, entertain me.
She'll give me when she dies
All that is fitting—
Her poultry and her bees,
And her geese sitting.
A pair of mattress beds,
And a bag full of shreds,
And yet for all this goods,
Philiada flouts me.

"I cannot work and sleep
All at a pennyworth;
Love wounds my heart so deep
Without all reason.
Begin to pine away,
With grief and sorrow,
Like to a tasted beast
Penned in a meadow,
I shall be dead, I fear,
Within this thousandth year;
And all for very fear,
Philiada flouts me."

Or, again, take Holmes's "Last Leaf," with its mixture of playfulness and pathos:

"But now his nose is thin
And it rests upon his chin
Like a staff,
And a tremble is in his head
And a melancholy crack
In his laugh.

"I know it is a sin
For me to sit and grin
At him here,
But the old three-cornered hat
And the breeches and all that
Are so queer!

"And if I should live to be
The last leaf upon the tree
In the spring,
Let them smile as I do now
At the old forsaken bough
Where I cling."

This is true humor, and it can never lose its freshness and vitality.

Wit and humor in the best literature are found always together. If wit is the sparkle and head upon the portion of the wine, humor is the delicate flavor and bouquet which time can only improve. "Humor is the element of acceptance," says Hawtek, "wit the flash." In many English authors the atmosphere of dry humor is always present and the flash comes but seldom; in others there is a constant coruscation.

It is an old saying, half true perhaps, that the French have wit but little humor. While it would not be safe to reverse this dictum and say that the English have humor and little wit, it is perfectly true that the element of humor is greater in English literature than in any other, and that the Englishman, despite a well-known satire of wags, are not a nation of wits. Wits are predominantly a logical people; there is a necessity upon them to be logical. But the English are a jovial people. John Bull is represented as a fat man, and fat men, as a rule, like everything running smoothly, to love to laugh long and heartily. His laughter is not always perfectly refined. He delights often in mere buffoonery and horse-play, and at times he can be unspeakably brutal, but he is, above all things else, a man who worships "the god of things as they are," and he soon quickly the stratum of pathos and of genuine human nature that underlies all things grotesque and ludicrous in human character.

English humor, like English literature in its modern sense, may be said to have its genesis with Chaucer. He was the first of Englishmen to write with his eye upon the object and he sketched not only the concrete, but he saw to the heart of things. He was a realist—alive to the pathos. He is sometimes coarse and unpresentable, but he never fails to make us see beneath the ludicrous exterior the true state of things. His jolly pictures of the monk and friar and pardoner, for instance, at first arouse only a genial merriment, but at length it dawns upon us, as Chaucer skillfully intends it shall, what a shame these men were to their professions. Take, for instance, the picture of the friar:

"He was an easy man to give a penance,
Because he wished to gain a good pittance;
For unto a poor order to have given
Is a sign that a man has been well shriven,
And if he gave, he dared to make
He knew of once the man was penitent;
For many a man so hard he is of heart
He cannot weep though he may sorely smart,
Therefore instead of weeping and of prayers
Let him give silver to the poor friars."

What a delightful rill of genial and sparkling humor flows through the poet's tale of the Cook and the Fox! Dun Chanticleer and Pertelote, his wife, are sketched with a master hand. The tale begins with a dream from which Chanticleer awakens in horror.

"By God, I dreamed that I was in such a plight
For fear right now my heart is yet afright.
I dreamed how that I roamed up and down,
Within our yard, where I beheld a beast
Like unto a dog, who would have made arrest
Upon my body, and would have made me dead.
Away! quoth she; fie on you, craven coward!
Alas! quoth she, for by that God above
Now have you lost my heart and all my love!
I cannot love a coward, by my faith.
How dare you say for shame unto your love
That anything might make you afraid?
Have you no man's heart, and have a beard?
Alas, and can ye be afraid of dreams?
Nothing God wots but vanity in sl. a dream.
Dreams are engendered of repletion,
Of glutinny and of humors."

But alas for the dream! On a bright March day, long after the events had been forgotten, the Cook and the dame quietly cajoled amid the woods the object of the terror. He was feeding in fine haste when the Fox gently called him and assured him of his friendship:

"How truly the cause of my coming
Well, only for to harken to you sing.
For truly you have as merry a voice
As any angel hath that is in heaven.
My lord, your father God his soul bless,
And also your mother with her gentle breast,
Have in my house been to my great ease,

And certainly, sir, full vain would I
You please,
Sing you I never heard one sing
As did you father in the morning."

To make his voice more clear it was his custom, declared the Fox, to shut hard his eyes and stretch out his neck to its full extent. The Cock, ravished by this flattery, tried to crow in the manner of his father and was instantly seized and carried away.

"O destiny, that may not be eschewed,
Alas that Chanticleer flew from the beams!
Alas that his wife vouched nothing for his dreams!
And on a Friday happened all this ill!"

Confusion at once broke loose.

"Curses, stark cry nor lamentation
Was never of ladies made when Ilion was won,
But chiefly dame Pertelote did shriek
Full louder than did Hasdrubale's wife
When that her husband had lost his life."

The owner of the farm and her daughters, startled by the fearful cry, add to the din with:

"Out! harrow! and weiaway!
Ha, ha, the fox! and after him they ran,
And also with staves many another man.
Ran Coite, our dog, and Talbot and Gerland,
And Malkin, with a distaff in her hand;
Ran cow and calf and also even the hogs
They were so frightened at the barking of dogs
And shouting of the men and women,
They pulled as fiends and devils do in hell;
The ducks squalled out as if they'd come to kill.
The geese for fear flew far above the trees;
Out of the hive poured all the swarm of bees,
So hideous was the noise, ah! benedicite!
Certes Jack Straw and all his train
Made never shouts one-half so shrill
When that they would a Fleming kill
As that day was made upon the fox.
Of brass they brought trumpets and of horn,
Of bass, of base, on which they blew amain
It seemed as if the heavens would fall."

A little presence of mind on the part of the Cock ends the tale. At his advice the Fox opens his mouth to tell of his many prowess, and the bird flies flies quickly to a tree from which no arguments can dislodge him.

The main charm of this simple tale, of which I have given only the baldest of outlines, lies in its genuine humor. It is not farcical fowls that we see, but humanity with its petty erudition, its fears, its superstitions, its vanity. There is no bitterness; there are few touches of real wit, but through it all and over it all spreads and quivers the luminous gleam of a true humor that cannot be caught, that cannot be analyzed. All of Chaucer's tales have this rare qualities. He was the first great English humorist and his charming tales live and will live as long as human nature and human weakness can move the sympathies of men.

Fred Lewis Pattee.
Pennsylvania State College.

(OUR DAILY STORY.)

JINNY'S RIDE.

BY CAPT. H. A WELLS U.S.A.
Author of "The Sergeant's Bride," etc.

"JIN-NEE-E-E! Oh, Jinny!"

It was the shrill voice of Mrs. Butts, issuing from the door of a rough lumber cabin, an apparent protest of man against the grave and beauty of nature. The boards stood on end from roof to ground, the cracks between them weather-stripped with narrow pieces. The roof was covered with shakes, and several small, square windows let in the light of day and the resinous, health-giving air of the mountain forests. At one end was built a sun-baked chimney of clay, whose yellow-brown top projected a short distance above the roof, and resembled somewhat the comignon of the angular woman who stood in the doorway and shaded her head from the ardent

"JIN-NEE-E-E! OH, JINNY!"

rays of the August sun with her apron. Getting no response to her call, she again raised her voice in still louder and shriller tones:

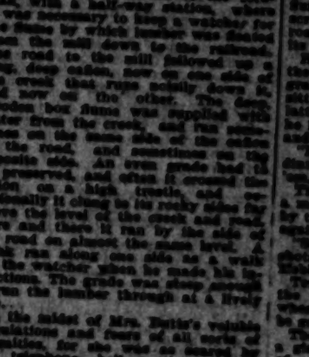
"Jin-nee-e! Oh-h-h-h, Jinny!"

"Yes, ma," came in faint tones from some distance down the steep bank of the cañon, where the shade of the firs was deep and the cool breeze blowing down from the snowy slope of Mount Hood made sweet music in the branches.

"Come up there and go to work," and having delivered this command, Mrs. Butts dropped the hand holding the apron, revealing a head of streaking gray hair and a thin face, made furrowed by the years of toil and worry of a life into which little of joy had come, and disappeared into the cabin.

Scarcely had the echo of that shrill voice died away down the cañon when the figure of a girl approached on the steep trail leading up from the spring to the door. It was a somewhat stout figure, but well formed and graceful. The girl's face, fine well rounded and the color of health glowed through the tan of her cheeks. As Jenny was now, as had her mother been twenty-five years before, when Jonathan Butts had taken her from her kinsmen here in the western wilderness, she had her upon him from place to place as he served on, with that restless spirit of the pioneer, until now she was born to the dense forest of the Cascade Mountains, in a cañon half a mile off the stage road leading from the Columbia River to the great snow peak, the mighty Mount Hood.

"Jinny, you've hin down t' fetch water a bucketful of them birds in straight an' think what you dawdled away your time and oh hain't t' work. Jinny, you



"I'M GOING DOWN THE FLUME TO WASH THE STAGE"

be ashamin' of a spree in Portland. Jenny thought of this as she proceeded with her task, and it is not at all strange that some of the pollen taken from the tubers came so unduly close as to bring down upon her head another tan reflection of "mayin' mother's" from her mother. This also have an unduly effect upon her for the same reason. Her mind turned in the other lower, the only, current, natural business open to the girls of her part of the mill. With little reluctance proved that picked up in the town school of life, Miss Brown had risen to her present position by force of her own energy, brains and executive ability, and promised to rise higher. In every way he was a desirable young man for a girl in her station in life. He was the salesman hall that connected her from her mental struggle, and at the same time threw her mother into another fit of "mayin' mother." In speculations upon what was wanted Jenny did not perceive the need, and in a quarter of a minute she had the receiver to her ear and was saying "Hello!"

Now, it must be understood that this was a private line, running from the office of the superintendent, at the other end, on the bank of the Columbia, to the mill, ten miles up in the mountains, and to the house of the foreman, with a half-way station, where it was necessary to keep a watchey for the line by which lumber was hauled from the mill down to the railroad. The road to the mill followed up a long, deep cañon, now on one side of the creek that rope noisily down it, and now on the other. The deep wooden box flume was supplied with water from the creek, and ran mostly on the same side, and sometimes on the road, and sometimes on the opposite side. An even grade had to be preserved, and often it crossed the cañon on a high trestle, and occasionally it clung to its rocky sides far above the level of the creek and road. Here and there it ran by the side of the road on almost the same level. A plank road along one side as a walk for the watcher when he made his inspections. The grade was steep enough to run the lumber through at a lively rate.

In the midst of Mrs. Butts's volubly speculations and fears of all sorts of calamities, for she was so amazed by the telephone bell as the ordinary woman is when she sees the fifth rate invention of the telegraph company, Jenny gave an exclamation of "Oh, oh!" and this started her upon another series of speculations in a still louder tone, developed into fright, and incoherent demands for news and opinions as to what must be the matter, as she listened to the following conversation at Jenny's end of the line:

"Hello! Yes, Jenny. What did you say? Runaway? Not What? Runaway? Oh, robbers. Oh! oh! Where are you? Oh, my! Where is the stage now? Yes. I will go down the flume. Good-by."

Dropping the receiver, Jenny made a dash for the door, her mother following her and frantically imploring to be told what was the matter. As she ran Jenny said:

"Robbers going to hold up stage. Father tied in half-way house. Robbers waiting at Lone Rock Point. I'm going down the flume to warn them, and by this time she had a plank in the flume and had started on her perilous ride, waving her distracted and bewildered mother a hasty farewell with her hand.

It seems that Mr. Butts had been waiting at the half-way house over the up stage that was bringing the superintendent, and both he and the watcher had been suddenly set upon by two men, knocked down and securely bound hand and foot. He gathered from the few remarks dropped by their assailants that they were going to hold up the stage at Lone Rock Point, about half a mile further down the road and just at the head of a steep grade. When the robbers had gone, he thought of a means to get to the telephone, and succeeded in his companion. Fortunately it was a new one, on a table. Rolling over and over on the floor the two men managed to work their way to the table. By using a little stick held by the teeth, Butts succeeded in kneeling both the receiver and transmitter off the table to the floor. The bell was also rung with the teeth. He first tried the office at the cañon, but the release had cut the wire on that side. He then rang down below for his house at the upper end of the line, but no answer. Lying on the floor, with his mouth in front of the transmitter, he explained the situation to the receiver near his ear with his teeth, and he explained the situation to Jenny, and now the brave girl was coasting and gliding down the flume to the rescue.

Although she had been the mere rider of the flume, Jenny had never done it herself, and she clung to her plank in desperation as the landscape shot rapidly by her. When she neared the mouth of a creek or along the route side of a precipice, her heart came into her mouth, as she passed down to the next section below; yet she was not afraid of her flume, and knew that it would preserve her from her present peril. She watched for the half-way house, but was no part of her purpose to stop there and release the prisoners, as she knew that there was nobody there to warn the stage in time. She had hoped to overtake the stage before it arrived at Lone Rock Point, and to be carried by the horses as it passed the window, but this would not do, as the figures lying on the floor, and perhaps also in the stage, would be seen by the driver as it passed the window, and he would whip up his horses and dash by. All this Jenny saw at the time, and had planned her course accordingly. She had intended to stop at the point of rock, but when she neared it she saw that the stage was already there and the horses had been stopped. Some one was standing on the rock, and as she passed him she caught him by the leg and carried him down with her. The driver, who had jumped up his seat a little when he heard the shot, saw over the cliff a girl and exclaimed:

"I reckon Butts is shootin' grouse for dinner. Goin' up to take a smack with 'em, ain't ye?"

The superintendent nodded. He was a man of few words. When the excitement of the driver abated his quiet self again remarked:

"Guessed more than a fifty thing a shotgun. Up near the Point I noticed that the Lone Rock team a driv'."

Ten minutes later the stage reached the point at the head of the steep grade. Jenny emerged, with her hair in disorder, her dress torn and soiled, her face scratched and stained with dirt, and carried a gun in her hand. She looked about her, and then, with a shout of triumph, she let them know that help would soon come. This served her two-fold purpose. It frightened the robbers, who had just ahead, for she knew that they must have the robbers in sight, and it gave her courage to proceed. She ran down the road, and ran up the grade as fast as its steepness would permit.

Half a mile further down the road the stage was being held up by the two robbers, who had their backs turned to her. Jenny dropped on her knee and fired. The shot startled the horses, and caused them to plunge forward. The driver, who had his hands full, looked around and saw Jenny coming with both her hands on the gun. She carried her body down, and her head turned and swung into the road.

All this Jenny saw at the time, and previously to her appearance she had looked forward to a desperate contest

[THE OIL INDUSTRY.]

DERRICK ON THE MARCH.

Invasion of the Virgin Field Steady.

White and Darker Oil Object Sought.

Signs of Life in Stocks—Kern County's Jumpers—General Sprays.

For the first time this week the local oil-stock market gave evidence of life yesterday. Traders who have been on the short side found it expedient to cover, and their buying forced quotations generally. In some cases rallies were sharp and the total volume for the day better than the average.

Worthing displayed strength in the opening sale, which was made at 32 cents, 1 cent higher than Thursday's closing price. Advancing to 33½, it closed at 33 cents.

Southern Consolidated was active in the under side at 20 cents.

Columbia found a market for the first time in several weeks.

Reed Crude and Fullerton Oil were weak at lower figures.

Sales were:

	Shares.	Price.
Associated Consolidated	1,000	$ [illegible]
Associated Consolidated	1,000	[illegible]
Associated Consolidated	1,000	[illegible]
Associated Consolidated	1,000

...Y ARE ...OFF TODAY.

...ing of This Year's ...Race Meet.

...Sport Promised at the Park.

...ting Betting Not the ...This Year — Some ...Horses Entered.

...final race meeting of District ...Association No. 6 will be ...ty at 1:30 o'clock this after... Agricultural Park, and will ...tinued next week. There ...prospect of good sport ...the meeting, if good horses ...preparation of the many ...which go to make up a ...will produce good sport. ...of the association have ...hard for many weeks, ...of the number of speedy ...they have succeeded in ...their efforts have been ...this contest, for there are ...fresh prize flyers which ...attracting the attention of ...horses in all parts of ...those from one of the ...which will be seen today ...the following days of the ...national reputations for ...the men who are handling ...horses from coast to coast ...ready to get the best re...

...racing since this year much ...ently than did that of last ...owing to circumstances ...the association, it ...some contracting which ...to the end. This year ...appearance that in the ...a "true field and go ...the premises which the ...made are fulfilled, they ...be appreciated by the ...a large attendance will al...ready to the rough. The ...have been held out a ...number of good matches ...several days, but this ...cause the race officials, for ...has been known to oc...rain or shine, the ...at 1:30 p.m. today, and ...will be made with an excel...

...RACE CARD.

...Hall in today's card will be ...first, in which are en...Hall, who last night ...Patchen, Alpheretta, ...Richmond Chief. ...the order named. ...The first heat will ...1:30 o'clock. ...direction of the day will ...free-for-all pace, the sec... the programme. There ...starters in this event, for ...of $300 has been hung ...be a battle between Ane... Clipper (2:06), Little ...) and Coney (2:09¼). ...was entered in the race, ...to get in an appearance. He ...to arrive today. Frank ...drive Clipper, who will be ...in the first heat. John ...handle the ribbons over ...who will start from second ...Monroe drew third and ...Sports were unable to ...their last night, and not a ...on the result. ...entries will include the ...Hamilton, one mile; Ros... to San Juan (2:06), Mono... Jones (2:12), El Rio ...(2:12), Sprague (2:07), Con... Wilson (2:12), ...(2:09), Wilmester (2:08), ...Pompino (2:13), ...Los Angeles Derby, ...Plush of Gold ...(2:06), Cow Boy ...Vera (2:07), Comejo ...(2:12), ...Hermosillo—City ...(2:10), Grafter ...(2:10).

...HERMOSILLO.

...Arizona, District Agricul... 6 will have as their ...Hermosillo have ...City Park. The Los Ange... have deemed a ...for this reason. No ...the rules have been ...exception of Jeannette, ...Durango to get a ...Durango refuses down ...by which Jones ...to bring down three ...in order to enter ...contracting parties ...Hermosillo and ...Angeles, calling at ...The first heat will ...1:30 o'clock. ...direction of the day will ...free-for-all pace, the sec... the programme. There ...starters in this event, for ...of $300 has been hung ...be a battle between Ane... Clipper (2:06), Little ...) and Coney (2:09¼). ...was entered in the race, ...to get in an appearance. He ...to arrive today. Frank ...drive Clipper, who will be ...in the first heat. John ...handle the ribbons over ...who will start from second ...Monroe drew third and ...Sports were unable to ...their last night, and not a ...on the result. ...entries will include the ...Hamilton, one mile; Ros... to San Juan (2:06), Mono... Jones (2:12), El Rio ...(2:12), Sprague (2:07), Con... Wilson (2:12), ...(2:09), Wilmester (2:08), ...Pompino (2:13), ...Los Angeles Derby, ...Plush of Gold ...(2:06), Cow Boy ...Vera (2:07), Comejo ...(2:12), ...Hermosillo—City ...(2:10), Grafter ...(2:10).

...ents.

...IBBIG & C...

...Supply He...

...Main Stre...

...N CURE...

...hemists...

...MAIN ST...

...Angeles, Cal.

away. Among these may be mentioned Hugh L. Jones, J. W. Langford, Anthony Cook, Paul Ridley and Joe Harlan. None of these have "cut in" as yet, but they are liable to do so on Monday if there is plenty of public money in sight.

SOME OF THE HORSES.

The Butler horses are in charge of John Blue, well-known to all lovers of harness races, Myron McHenry having decided to remain at the East, at the very last moment. The stable will not suffer in consequence of McHenry's absence, for John has been the late Tom Keating's trusted lieutenant for these many years. Mr. Blue is a man seldom seen away from the track, and much of the success of the Keating stable, in the past five years, has been due to his vigilance and attention. Baron Marck, in his stable, has a record of 2:15½, and is a very showy-looking horse. Cole Direct, a black horse, four years old, has no record, but he looks able to get one in the teens at the first time of asking for it. Coney, who holds the low record of 2:09¾ in harness, is to be sent against the world's wagon record (made by Bumps) some time during the week, when all the conditions of track and weather are favorable. This horse is by the old Los Angeles favorite, McKinney, 2:11¼, and from his conformation, is likely to prove a good weight-puller, so that he stands a fair chance to accomplish his severe task. Coney is now the property of Edward Gaylord of Colorado.

One of the handsomest harness horses stabled at the track is Clipper, owned by John Kirkpatrick, of the Palace Hotel in San Francisco. He began the season with a record of 2:09¾, from last year, which he has since reduced to 2:06. Clipper is by Diablo, who had a pacing record of 2:09¾ and is the sire of Diawood, 2:11; Dandelion, 2:11, and several other noted performers of the teens. Diablo is a product of the noted Cook stock farm, near Mount Diablo, hence the name. Many of the best trotters are converted pacers. Little Direct, 2:06¾, had a trotting record of 2:15½ at three years old, and did not do any pacing for two years later, when his races with Hal Pointer made him one of the most famous of American horses; and Ottinger passed several seasons before he entered the trotting ranks.

The trainers are all well satisfied that fast time will be made in nearly every race, even if the records are not lowered. If the rain can be held off till Sunday, the next week will show some severe battles against the old man with the scythe and hour-glass. The Los Angeles track has very easy turns to negotiate, as well as grades that do not tax tired horses too severely, hence the chances are good for fast performances. If it should rain two days and make a heavy track for Monday, some of the gallopers that have "dickey" legs will be apt to "cut a watermelon," as the darkies say.

REPUBLICANS UP AND DOING.

Lively Club Gatherings Last Night—Central Committee to Organize.

The Sixth Ward Republican Club held a meeting last night at Fisher's Hall, corner Central avenue and Adams street.

Hon. E. M. Haskell of Pomona was the speaker of the evening, and he made a masterly argument, covering tersely every vital question in the campaign. Mr. Haskell is an attractive talker, and had an enthusiastic audience.

Brief speeches were also made by George Alexander, A. Allen, F. W. Stein and T. J. Hanlon.

CENTRAL McKINLEY CLUB.

The Central McKinley Club (colored) had a house-warming at their clubrooms, No. 123 San Pedro street, last night. There were music and speech-making and refreshments.

J. J. Belmore presided, and E. S. Wells acted as secretary. Many new members were enrolled, and every chair in the rooms was occupied.

Speeches were made by S. W. Packer, Capt. G. W. Hawkins, Rev. C. H. Anderson, J. Hall, F. J. Anderson and others. The club is doing a good work among the colored Republicans of the city.

AT HOLLYWOOD.

An enthusiastic Republican meeting was held last night in the schoolhouse at Hollywood. Speeches were made by C. L. Logan and George L. McKesby.

CITY COMMITTEE.

The Republican City Central Committee will meet for organization at the Union League rooms, No. 139 South Spring street, Monday evening. A notice to that effect was circulated that the meeting would be held last night. It is probable that the committee will choose L. C. Gates as chairman. In recognition of his services to the party during the past year, it is very probable that William Ladley, the secretary of the last City Central Committee, will be again chosen for the position. His work has met with much commendation.

ARIZONA'S NEW RAILROAD.

INCORPORATES AT PHOENIX.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Oct. 19.—Articles of incorporation of the Southwestern Railroad of Arizona were filed in the Territorial Secretary's office today. The company is capitalized at $200,000, divided in 200 shares equally among Walter Douglass, Ernest W. French, R. C. Morgan, W. H. and D. J. Brophy, S. W. Clemens, F. A. Brent, J. A. Campbell and J. H. H. Taylor, all of Bisbee.

The line is to be twenty-two miles in length and extend from Don Luis Station in Cochise county to a point on the International line between the United States and Mexico, at or near the place where the White River crosses the line. The members of the road are all of Bisbee and connected with the Copper Queen mine there, and this road is the initial step toward a network of lines to be built through the rich mining country in the southeastern part of Arizona.

OBITUARY.

Louis Landecker.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Louis Landecker, a well-known pioneer of this State, died in this city yesterday. Mr. Landecker was 73 years of age. He was the husband of Sarah Landecker and father of Mrs. C. Cobbenz, Mrs. Ihern of Seattle, Belle and Ray Landecker. Deceased was a native of Bavaria.

Mr. Landecker was a pioneer merchant of Placerville and the first to engage in farming before the railroad was built. Of late years he engaged in business at Bethany. Deceased was a prominent member of the Masons, Odd Fellows and Knights of Honor.

Synod of New Mexico.

PHOENIX, Oct. 19.—The biennial Presbyterian Synod of New Mexico, comprising all the churches in Arizona and New Mexico, began here today and will continue for five days. Many of the prominent pastors from both Territories are here.

DAREDEVIL CONFESSES.

Arizona Bandit Tells a Hold-up Story.

Plans of the Band to Attack Trains.

Yuma to Have a Hanging Next Month—Gila Monster Goes to Bed.

TUCSON (Ariz.) Oct. 15.—[Regular Correspondence.] George Owinta, charged with assault with intent to rob the United States mail, in connection with Alvord, Stiles, Bravo John, Downing, Burts and Brown, has turned State's evidence. Of his own volition, without solicitation from the District Attorney's office, during the trial of Brown, Owinta told his story, much to the surprise of the District Attorney. The confession told all the circumstances of the hold-up, told of the planning of how Burt Alvord, the Willcox constable, arranged for the protection of the men implicated, and of the understanding that the robbery was to have been the first of a series such as especially distinguished the James brothers in Missouri. From the story, Alvord appears to have been the main villain. He organized the band, and appointed Bravo John its captain. He also provided alibi men in Willcox to testify that the robbers-to-be were playing cards in a Willcox saloon at the time of the robbery. The confession fully implicated Brown, and was followed by a formal plea of guilty by both the Owinta brothers.

Some points offered in the testimony were even picturesque, telling how the band was organized round the campfire at night in a gloomy cañon of the Dragoon Mountains, where the conspirators swore to kill any of their number who might fail them in the hour of need. The next day the party divided, and, by twos, journeyed to a rendezvous in the San Pedro Valley, a few miles below Fairbank, where they waited for nightfall, to then attack the train. The jury failed to agree, and Brown was retried October 14. He was found guilty, as charged. The extreme penalty for this offense is ten years' imprisonment. Sentence has not yet been pronounced.

OTHER CRIMINAL CASES.

Elena Estrada, a Mexican woman, indicted for murder, has pleaded guilty. A verdict of guilty was rendered against Florencio Gaxiola, tried in the United States Court for robbing the Nogales postoffice last March of $900 in Mexican money. The money was taken from a registered mail sack. Sentence is being withheld pending investigation concerning the youth of the prisoner.

The District Court calendar contains about twenty criminal cases and 100 civil cases. Four civil cases will come before the United States Court, one of them being a rejuvenation of the celebrated case against the Copper Queen Mining Company for cutting timber on government lands.

Ed Hogan, who helped Pearl Hart escape from jail, has been indicted for the offense.

Judgment for $1600 has been rendered against the bondsmen of J. C. Brown, who skipped to avoid trial for forgery.

The United States grand jury had the usual run of smuggling and charges of selling liquor to Indians.

One of the curious cases before the District Court is that of the wife of Burt Alvord, who seeks legal separation on the ground of desertion. Alvord is a fugitive from justice and is not likely to appear in defense of the civil action.

At Yuma the Mexican, Ortiz, who killed Storekeeper Moffatt at Harrisburg, has been sentenced to hang November 16.

ARIZONA BREVITIES.

Enough lots on Military Plaza have been sold by the city to render the construction of a municipal sewerage system an assured fact.

The Tucson Indian School, a denominational institution supported by the Presbyterian church, now has about 110 pupils.

The well lately sunk in Tucson by the Electric Light Company to the depth of 317 feet has developed water almost destitute of alkali and eminently suited for steam purposes. The flow has arisen to within thirty feet of the surface. An experimental artesian well sunk at Pearce, near Tombstone, to the depth of 400 feet, has struck flowing water.

The water question at the Helvetia mine is believed to have been solved by the discovery of a large cave in the Isle Royal mine, partially filled with water. The cave is about 500 feet long and about 50 feet deep, and is to be saved as a subterranean tank for the supply of the smelter.

CAN YOU USE A STRONG, STURDY SET OF BRAINS? EAT GRAPE-NUTS.

A MAN SAID:

"I don't believe you can arrange food so that it will go to rebuild and nourish the brain. Grape-Nuts is a most delightful tasting food, but I can't understand how you expect any certain food to be appropriated by any certain part of the body."

A good honest sceptic and well worth attention.

Actual results are better than any theory pro or con. Grape-Nuts are being eaten by millions of Americans and any intelligent person in any city of American can satisfy himself by questioning his neighbor as to the result of the use of Grape-Nuts.

The testimony is given over and over that after 10 days' use there comes a feeling of strength, steadiness, clearness of intellect and power of the mind that is unmistakable.

There is a reason.

Thinking uses up each day parts of the filling of the cells in brain and Nature demands albumen and natural phosphate of potash (not from the drug store) to make new the soft jelly-like substance which is used as the filling of these brain cells.

Grape-Nuts contain these elements direct from Mother Nature and prepared in the form of a most delicious and dainty food, practically pre-digested and quickly absorbed into the system.

The hard stubborn facts are that Grape-Nuts do build brains.

SHERMAN IS RESTING EASY.

Little Change in His Condition Except That He Is a Trifle Weaker.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—John Sherman was more comfortable today, and tonight he is reported to be resting easy. There has been no appreciable change in his condition, except, perhaps, that he is a trifle weaker than yesterday.

The bronchial cough from which the patient suffers was less severe today, giving him a chance to sleep more than usually.

FOUGHT FOR LIFE.

Exciting Experience of the Bark Alden Besse on the Voyage to Honolulu.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HONOLULU, Oct. 12.—[Wired from San Francisco, October 19.] The bark Alden Besse, which arrived today from San Francisco, had a very stormy trip. The vessel left San Francisco Sunday, September 23 and while crossing the bar her decks were swept by three tremendous seas, that broke in the coops, and washed every movable article overboard. For the next forty-eight hours the vessel battled with a terrible storm and a northwesterly wind. The foremast and foretopgallant sail were carried away, and the main topsail was split into ribbons. The cargo shifted and caused the vessel to list to port so badly that she was on her beam ends for nearly all the rest of the trip.

Two days did the bark fight for life, and at last the storm cleared and she continued to her destination. When within two days' sail of Honolulu a strong southerly wind struck the vessel, and the sea became so rough that the cargo was shifted a second time, but the weight was relieved from the port side, and the boat righted herself and came in with only 5-degree list.

DIED FROM DRINK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HONOLULU, Oct. 12.—The attention of the local authorities has been called to three rather peculiar deaths which occurred at Kailua, Hawaii, October 8. Kaeo, a native, and William Burgers and wife were the victims. The trio attended a reception given by Prince David Kawanauakoa, the Democratic nominee for Congress, October 6. They drank freely, and continued their libations for four days after obtaining some gin from a native dealer. All three expired within a few hours of each other.

Dear, dear, dear! More stones in the air—which is indubitable proof that the enemy is stirred up! Fiery old Teddy! The Eagle loves him for the enemies he has made; and really, when said enemies are shown to be the riffraff of the country, one can not help admiring the unruffled calm of the man who faces a storm of billingsgate with the same undaunted demeanor that characterized him at the battle of San Juan!

And the best part of it is that it all means a swelling of the grand majority which is rolling up for the Republican ticket this fall! It is undeniable that the better class of Democrats deplore this hoodlum style of campaigning, and realizing that such a class is so bitterly opposed to McKinley and Roosevelt is bound to bring a strong conviction that it is a good argument for the other side.

So it's an ill wind that blows nobody good, and out of the disagreeable experiences which Teddy is just now undergoing will come much good in helping the cause of right to prevail.

More bricks! Bang people, more bricks! Teddy can stand it, and your bricks are boomerangs! More bricks!

This bird has been bottling up a scream for special occasions, and he now turns it loose to the cool breeze of the Pacific Ocean which has the honor to bear upon its bosom a sister to the grand old Oregon. It is refreshing, in this hour of stagnating croaking against American imperialism, to welcome the creation of another ocean bulldog, the stoutness of whose ribs and the valor of whose guiding hearts make one more bulwark for American greatness against the world.

She is an imperial ship! She bears upon her prow the irresistible will of the imperial goddess for whom her fathers raised the Liberty cap above Independence Hall! She carries on board true Yankee hearts—militarist hearts—that exist only that they may interpose their best blood between peace and the nation's peril. She is also an expansionist—for she is ready to spread abroad through the entire world the honor of the land from whose majestic trees her staunch timbers were created.

Imperial Wisconsin, hail! We're proud to breathe the same breeze that sweeps across your decks!

Salute!

Here's to the queen of the white-capped sea!

Hail, Wisconsin, hail to thee!

And by the way, a movement is on foot to raise and place in some honorable position the old Niagara—the noble ship upon which Perry stood and drove its prow to victory three-quarters of a century ago.

It is a laudable undertaking, and the Eagle would love to see it carried to a successful consummation. The presence of Yankee patriotism was embodied in the motto that flew at the Niagara's masthead on that memorable occasion—the dying words of heroic Lawrence, "Don't give up the ship!" What an inspiration to the sailors of the present generation—the cadets who are for the future greatness of the American navy, to feel beneath their feet the historic old deck whose boards were trodden by the feet of a man like Perry and resound always with the blood of the men who helped to give to us the greatness which we now enjoy. All honor to the memory of Perry! All honor to the grand old Niagara! And let us make haste to place her before the nation as a glorious monument to the valor of the early days of American patriotism.

"DON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP!"

Brave ship of old with your history bold—brave hearts of a gallant crew,

Brave words that stirred where the red blood flowed and high o'er the carnage flew,

Brave souls that stand in the midst land and watch o'er the honor free—

Pray God today we may stand and say, "We're worthy, please God, of thee!"

Let us read more history. Let us encourage the young to read of the heroes of other days in whose breasts dwelt the spirit of '76. It will go further toward destroying in its inefficiency any contempt for the military institutions of the United States than anything else we can do. Let a child read of the exploits of Perry and Lawrence, and of Jones and of Decatur, and if he then grows up an "anti," why he is sure to be a ripe subject for the lunacy. So says THE EAGLE.

CAPT. J. H. M. ADAMS DROPS DEAD.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Capt. Joseph H. M. Adams of Lynn, Mass., past commander-in-chief of the G.A.R., dropped dead at the State House this afternoon. Death was due to heart trouble. He was 69 years of age.

Praised by a Preacher

I am a firm believer in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

ENOCH HILL,

Pastor M.E. Church, Grand Junction, Ind.

100 to 1 Shots

The Combination SHOE SALE IS A RED HOT FAVORITE.

WEAR THE BURT & PACKARD

See that EVERY PAIR is STAMPED THE BURT & PACKARD "Korrect Shape."

The Combination SHOE SALE IS A RED HOT FAVORITE

ARE ALL RIGHT..... WHEN they win—but take our advice and PLAY FAVORITES Burt & Packard shoes for gentlemen are hot favorites—So are Edwin C. Burt's shoes for ladies.

We bought Skinner & Kay's stock of these favorites and are sacrificing them at our store. It's the same with Our Entire Stock—We're CUTTING PRICES and CUTTING THEM DEEP too.

Again we say PLAY FAVORITES.

Hamilton & Baker

239 South Spring Street.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

LOS ANGELES—King of the Opium Ring.
BURBANK—The Country Girl.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Hearing Final.

The hearing of the Aetna Petroleum Company cases against H. T. Cripps and others, in the United States Circuit Court, to determine the status of the several claimants to certain oil lands in Fresno county, has been fixed for October 31.

Rural Delivery.

Congressman R. J. Watson received a telegram yesterday from First Assistant Postmaster-General W. M. Johnson, notifying him that one of his requests for rural mail delivery has been granted. Beginning November 1 there will be one carrier out from Ventura.

Tribute to Dead Pupil.

The flag over the Cumberland-street school was at half-mast Thursday, out of respect to the memory of a dead pupil, Katie Billingham. The child's desk was draped in mourning and decorated with flowers and photographs. The funeral services will be held today at 10 a.m. at No. 823 South Spring street.

Bishop Here.

Bishop George W. Clinton of Charleston, S. C., of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, arrived in Los Angeles yesterday, en route to the California conference at Redding. Bishop Clinton is considered one of the foremost men of his race. He is to speak Sunday in the local African Methodist Episcopal Church.

Harvey Returns.

Erwin Harvey, who during the eastern baseball season which just closed has been pitching first for the Minneapolis team of the American League and later for Chicago, in the National League, has returned to his home in this city. He says there are a number of famous eastern ball players who will spend the winter in Southern California and will participate in the winter league games here.

New Cooking Class.

A new cooking class will be organized at the Young Women's Christian Association today. Since the opening of the educational season two cooking classes have been formed and their work has become so popular with the members that the class membership in each has reached the limit. The other classes are working hard, and very gratifying results have been attained in the various branches of the association's work.

Tuberculosis Victim.

An inquest was held yesterday at the undertaking parlors of Booth & Boyland on the body of August Nelson, who died from a hemorrhage on Thursday at his room in the Santa Rosa Hotel, corner Fourth and San Pedro streets. The verdict was that death was due to tuberculosis. Nelson was about 45 years old. He came to Los Angeles from Mendocino county about a month ago. It is said that he leaves a widow and child in Sweden.

Hospital Cases.

J. T. Bernard, colored, of No. 113 San Pedro street, was sent to the Receiving Hospital yesterday morning. While cleaning windows on South Broadway he fell from a stepladder. Both wrists were strained and his back was badly wrenched. R. G. Cardwell of No. 126 North Burlington avenue got the third finger of his right hand mangled in oil-well machinery. Jack Bernstein of No. 120 South Flower street applied at 7:30 o'clock last night to have a dog bite cauterized.

Anti-saloon League.

The Executive Committee of the Anti-Saloon League held its first meeting in this city yesterday afternoon and discussed a number of questions of interest to members, most of which related to the manner in which the campaign which the league will soon inaugurate is to be conducted. All the members of the league has been placed in the hands of a committee of seven, five of whom have been appointed, as follows: J. S. Salisbury, president; J. Rose Clark, vice-president; W. F. Burke, secretary; Sherman Page and W. M. Post.

Tea Table Conference.

There was a "Tea Table Conference" on Bible study at the Young Men's Christian Association last evening. Supper was served by the Ladies' Auxiliary. About twenty-five young men were present and short talks were made by Messrs. Johnson, Northup, Howard, Bland, Cleaver, General Secretary Ball and others. A special effort will be made to get young men who are not attending Sunday-school to enter the class in the study of Bible references, which is led by Mr. Howard on Sunday mornings at 9:30 o'clock.

BREVITIES.

Although The Times business office is open day and night, year in and year out, when it is not possible to bring your ads. in, you can telephone them in at any hour of the day or night at the standard "liner" rate, 1 cent per word per insertion.

Free! H-O goods free! To open the season, beginning Saturday, October 22, to every purchaser of H-O oatmeal will be given, free of charge, a package of either H-O pancake flour, H-O buckwheat, H-O Johnnycake meal or H-O Indian bread flour. See page 8, part II.

The subject of the sermon by J. S. Thomson, M.A., at the Independent Church of Christ (Simpson Auditorium) on Sunday morning will be, "One World at a Time."

Our second shipment of pattern hats have arrived, direct from Paris. Selected by Miss Clara Spier and Miss Gotthold-Spier, 121 S. Spring st.

Central Baptist, Flower and Pico streets. Rev. Philip J. Ward preaches Sunday 11, "The First Great Sermon;" 7:30, "The Sinner's Refuge."

Music at Raley's, 3 to 5 this afternoon and 8 to 11 tonight. Finest ice cream in town. Hot drinks and hot tamales.

"What is Worldliness?" will be Rev. Dr. Dewing's topic at Christ Episcopal Church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

For the piano—A few specially-designed hats. Spier, successor to Mme. Gotthold, 121 S. Spring.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains, see "Time Card" in today's Times.

The Times Job Office is equipped to do machine composition. If cost at short notice.

Forty finest stamp photos only 25 cents. "Sunbeam," 224 South Main st.

Dr. Urmy, dentist, 154½ South Spring, has returned from the East.

"Sweetheart" tomorrow night. Turner Hall; 100 singers.

Pain remembered, D. Bassett, 247 S. B'way

Dr. Clark, Byrne Bld. Diseases women.

Whitney's trunk factory 435 S. Spring

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company for Arthur M. Vosburgh, James W. Morgan, W. H. Gardner, Edith H. Pemberton and E. F. Thompson.

Miss Birdie Spier and Miss Louise Brown, who had charge of the Custer benefit concert at Blanchard Hall Thursday evening, report that $170.75 was raised, for which they extend thanks to those who assisted.

PERSONAL.

Dr. T. W. Orme of San Bernardino is a guest at the Ramona.

George F. Soule of Arena, Wis., registered at the Natick yesterday.

H. G. Williams, a Tucson, Ariz., merchant, is staying at the Ramona.

James D. Sledge of Danville, Va., yesterday registered at the Natick.

Sam Caro, a San Francisco cigar man, is spending a few days in town.

F. D. Gamewell and wife of New York are guests at the Hollenbeck.

J. M. Crombie of Detroit, Mich., registered yesterday at the Westminster.

G. B. Hubbard of Syracuse, N. Y., interested in racing, is at the Van Nuys.

L. Henry, manager of the San José operahouse, is registered at the Ramona.

John Elliott and wife of San Francisco registered at the Van Nuys yesterday.

Miss Ida E. Bowen of Santee street is the guest of Miss Lulu Pieper of San José.

Zick Abrams and wife of San Francisco are occupying apartments at the Van Nuys.

George Holland and wife of Leadville, Colo., are tourists staying at the Hollenbeck.

Harry Haymann of New York was among yesterday's arrivals at the Hollenbeck.

H. B. Normont of Richmond, Va., is among yesterday's arrivals at the Westminster.

F. C. Hedges, a well-known citizen of Bakersfield, registered at the Ramona yesterday.

C. H. Stanard and wife of Cripple Creek, Colo., yesterday took apartments at the Natick.

Salem R. Clawson, wife and son, of Hamilton, O., are tourists who yesterday registered at the Natick.

Frank G. Short, a well-known Fresno citizen, placed his name on the Van Nuys register yesterday.

J. W. Bronks and H. Stuart of Oakland, are in the city to attend the races. They are at the Westminster.

T. J. Bolton, wife and son of Ayon, are at the Ramona. Mr. Bolton is connected with the Edison Electric Company.

X. E. Burns of New York, and Carlton M. Kleshow of Philadelphia, were among yesterday's arrivals at the Van Nuys.

Mayor James D. Phelan, J. C. Sims, J. P. Atkin, Caesar Young and John D. Mulin of San Francisco, registered yesterday at the Van Nuys.

J. A. Campbell, the San Francisco horseman, yesterday registered at the Van Nuys. He is accompanied by Budd Doble, of New York, one of the best known drivers in the world.

E. D. Stuart and wife of San Diego took apartments at the Hollenbeck yesterday. Mr. Stuart has charge of the Santa Fé Railroad business at San Diego.

George L. Warlow of Fresno, is registered at the Ramona. He is a well-known breeder of fast horses. "Athanese," now owned in Austria, and valued at $5000, having been bred on his farm.

A. Russell Smead, a staff writer on the New York World, is spending a vacation on the coast, making his headquarters at the Van Nuys. Fifteen or twenty years ago Mr. Smead was a resident of San Francisco, in connection with the engineering department of the Union Iron Works.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

William Bentley Whipple, aged 33, a native of New Hampshire, and Orra E. Newell, aged 26, a native of Georgia; both residents of Los Angeles.

Frederick F. Coulter, aged 21, a native of Kansas, and Nancy C. Symonds, aged 18, a native of Massachusetts; both residents of Los Angeles.

Reed M. V. Snyder, aged 26, a native of Colorado and a resident of Los Angeles, and Mabel Yates, aged 18, a native of Oregon and a resident of Burbank.

BIRTH RECORD.

SHERMAN—To the wife of M. H. Sherman, Jr., a nine-pound daughter.

DEATH RECORD.

BILLINGHAM—At No. 1002 Ingraham street, Saturday, October 17, 1903, Katie Billingham, aged 12 years and 7 months, of appendicitis.

CANNON—Thursday, 1 p.m., William Cannon, aged 72 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 101 North Union avenue.

CUNNINGHAM—Elizabeth, only child of Edward J. and Josephine Cunningham, aged 11 years and 8 months.

Funeral from residence, No. 1702 Cherry street, Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Interment New Calvary Cemetery.

FLATHERY—At Prospect Park, October 18, Mrs. Addie May Flatbery, a native of Wisconsin, aged 41 years 1 month 19 days.

Funeral Saturday, October 24, at 1:30 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. A. E. Lander, Prospect Park. Interment Rose Hills Cemetery.

GOODRICH—At Los Angeles, Miss Kate Wood of the Victoria, No. 316 South Spring street.

Funeral from the new parlors of Robert Shea & Son, Nos. 240 and 241 South Spring street, Sunday, October 25, at 2:30 p.m.

"THE POOR ARE ALWAYS WITH YOU."

Remember the needy. Save your cast-off clothing and bedding of every kind in the city. A request to give means for shoes and clothing for your children. There are many poor families in need of wearing apparel. Postoffice, grocery or express front will do most thankfully received. Drop a card to Fred Virgin, at the "Good Samaritan" (formerly Capt. Fraser's place), No. 427 East Seventh street, and anything you have to donate will be called for.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office, 107 E. Second. Tel. M. 6, or 352.

ORR & KINNE CO., UNDERTAKERS.

Mrs. M. H. Connell has charge of all ladies and children intrusted to our care. Tel. Main 67, or 8 Broadway.

ROLLIN'S PURE ICE CREAM.

Made of absolutely pure cream. Try others, then try Rollin's, and see the difference. Our candies are pure and always fresh. Hot drinks and tamales. 251 South Spring street. Main 1147.

TELEPHONE your want ads in at any hour as 1 cent a word per insertion.

Watches Cleaned 75c.

We make a watch as good as new when we clean it—Sometimes better.

BROKEN JEWELRY

mended by our expert repairer so skilfully that you would never know it had been broken. Prices so small you will never miss the money from your purse. All work guaranteed one year.

GENEVA WATCH AND OPTICAL CO., 326 SOUTH BROADWAY. GEO. M. WILLIAMS, Prop.

Nothing Equal to Our Delicious Wines to Invigorate, Refresh and Strengthen. Smooth, Pure, Uniform.

Sherries and Muscats, 75c to $1.00 Per Gallon.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WINE CO. 230 W. Fourth St. Tel. H. 333.

Arnica Tooth Soap 15 CENTS. ELLINGTON'S Fourth and Spring Streets.

BRADBURY BLOCK

It will cost 40c to find out just how much

Thompson's Dyspepsia Tablets

Will help you. Try them—this's the BEST way to decide.

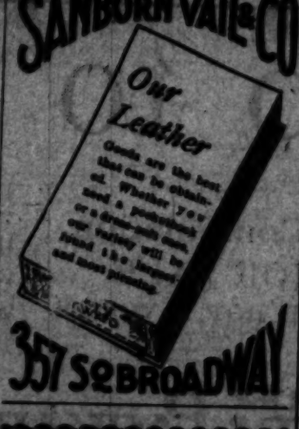
OUR CUT PRICES:

Cuticura Soap	15c
Packer's Tar Soap	15c
Cuticura	85c
Cuticura Resolvent	85c
Hinnen's Tincture	15c
Sulfolene	15c
Lyon's Tooth Powder	15c
Hinnen's Dyspepsia Tablets	35c
Pink Pills	35c
La Blache Powder	25c

Send Us Your Mail Orders.

BOSWELL & NOYES DRUG CO. Reliable Prescription Druggists, Third and Broadway.

SANBORN VAIL & CO



357 S. BROADWAY

W. L. Cummings' Foot-Form Shoes

The only Retail Shoe Store on the Pacific Coast Running Its Own Factory.

See That Your Shoes Are Stout.

Don't be satisfied with shoes that only look stout. Have you ever noticed that our shoes seem to keep their "new" appearance even after they've been worn a long time? That's because they're stout and strong.

FOURTH & BROADWAY

Just at important to bachelors.

Your Wife's Husband

Should take a look at our present window display of Men's patent leather goods.

Goods so ghastly crowded here you only get an adequate view of them when we give them wrestling space in the window.

Take a look at them—the assortment of latest novelties in leather will interest you; the prices will interest your wife. Men can best get to appreciate this feature.

Purses, Pocket Books, Coin Rings, Toiletine Pouches, Bill Books, Letter Books, Card Cases, Memo Cases, Music Rolls, Knife Cases, etc.

Dean's Drug Store

Second and Spring Sts.

Nothing But Nobby HATS

1st.... Not an old style in the store.

2nd.... Every new style that has been brought out.

3rd.... Only the finest grade of felt.

4th.... Small expenses and a big trade.

5th.... Dunlop, Knox and Foreman blocks, in the cleverest fall styles in Derbys or Fedoras.

$3.00

Siegel

THE HATTER. Under Nadeau Hotel.

Dashing Styles.

You won't enjoy the races without a stylish, becoming hat. We're showing all the beautiful and attractive novelties that have captured the Eastern cities.

Every one looks well in them—both Walking Hats and exquisite new Trimmed Hats.

They give the effect of dignity and grace to the whole personality, and, best of all, the prices are simply irresistible.

WONDER MILLINERY 219 SOUTH SPRING ST.

I take pleasure in saying that I have had twenty teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without pain, and a full plate made, which is perfectly satisfactory.
W. E. LAYNE,
West Saticoy, Cal.

Dr. Schiffman extracted twenty-two teeth for me without pain, and has made me both upper and lower plates, which have proved perfectly satisfactory in every way.
MRS. R. E. WAITE,
Compton.

Dr. Schiffman extracted five teeth for me without pain, and made me an under and upper set, which are a perfect success. It gives me pleasure to testify to the perfect success of his painless and harmless method of extracting and his success as a fitter of plates.
Respectfully yours, E. W. KINSON,
Manzana, Cal.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., 347 S. Spring St.

Concert Tonight

A. Hamburger & Sons SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

Big Underwear Bargains.

Echoes of this sale have been heard, and as they die away the contrast between the real and the sham, the true and the false, becomes more and more noticeable. Sometimes echoes so closely resemble true tones that it is impossible to at first distinguish between them. It is so in reading prices. Two garments may appear the same in the newspaper, but in wear they are vastly different. Two garments may be alike. One store calls them all wool, another store says half wool. The price is the same. Which store has your confidence—the truthful one or the false? The underwear we offer at this semi-annual sale will bear close scrutiny. The best mills in the country make it, and we buy it in such quantities that it is being sold

At Wholesale Cost and Less.

Women's union suits of heavy ribbed cotton, finished with crochet down the front and pearl buttons; short sleeves and ankle length; the garments for..... 25c

Women's union suits of heavy jersey ribbed cotton; elegant as the very best; low neck, sleeveless and finished with crocheting; long sleeves and ankle length; the garments for..... 49c

Women's vests and pants in natural gray and ecru; good the qualities to be sold at..... 19c

Women's ribbed vests and pants, in natural gray, cream and gray; worth, per pair, 45c; sale price..... 23c

Women's fleece-lined cotton and wool vests, with long sleeves and high neck; fine and fine garments..... 39c

Equestrian tights made of fine Egyptian yarn, perfect fitting and well finished; the garments..... 35c

Jersey ribbed woolen vests and pants, in gray and white; all sizes; worth 85c to $1.00; sale price..... 69c

Men's heavy ribbed underwear, in tan and gray; well finished; your the garments, for..... 25c

Men's natural gray and camel's hair shirts and drawers; worth 75c; sale price..... 48c

Silver gray fleece lined shirts and drawers, very warm and extraordinary garments; 75c; sale price..... 48c

Men's natural gray, and camel's hair merino shirts and drawers; well worth $1.00 each; sale price..... 69c

Silkene and cashmere vests and pants of many kinds; some are flannel embroidered, others are wool mixed; 25c to 50c; selling..... 15c

Boys' heavy ribbed shirts and drawers, sizes 22 to 34; your choice..... 25c

Boys' cashmere wool underwear, made of natural gray wool; sizes 24 to 34; worth 75c to $1.00; sale price..... 50c

Kid Gloves

Women's Hosiery

Children's Stockings

Girl's Dresses

Boys' Suits

Boys' Overcoats

Trimmed Hats for $5

Every day witnesses somethiug new and striking among the $5.00 hats. One of our workrooms is kept constantly busy supplying these hats. The milliners employed there are not obliged to reserve their best thoughts for higher priced hats. The very best things they can produce, their very newest and brightest ideas are all reflected in the $5.00 hats. The materials are better than you would expect for the price. Rich, harmonious and modish. Of course we have better hats, but for the moderate price there are no hats in Los Angeles to compare with ours at $5.00.

Hub Clothiers—"World Beaters for Overcoats"—Hub Clothiers

TODAY

Second Great Day OF OUR

Fall Opening.

It's the Stylish Dressing Men

World Beaters for Overcoats.

The Hub caters for—the business man that appreciates good values—that knows when we show them an Overcoat at $10.00—full better than he has been buying elsewhere for $15.00 that we are simply saving him $5.00 clear money.

Our motto is not how big a profit can we get—but rather "How small a margin can we sell in."

You're a business man—will you not investigate the Hub's values?—

A Toilet Set free with each Suit or Overcoat Purchase Today.

Such Crowds

attended our fall opening yesterday—and of course there'll be still greater crowds today—but come — we'll be disappointed if we don't see every one of our regular customers during this our

Greatest Opening—

This Beautiful Ebony Set, trimmed with sterling silver, free today.

THE HUB

FOR FINE CLOTHING-HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS

154-156-158-160 N. SPRING ST. LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Hub Clothiers—"World Beaters for Overcoats" you

ADOLF FRESE, Optiolst AND Manufacturing Optician. 230 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Nice Things to Eat

Are abundant with us today. Luscious Bosco, Persimmons, Pears and hundreds of other things in vegetables are unequaled—so crisp and tender—our Tel. 886. Ludwig & Matthews

EDITORIAL SHEET.
City---Suburban.

Los Angeles Daily Times

IN TWO PARTS.
Part II—8 Pages.

...TH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1900. PRICE 3 CENTS

The Elk Shoes at $3.50.

No better shoes were ever sold for this price, and the reason for the unusual goodness of the Elk shoes lies in the mode of making. Labor is minimized, while quality of stock is bettered. Compare the Elk shoe with what you usually see at $3.00 and you will be unable to tell the difference. They come in all leathers and in all styles. The price is always the same—$3.50.

We bought every sample cap of one of the biggest manufacturers in America. Every style of yacht, golf and "comfort" made of fancy Scotch cheviots and black serges, corduroy, velvet, broadcloth, lined with silk. Worth $1.50 to $1.00. On sale Saturday at 25c each.

Men's Hats $1.50 We offer a big assortment of hand-finished hats at this price which if bought and sold in the ordinary way by an ordinary store you would find priced at $2 and $2.50. Black, brown, hazel, slate and pearl fedoras in small and large shapes. Dunlap and Knox blocks of stiff hats in black and brown. Proper styles for swell dressers, priced at $1.50.

Men's Shirts 50c And they are worth every cent of $1.00. They were made to sell for $1.00. They come in stripes and in fancy figures. Excellent percales and properly made. They are all on sale Saturday at 50c.

The biggest of our Saturday bargains. Several lines of black socks and fancy socks, including polkadots, fancy figures, etc. Qualities sell regularly at 20c, 25c and 35c. Choice from the entire lot on Saturday at 12½c a pair, $1.50 a dozen.

Knowing full well that Reliance suits are the best that money can buy. The guarantee on every coat sleeve is signed by A. Hamburger & Sons, and the statement made that the suits are all-wool, that the garments are sewed with silk, etc., are not made simply to attract attention, but to prove the worth of the garments. We will cheerfully refund the money to any dissatisfied customer.

In the Reliance Suits you will find gray and black clay worsteds, fancy cassimeres, fancy Scotch effects and every popular weave for business wear. The suits are always kept pressed and in good condition, free of charge. The price is always $11.50

Overcoats are here at prices ranging up to $22.50, and they are as much above the average of their respective prices as are Reliance suits better than the average at their price. They are even more perfect than can a tailor make a suit. There are little improvements on ever higher priced garments which you will not find on custom work. Among these are the suits at $20.00

Raglan and Paddock Coats.

Fashionable styles of overcoats. We have them in all the correctness and stylishness, made of the proper materials and cut in the proper manner. Priced at $20.00

A. Hamburger & Sons
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

...NNIVERSARY and
WEDDING GIFTS.

...ll importations are now in. We never showed so many exclusive designs in novelties from

Vienna,
Dresden,
Baccarat,
Limoges,
Royal Meissen Factory, Metlach, etc.

...VOLLMER & CO., Cor. 3d & Broadway.

SUCCESS. . .

...ly successful practice is the result of a continued, conscientious and well-directed effort toward all that is best in modern dentistry always.

The best facilities are supplied—the best material only is used—the best skill employed in all work—and only the latest methods.

This is bound to produce the best and most satisfactory results—the only kind I tolerate—the kind I guarantee.

Dr. A. E. Spinks
ROOMS 306-308

DEMOCRATS HOLD A SPEECHFEST.

The Mayor of San Francisco and Others Heard---Free Silver "Not in It"---Large Crowd.

WITH the doctrines of Republicanism still clinging, startled, to the nooks and crannies of the hall, a few pasteboard Bryans were nailed up in Hazard's Pavilion last night and plastered with hot air.

There is nothing like a band of Bryanites for brotherly love—before the mix-up begins. Damon and Pythias were formal bowing acquaintances beside the two statesmen, Mayor Phelan of San Francisco and Mayor Snyder, 'oping on, 'oping ever.

And the audience wanted to hug them all. It was a very big audience, and it howled with great impartiality and politeness at Phelan and Snyder, but gazed with awe and solemnity at the array behind the dazzle of Snyder's oratory.

Arranged as a tasteful treat for admiring eyes, were young Mr. Allender and "El Hatch" and other aspiring candidates on exhibition. There were a lot of other chairs on the platform which might have been occupied. They might have been, but they weren't. They cost $1 per, and there were not ambitious enough to go 'round.

The beauty of a Democratic love feast is the sweet unanimity of feeling. Last night there were little boys with whistles. They helped launch all the speakers. They also tried to do an obligato to the whiskered old men in the front row who were pounding with their canes to show their extreme perception in seeing the points. But the "kids" were really running out of their class. They kept coming in at the wrong place, so at last they went dutifully home, leaving the old men to have it out with the floor.

There was also a brass band with a repertoire of three tunes—"Yankee Doodle," "Dixie" and "Marching Through Georgia."

"Yankee Doodle" was the long suit of this band. The band must have been overstocked with "Yankee Doodle." Whatever tune they started, it would become a medley and end in "Yankee Doodle" with a crash.

This band and the First Ward Bryan and Stevenson Club found Mr. Phelan and the other orators at their hotel and escorted them, with triumph and the strains of "Yankee Doodle" to the Pavilion.

Mr. Snyder fairly outdid himself last night as the official "barker." He thought up some figures of speech and they were unspeakably lovely—lovely and unspeakable.

When he compared Mr. Bryan to a sea beach it was not, at first blush, clear just what he meant; but on careful consideration, it is plain to see he was saying that Bryan is not the only pebble.

How simple.

The contrast between the speakers was curious and interesting.

Snyder—well, he's just Snyder.

Mr. Graves, the Democratic candidate for Congress, who apologized for being sick some more, talks with the heavy elegance of a man used to law courts. His words are long and Latin, and his speech ponderous and classical, but without the effectiveness of the experienced campaign orator.

Mayor Phelan, on the other hand, is chatty. He talks with one hand in his trousers' pocket, and rises on his toes to throw out his clear, thin voice. His words crop off with a precise nicety, and he is dapper and exact. Mr. Phelan talks to assembled Democracy as though the cigars and black coffee had just been brought on. It makes assembled Democracy feel good.

MAYOR JAMES D. PHELAN OF SAN FRANCISCO.

PAVILION FILLED.

WORK OF THE SPEAKERS.

Hazard's Pavilion was well filled last night at the Democratic meeting, addressed by Mayor Phelan of San Francisco, William Graves, candidate for Congress, and J. C. Sims, State Democratic chairman, also spoke.

It was but a few minutes past 8 o'clock when the sound of music floated into the pavilion, heralding the approach of the speakers and escort. The crowd had waited patiently. The entrance of the orators aroused but little enthusiasm.

The seats on the platform were occupied by the honorary vice-presidents and a coterie of candidates. A slight delay ensued after the speakers had filed upon the stage, but the band came in and took up the interim by playing ties by which people express and give effect to their views. We are engaged in a campaign in which an appeal is made to the patriotism of the people. The significance of the issues may be understood when we recall that Democrats who, four years ago, refused to follow our standard, have, for the most part, returned to their allegiance, under the leadership of such men as Richard Olney and Bourke Cockran, and that Republicans like ex-Gov. Boutwell of Massachusetts, Senator Wellington of Maryland and Carl Schurz, have appealed to their countrymen to repudiate the policy of the administration and cast their votes for the Democratic cause. What is the meaning of this? It is because there is an issue paramount which involves the life of the republic and all subordinate questions on which men disagree must wait solution at another time. As has been said, we should not discuss our domestic concerns when our house is on fire.

"Before the establishment of the republic, Europe had a set of governing principles applied with all its...

...life, liberty and happiness was denied; free speech and free thought were curtailed; the fruits of industry were appropriated by the few; from England fled the Puritans, seeking freedom to worship God, and America became an asylum. Despotism followed the fugitives, and monarchical England tried to impose unjust taxes without representation; the patriots felt oppression's finger like a mountain weight; declared their independence; bravely stated the creed of human rights and that government without consent was tyranny. To preserve their rights they established a Constitution, which was a grant of limited powers to Congress and the Executive. For over a hundred years, this government has thrived under the Constitution, and now its basic principles are threatened. In what manner are they threatened?

PHILIPPINE PROBLEM.

"Congress declared war against Spain for the purpose of liberating the Cuban people from tyrannical government maintained without their consent; it was declared to be a war of liberation, and the success of our arms, on land and sea, inspired us with pride and glorified the purposes of the war so splendidly carried out. By the treaty of Paris, the Philippine Islands became American territory. New problems at once arose, and the decision of the administration in these matters, for which it is responsible, and for which it must be judged, is what has alarmed the American people and brought them face to face in this campaign with the question whether we shall continue as a republic, holding all our territory under the constitutional system, or whether we shall embark on the uncertain sea of empire, holding dependencies by force of arms, not only against the consent, but against the armed and hostile protest of a native population. The President has decided, and the Republican party is supporting him, that the Monroe doctrine is a relic of the past, and that this country may make foreign alliances and acquire territory in the eastern hemisphere; that the Philippine people are not of right nor ought to be free and independent; that the territory acquired shall not be carved into States; but that it shall be maintained as a vassal dependency, governed in the interests of this country, which is the beginning of a colonial policy, and the establishment of an empire. This radical departure, we hold, in common with patriotic men like Schurz, Reed, Edmunds and Hoar, is untenable, morally and in the light of the Constitution and the law; that it is at once both wrong and inexpedient, and that no possible advantage, neither of glory nor commerce, can possibly accrue by it to the United States.

PLEA FOR FILIPINOS.

"Dewey made Aguinaldo our ally; he sent him on an American ship with American arms to rally his people and to cooperate with the forces of this country. After the joint forces had compelled the capitulation of Manila, our American arms were turned upon the natives in a war of extermination, just as the British arms were turned upon the American revolutionists in our struggle for freedom. This is the most shameful chapter in the history of our country. The President himself said, before he embarked on this enterprise, that forcible conquest, according to our code of morals, is criminal aggression. Now, if he has done any moral wrong, and at the same time, has done violence to the Constitution, there can be no extenuation for his acts, and the magnitude of the issues will at once appear. We are not pleading for the freedom of the Filipinos, but for the freedom of the people of this country, whose rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness are alone preserved by the Constitution.

CONSTITUTION BROUGHT IN.

"The Constitution is the barrier between the people and the unauthorized acts of the President and Congress, and so long as it is observed, there can be no empire. The Supreme Court has held that the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence must be read together; that the Declaration of Independence is the soul and spirit of which the Constitution is but the form and the letter; in it, there is no authority to acquire territory without extending to the acquired land the protection of the Constitution. The men who made the Constitution were rebels against an unauthorized power, and made equality, uniformity, and consent the chief corner-stones of the document. Their declarations were that men are equal with respect to their rights under the flag; without representation there shall be no taxation; and that imposts and taxes shall be uniform throughout the United States, and territory subject to its jurisdiction. The President has violated the letter and the spirit of the law. The only possible solution consistent with our form of government and the spirit of our laws, is to give independence to the Filipinos, and, if necessary, afford them the same protection against foreign interference, as that given to the South American republics. But it is urged that they are not fit. Lincoln says that is the argument of kingcraft. As a matter of fact, Dewey says they are more fit than the Cubans, and he has a knowledge of both people. Yet, we went to war to give the Cubans independence. The Philippine Islands should, under no circumstances, be territory of the United States, because in asserting sovereignty, we must either give them the benefit of the laws, or deny it to them; if we deny it, we wreck our Constitution and subvert the republic; if we grant it, we open the gates to an industrial problem against which the negro problem in the South should warn us. Ten million non-assimilable Asiatics may freely come and go. Judge Estee has just decided that a Chinese resident of Hawaii at the time of annexation may enter the United States in spite of the exclusion act; so the Filipinos may come and seek employment; or manufacturers can erect mills in our foreign possessions, using the cheap labor of the native races. Our commerce for several years prior to 1898, with the Philippine Islands was insignificant.

THE ARMY BUGABOO.

Last year we sold, including all our military supplies, not more than $1,-000,000 worth of goods to the islands, and the war has cost $15,000,000 a month, and, to-date, 2000 lives. It is urged that we must own lands abroad to extend our commerce. If that were true we would have no commerce at all, and yet we have distanced the world in our export sales; it is a new theory of business and trade to make customers by destroying them, and to increase their capacity to purchase by ravaging their land. As to a naval base, dry docks and commercial houses, we could always have had them after the fall of Manila, and we can have them now, but how more secure they would have been with a friendly than with a hostile people. We have paid a terrible price for the blunders of the administration in blood and treasure; ...expenses of the government have increased $256,000,000 a year for the last three years, creating enormous deficits which must be met by taxes.

"Perhaps the very reason for our commercial success in the past was that every American laborer, unlike his European competitor, has not carried a soldier upon his back. Our destiny is peace. Our wealth is in our energy, our industry; our success is in these paths; human freedom under a constitutional government is one of our ideals which must not be destroyed; if there be any expansion, let it be the expansion of freedom; let the Constitution follow the flag.

"This is the first opportunity the people have had to speak on these momentous problems. If they are blind to the lessons of history, to the genius of their institutions, to the sacred character of their Constitution, they will rue the day. If they rebuke the administration, another evidence will be given to the world of the intelligence, power and patriotism of the American people."

At the conclusion of his address several large bouquets were handed to Mr. Phelan, the beautiful compliments being gracefully acknowledged by the chief magistrate of San Francisco.

SIMS ENDS IT.

The audience disappeared rapidly after the finish of the main speech, and Hon. J. C. Sims, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, who was the last speaker introduced, talked for twenty minutes to the accompaniment of the foot-beats of the retreating crowd. Mayor Phelan was the big show, and the people apparently did not care for the closing event of the evening.

Mr. Sims bespoke support for Candidate Graves; predicted Democratic success in California; lauded the Boers; and denounced the administration in the true Bryanistic style.

None of the speakers had a word to say about free silver, and when a weak-voiced man in the gallery proposed three cheers for "sixteen to one," there was no response.

LION'S DEN A "BLIND PIG?"

Raided by Police Last Night and Considerable Liquor Gathered In.

The police raided the Lion's Den at Westlake Park last night about 11 o'clock. They steered clear of the lions, but they captured four cases of liquor, which were carefully stowed away in the office at the Central Station, to be used as evidence in the charge against A. J. Morrison of selling liquor without a license.

Morrison and his wife conduct the place, which is known as the Lion's Den cafe and ice cream parlors. As a side attraction, in addition to the two African lions, there is a dance hall in the rear, which is liberally patronized, especially by young people of both sexes. Many parents, when they miss their boys and girls at night, send a messenger to the Lion's Den, and often the quest is not in vain.

A few weeks ago Morrison was arrested, at the instance of angry citizens, on the charge of maintaining a nuisance, in the shape of the lions. When the case came to trial he denied the ownership of the beasts, claiming that they belonged to his wife, and he was discharged. A complaint was then lodged against her. She availed herself of a jury trial and was acquitted.

On being booked at the station last night, Morrison deposited $50 cash bail for his appearance before Justice Morgan this afternoon, and was released.

TO PROTECT ESTATES.

Important Convention Between the United States and England Now in Force—Its Provisions.

The convention between England and the United States relative to estates of decedents, has been finally settled and ratified in Washington. Article III of this convention provides, in substance, as follows: "In case of the death of British subjects in the United States, or American citizens in England, without having any known heirs, the local authorities shall at once inform the nearest consular officer of the circumstances, and such consular officer shall have the right to appear in all proceedings on behalf of the absent heirs."

The convention further provides that persons dying in States where foreigners cannot hold real estate, can bequeath to foreigners, who will thereupon have three years to dispose of their inheritance, and they are exempted from any duties other than those payable by residents of the State. British Vice-Consul Mortimer has a copy of the treaty, which can be seen at his office.

TAILORS' TROUBLES.

Journeymen Coatmakers Threatening to Go on Strike—Higher Wages for Piece Work Demanded.

A strike is brewing among the union journeymen coatmakers of the city, who are dissatisfied with the present wage scale, and have made a demand upon their employers for an increase. Less than forty men are affected. One dollar per garment is said to be the increase asked by the men who work by the piece. The tailors working by the week, it is understood, are satisfied with their wages, and are not asking for a raise. Both journeymen and employing tailors, who were questioned last night regarding the trouble, were reticent about discussing it. Unless an understanding satisfactory to all parties is reached today, the strike may go into effect next week.

OPERATIC STARS COMING.

Famous Members of the Grau Company Start from London for New York.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] LONDON, Oct. 19.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The steamer New York, which is to sail for New York from Southampton, will have on board as passengers Maurice Grau, Edouard De Reszke, Mme. Nordica, Mme. Bauermeister and seventy other operatic artists.

The steamer Campania, which will leave Liverpool tomorrow for New York will have on board Mme. Melba, and Mancinelli, the musical director.

The steamer L'Aquitaine, which sails from Havre tomorrow and the steamer Friederich der Grosse, which sails from Southampton Sunday, will carry

NOT THEIR BUSINESS.

Freeholders Not After Present Charter.

Their Work to Amend, Not Question.

Police Suggestions Adopted. Ward Boundaries Not to Be Changed.

An ineffectual attempt was made last evening to have the fifteen men who were the Board of Freeholders, investigate the legality of the present charter, with the exception of the Mayor, City Attorney, Council, local lawyers and the public generally. By a vote of six to four, the committee expressed its sense that it was not within the province of charter framers to question the legality of the organic law of the city, for which they are framing amendments.

The decision was reached when Alderman Page offered a resolution to the effect that in view of the recent Supreme Court decision, declaring the Board of Freeholders to have no legal existence, and in view of the fact that the present city charter was submitted to the voters within less than thirty days after the last day of its publication, contrary to statute, an investigating committee be appointed to report Tuesday as to the legality of the present charter, with the exception as above stated. The resolution was voted down.

It was policemen's night with the charter framers last evening, and the guardians of the city's peace scored a victory by having the board adopt as a whole a list of proposed amendments to the charter presented by Chief Sims and Detective Moffatt, who appeared before the meeting and explained at length the object of their amendments. The board at a previous meeting had adopted an exhaustive article on the police department, including provisions for a police relief and pension fund.

By the amendments proposed by the representatives of the police, and adopted by the charter framers, it is provided that persons eligible to appointment on the police force must be between the ages of 25 and 40 years.

The original provisions had provided that a policeman must have been in the department for twenty years consecutively in order to be retired on a pension. This was changed so that twenty years' service in the aggregate will allow an officer to receive a pension upon his retirement; the pension to be one-half of the monthly salary received by him at the time of his retirement, instead of the amount received by him for three years prior to his retirement, as previously provided.

Upon the death from natural causes of any member of the force, who has not received a pension under the provisions of the charter, after an aggregate of ten years' service in the police department, his widow, minor children or mother, if she be dependent solely upon him for support, will receive $1000. The provision contained by this clause was to the effect that said surviving relatives should receive, if the decedent had been consecutively in the service for ten years, the amount he had paid into the pension fund.

It is also provided that the police relief and pension fund shall receive not less than 1 nor more than 2 per cent. of all moneys collected from saloon licenses. These amendments were read at length by Mr. Moffatt and, by unanimous vote, were adopted as a whole.

Attorney J. J. Thomas addressed the board at length on franchises. He appeared as a citizen and as the representative of the Los Angeles Traction Company. He advocated the granting by the city of franchises to the applicant, and not by advertising to the highest bidder. He presented to the board a draft of a proposed amendment for some of the sections of the report of the Committee on Public Utilities relative to franchises. It and the report of the committee were referred to the Judiciary Committee for a report as to the legality of their form.

The committee adopted an amendment to a previously-adopted article on contracts, in which provision is made for the creation of an inspection committee, to be composed of the Mayor, president of the Council and City Clerk, two of whom must be present upon the opening, by the City Clerk, of all bids for work or supplies. The Inspection Committee will also act as an advisory committee to the Council, with respect to the inspection and rejection of all supplies, and the Council shall not approve the acceptance of any supplies without having received the report of the Inspection Committee.

The City Electrician, by the terms of a section adopted last night, is to be appointed by the Board of Fire Commissioners, instead of by the Mayor, as had been previously provided.

The report of the Committee on Boundaries was adopted as a whole. It provides for no change in the present ward boundaries, and sets forth the city's limits as surveyed under the direction of the City Engineer.

This report, as adopted, provides that the Council shall, within two years after the new charter becomes operative, change the boundaries of the wards in such a way as to equalize approximately the population of each ward, and to create, if necessary, new wards which shall have the same representation in the Council as is provided for the present wards.

LIGHT EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

Compared with former boards of freeholders, the present board has cost the city very little money. The City Council made an appropriation of $500 for its expenses, and it has used less than $400 of this, and out of the total appropriation there will probably remain a considerable sum, to be turned into the city treasury when the work is completed, and all bills paid. The statement that the expenses of the board have exceeded $1000 has no foundation in fact. The city has paid the money and has paid much less than it had expected to pay. Secretary

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—IN THE OFFICES AND COURTS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

A majority of the members of the City Council express the opinion that the lighting company must come to time, and say they will vote to hold up the October demand.

The Ice and Cold Storage Company is seeking a franchise to distribute 'frigidity' in pipes. No action has been taken by the City Council.

George Trumbell is on trial in the criminal court for robbery.

Judge Smith has overruled the technical points raised against the information charging Y. Bilderrain with attempting to bribe an officer.

An answer that is peculiar has been filed in the action for support and maintenance begun by Alfrida Benioff against her husband, S. Beinoff, a ladies' merchant tailor of this city.

Three new companies incorporated yesterday.

In the Police Court the principal difficulty settled yesterday was brought about by an innocent melon. A boy who got it was found not guilty of disturbing the peace.

Five working electric linemen were arrested on complaint of a striker, charged with violating a city ordinance. They allege that it was a case of spite work, and that they had already ceased operations by order of the City Electrician.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

DEMAND MAY BE HELD UP.

Members of the Council Say Lighting Company Must Come to Terms.

Unless the Los Angeles Electric Company can convince the Council on Monday that the recent serious defects in the lighting system were unavoidable, it will probably have to resort to legal measures to collect the October demand. A majority of the Councilmen yesterday expressed an intention of forcing the company to comply with its contract and furnish the city with proper lighting service.

Councilman Pierce said that the company would not get the money on the warrant if his vote was a requisite. "The people in my ward," said he in a jocular vein, "have been very much disturbed of late regarding the erratic course of the sun. It has been feared that the end of the world and the millenium was at hand. Judging by the time at which the lighting circuits have been lit, the sun has been in the habit of setting all the way from 6 to 10 o'clock. I propose to do what I can to lighten this mental strain on the citizens of my constituency. Seriously, there has been a great amount of just complaint of late regarding street lighting. The service has been miserable and I for one will vote to bring the company to terms."

Councilman Pressell, whose peaceful slumbers have been disturbed at all hours of the night by telephone protests against the absence of light, was also emphatic in his statement that some change would have to be made at once if the remedy lay within the power of the Council. "Why," said the Sixth Ward member, "the conditions have been horrible. Some of the time the lamps burned, but much of the time they did not. I receive from one to a dozen complaints about the matter every night. I shall vote to compel the company to live up to the contract."

"There seems to be a combine to throttle the city in regard to lighting facilities," said Councilman Lauder, "and I don't see any other way open but for the Council to combine against the company and force the observance of the contract. My ward is nearer the center of the city and has not suffered as much as some of those further out, but the conditions have been bad enough. Some change is imperative."

Councilman Blanchard stated that he would stand solidly by Vetter's resolution to insist upon the proper quality and quantity of light. He said there had been many complaints in his ward about the service and he would favor any move that would compel the company to give the city value received before the demand was approved.

The City Attorney has been consulted and the Council will act with his advice.

COLD IN PIPES.

FRANCHISE FOR FRIGIDITY.

The Ice and Cold Storage Company, whose plant is located at Mesquit and Seventh streets, has made application to the Council for a franchise giving them the right to lay pipes and underground conduits in the streets for the conveyance and distribution of refrigerating materials. It is the intention of the company to establish a large storage refrigerator house somewhere in the produce district, if the concession sought is granted by the Council, and from thence to supply the markets, hotels and large business houses with frigidity.

The petition was filed with the Council some time ago, but it did not come before the Board of Public Works, to which it was referred, until yesterday. No action was taken. The ordinance as drafted provides for the sale of a franchise for placing conduits in the streets, without reservation, the term of the franchise to be twenty-five years. Some Councilmen would favor the granting of some concession in the wholesale district, but believe it poor public policy to allow the pavement on Spring, Broadway, and some parts of Main street, to be torn up for such a purpose.

The principle by which the company wishes to furnish refrigeration is simple. Anhydrous ammonia under pressure is sent through pipes to the room that is to be refrigerated, and is there admitted to pipe coils similar to those used in steam heating. The ammonia, expands from a liquid to a gas, and the process produces extreme cold. As a gas, the ammonia is then returned to the ice factory, and there reconverted into the anhydrous state and again sent out on its frigid mission.

J. G. McKinney, manager, stated yesterday that the company had extensive improvements under consideration dependent upon securing the franchise. It was its purpose, he said, to furnish a distributing system to the commission houses, hotels and large wholesale houses in the business center. The proposed storage house would probably be located on Los Angeles street somewhere between Second and Fifth streets, and no small sum of money would be spent in equipment.

At the next session of the board it is probable that the matter will be thoroughly canvassed. The most perplexing thing about the situation is the uncertainty about the status of the franchise law. The act of the State Legislature of 1897 regarding franchises has been ruled upon by the Supreme Court and declared void in nearly all cases. Mr. McKinney asserts that his company does not de-

to grant the concession which he asks. The City Attorney is in communication with the League of California Municipalities with reference to the franchise question. The league is trying to arrive at a basis for remedial legislation to propose at the next session of the State Legislature. Thus far no determination has been reached.

He holds that the Council can grant the franchise if it so desires, and can demand from the company any arbitrary price for the concession, but that since the decision of the Supreme Court, the franchise cannot be put up for competitive bidding. The Supreme Court held that if a franchise was let to the highest bidder the act implied that the company had a monopoly of the use of the street for that particular purpose, which was opposed to the spirit of the constitution.

MINOR MATTERS.

The board granted the petitions to improve Reid street between Pico and Sixteenth, and will so recommend to the Council on Monday.

The application of the Southern California Railway Company to lay a spur track across Avenue 22 to the property of the Howard Oil Company was acted upon favorably. As illustrative of the intricacy of Los Angeles streets the position of the spur is described as near the point where Avenue 33 crosses Avenue 26 at right angles.

A petition to sidewalk the west side of Whitmer street between First and Silver streets, was also recommended for approval by the board.

Water Company Taxes.

The Los Angeles City Water Company yesterday paid its first quota of city taxes. On the main plant the tax amounted to $10,583, and on the Crystal Springs property to $329. The total collections for the day were $12,500.

Work Protested.

U. J. Kesler yesterday filed with the City Clerk a protest against the acceptance of the street work on Grand avenue between First and Court streets. The street was accepted by Street Superintendent Drain one month ago and today would have been the last to protest against the issuance of the bonds. M. A. Mansfield was the contractor.

Petition Filed.

A petition to establish the grade of Whittier street between Eighth and Ninth streets was filed with the City Clerk yesterday.

[AT THE COURTHOUSE.]

ROBBING OF A VETERAN.

George Trumbell on Trial, Charged With Holding Up William Eviston.

George Trumbell, who is accused jointly with James Heffner of having robbed William Eviston, an old soldier, on the night of September 14, at a dark place dangerously near the tenderloin district, is on trial in the criminal department of the Superior Court.

Trumbell is a tiny fellow for a man, combs his curly hair slick, and is defended by William Crawford, Esq. Deputy District Attorney McComas is handling the prosecution.

Impaneling a jury was the work of only a few minutes. The men sworn to try the case were G. W. Benson, C. E. Beebe, William T. Howlett, George T. Jeffries, Evan Lewis, E. A. Lawrence, D. M. McGarry, W. R. Nelson, Alex McClain, William T. Martin, William Rommell, S. F. Wuest.

The first witness called was the complainant, William Eviston, a one-armed veteran, whose home is in Tempe, Ariz. He tells his story concisely and with great positiveness. Until the beginning of the present year he was a miner, but his health broke down, and he was compelled to leave the summer heat of the Territory, and spend the months of July and August at Santa Monica. On his way back he stopped in Los Angeles for two weeks, to see the sights.

And he got robbed.

It was very late on the night of October 14, when he dropped into the Klondike saloon at the corner of Wilmington and Commercial streets, where Heffner was tending bar, and Trumbell was busy standing round. They shook dice for the beer; the old soldier got stuck, and he treated the crowd, including the women. They had a gay time.

Finally Heffner said it was time to shut up the saloon, and Eviston started for his room. He hadn't gone far down the street when he heard the boys come out of the saloon, bang the door shut and lock it.

Then he heard two men walking up behind him hurriedly, and, stepping aside to let them pass, he was struck a blow on the head and knocked to the ground in a dazed condition, but he says he knew enough to realize that his pockets were being rifled of $4 and a watch, and that the two men took off down the street on a run.

Eviston was soon on his feet again in pursuit of them, yelling "Police!" at the top of his voice. Officer Craig was on the scene at once and captured the running men, whom Eviston says did not get out of his sight for an instant. The men arrested were Trumbell and Heffner.

Trumbell denies any part whatever in the robbery, and avers that he was merely walking behind the old man when other parties robbed him and he was caught while running to keep from getting mixed up in the crime.

COCK FIGHTING CASE.

BILDERRAIN TO BE TRIED.

It begins to look as if the trial of G. Bilderrain on the charge of attempting to bribe an officer on March 17 may be a reality of the immediate future. All the technical objections made by his counsel against the information now on file in the criminal department of the Superior Court were overruled by Judge Smith in a decision handed down in writing.

Bilderrain is charged with offering Humane Officer Craig $20 as purchase price for the latter's non-interference in a Sunday cock fight, which the information defines thus: "To cause certain cocks to fight, worry and injure each other for the amusement and gain of G. Bilderrain."

His counsel are ex-Senator White and Earl Rogers, Esq. They moved to set aside the information and also demurred to it.

Judge Smith is against them, as follows:

"Motion to set aside information must be overruled, as records show compliance with statute in that behalf.

"Demurrer also must be overruled, as information appears to state a good case upon its face. I do not think it can be seriously contended that a police officer is not an executive officer. I think also an officer of the Los Angeles Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is an executive

alleges that it was the duty of such officer to prevent such cock fighting.

"The briefs for defendant call in question the facts as to whether Craig is a police officer or an officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, but the information alleges that he is such officer and, so far as the demurrer is concerned, that must be taken as true.

"So that it occurs to the court that the exhaustive and learned briefs filed by counsel in the case are quite outside the domain of the motion and the demurrer.

"Motion to set aside denied and demurrer overruled."

"EVE, SHE DID IT."

BENIOFF'S PECULIAR DEFENSE.

The suit of Alfrida Benioff for maintenance and support against her husband, Simon Benioff, a ladies' merchant tailor at No. 330 South Broadway, was before Judge Allen yesterday, and elicited a peculiar answer from the defendant.

Mrs. Benioff alleges in her complaint that they were married on March 20, 1899, and that on September 14 of the same year a child was born; that the husband deserted his wife on their wedding day, and that he has never provided for her and child, with the exception of the monthly payment of $10 or $20. Now she alleges that both she and the baby boy are sick and in dire distress, and she asks the law to compel her husband to pay her $100 a month out of his net earnings of from $3000 to $5000 a year.

By way of answer Benioff, through his attorney, E. A. Meserve, Esq., set up an ante-nuptial agreement, whereby they agreed to marry each other to enable the expected child to be born in lawful wedlock, and he agreed to pay the expenses of the mother's confinement, $20 a month during her sickness and $10 a month thereafter for the support of the child, all property rights and claims for support being especially waived by the wife.

This contract, says Benioff, was entered into by him merely for the child's sake, for the reason that it was he who had been led astray by the woman, and not the woman by him. He alleges that she twice went to his store after closing hours and induced him into illicit relations with her, without any previous acquaintance, friendly or love relations. Then their intimacy was found to be serious, and they agreed to get married, but never to live together, nor recognize each other as husband and wife, the father's only expense to be the care of his child.

While Attorney Meserve was presenting the Adam-like plea of his client that "'twas Eve who did it," Benioff created a sensation in the courtroom by jumping to his feet and shouting "It's true! It's true!" and, lifting his hand as if to take an oath, "I swear."

"Sit down!" yelled Meserve, while Bailiff Bonnell sprang to the excited tailor and told him to keep order.

Judge Allen expressed himself as strongly of the opinion that the ante-nuptial agreement is invalid. Its provisions are thought to be in strict variance with all the provisions of the marriage contract, and the court continued the matter for further hearing on the point. The code provides that when a man marries, he agrees to support his wife and children, and if he fails to do so, he may be arrested and put in jail.

"In the case at bar," says Judge Allen, "is an instance where the parties have agreed to the contrary before marriage. If the ante-nuptial contract is valid, then the wedding ceremony was idle folly and the child was born out of wedlock."

The question is a close one, and time was allowed both parties to file authorities. The defense claims that the woman had a right to sign away her own rights in the premises, but not the child's, and Benioff says he stands ready and willing to pay $20 a month to the child.

Pending a decision in the matter, however, the court has ordered him to pay alimony in $10 a week and $50 attorney's fees. Mrs. Benioff's attorneys are Messrs. Schultze and Phillips.

INCORPORATIONS.

THREE NEW COMPANIES.

The Pennsylvania Drilling Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $40,000, divided into 40,000 shares, of which amount $5 has been subscribed. The directors are Guy T. Berry, Rufus M. Close, L. C. Blakelee, R. E. Small, Los Angeles; W. V. James, Springfield, Mass.

The Union Consolidated Gold Mines Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $50,000, divided into 50,000 shares, of which amount $46,695 has been subscribed. The directors are H. Z. Osborne, C. E. Keller, W. M. Van Dyke, Sherrill B. Osborne and Olin Wellborn, all of Los Angeles.

The Blinn Oil Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, has incorporated with $200,000 as a capital stock, divided into 200,000 shares, of which amount $70,004 has been subscribed. The directors are L. W. Blinn, W. H. Griffin, W. J. Stevens, C. Seligman, L. H. Mitchel, H. S. Sparks, all of Los Angeles, and D. A. Moore of San Pedro.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

DOPE FIEND FIXED. Fred Martin pleaded guilty yesterday to burglarizing the premises of Night-watchman F. H. Auble on October 12 in the day time and was sentenced by Judge Smith to serve a year in San Quentin. Martin is the tag end of a dope fiend, having contracted the opium habit in a hospital under treatment for an accident. He believes that the penitentiary will afford him an opportunity "to become a man again."

RIETOW MATTER. The application of her grandparents of San Francisco for a writ of habeaus corpus to get custody of little Fern Rietow, the uncle-abused little girl now in the care of the Humane Society of this city, has been continued another week, awaiting information relative to the fitness of the grandparents to have the child.

CHURCH DEBT. The Eagle Rock Church of Christ, Congregationalist, asks leave to plaster a $500 mortgage on its real property.

FOR FORECLOSURE. N. M. Hisey is suing E. A. Miller and others to foreclose a $700 mortgage.

ASSIGNED CLAIM. Henry H. Klamroth is suing W. E. Brown, Frederick Winstanley and John H. Simms, carpenters, doing business under the name of the California Instantaneous Carbonating Company, to recover $1681.15, alleged to be due for goods delivered by the Compressed Gas Capsule Company.

INCOMPETENT FROM AGE. W. T. S. Hammond asks to be appointed guardian of the estate and person of Adaline P. Gilliland, aged 74, who is alleged to be incompetent to manage her own affairs. Mrs. Gilliland, who

ing on nothing but rice, when she has $1200 in the bank and owns her house and lot on South Olive street.

MOISE MINORS. Sophie D. Moise asks to be appointed guardian of her children, Howard and Columbus Moise, who are heirs-at-law to estates in New Jersey and Pennsylvania amounting to $1500.

BALDWIN ESTATE. William J. Haskell asks for the probate of the will of the late Eliza Baldwin, who died on September 15, leaving property valued at $3000.

ATTORNEY'S FEES. G. S. Welch began suit yesterday against J. S. Dillon and Emma Dillon to recover judgment for $500, alleged to be due Messrs. Lawler & Allen for attorney's fees.

[POLICE AND JUSTICE COURTS.]

MELON THAT ROLLED AWAY.

Peace Mission That Ended in a Row—Linemen Arrested. Spite Charged.

"Silvers" got the melon. There was no doubt about it, because he said so. Walter Eastman told him to take it, and "Missouri" told him to "run around the corner" with it. He did so, and then he and the other newsboys "put it inside of them."

The melon belonged to Mike Ragatolo, a child of sunny Italy, who is a purveyor of fruit at Fifth street and Maple avenue. The boys passed that way and saw the melon in the gutter, where it had rolled from Mike's stand. At least they said it was in the gutter.

Afterward Mike asked Walter if he had stolen the melon. Walter said no, and further intimated that any one who accused him of it was a liar. Words were bandied back and forth, and as a result Walter swore to a complaint against Mike, charging him with disturbing the peace by using vulgar, profane and indecent language, in a loud and boisterous manner, in the presence of women and children. When the case was tried in the Police Court yesterday, however, the worst the prosecution's witnesses could prove was that Mike had called Walter a "darn fool." Walter pretended to be terribly shocked when telling the court about it. So did Jessie Garber, one of his witnesses, who recently had a young man arrested for saying impolite things to her, but couldn't prove it when the Police Court searchlight was turned on.

Justice Morgan decided that the peace hadn't been disturbed to any great extent, at least by Mike, and ordered his discharge.

A Strike Incident.

Chauncey Hartwell, Ernest Hartwell, Horace Anderson, C. O. Anderson and W. H. Darvell, electric linemen, the first four in the employ of the Los Angeles Electric Railway Company, and the latter an employé of the Edison Electric Company, were arraigned on misdemeanor charges, the complaint having been sworn to by A. L. Brose, one of the striking linemen.

It is said that the men were stringing a feed wire from the cable of the railway company on Main street, near Fourth, over the top of a building to the sub-station of the Edison company on Los Angeles street. With the exception of feed wires for electric railways, the city ordinance prohibits the stringing of wires above ground within certain limits. The men, it is said, ceased operations when ordered to do so by City Electrician Francis. They allege that the work had been stopped before Brose swore to the complaint, and that the latter's action was due entirely to spite. Brose, before he "struck," was a telephone lineman.

All of the men entered pleas of not guilty. Their trials were set for next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and they were allowed to go on their own recognizance in the meantime.

She Had "Jined."

Jennie Holden, colored, had "jined" the church and felt in a forgiving mood. She went to see her neighbor, Maria Hudgins, also colored, bearing in her hands the olive branch of peace. Jennie and Maria had previously "vassed" each other but Jennie wanted to apologize, secure forgiveness and be good.

But the peace conference broke up in a row, and Jennie was arrested for disorderly conduct. She was found guilty, and will be sentenced at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Young Larcenists.

Chester Franklin and Dick Pugh, the young men who stole a set of double harness from Franklin's father, were sentenced. Franklin was fined $90 and Pugh $80, with the alternative of serving their sentences in the chain gang at the rate of $1 per day.

Held to Answer.

James Walsh was held for trial in the Superior Court on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. He and James Welch got into a drunken brawl, and the latter was cut in the throat with a pocket knife.

Policelets.

John Lehman, a Mexican boy, was fined $10 for disturbing the peace, but as he is his mother's chief support, the sentence was suspended during good behavior. Last Monday night young Lehman and another boy got into a row in a First-street poolroom, and went into an alley to "have it out."

Peter Jorgensen was fined $5 for violating the swill ordinance.

J. C. Robertson, a suburbanite, rode his bicycle on the sidewalk on Thirty-sixth street, and a policeman nabbed him. It cost him $5.

A. J. Matsuswerki, a Polish junk dealer, pleaded not guilty to violating the hitching ordinance. He will try to establish his innocence this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Freight on Tin Cans and Apples—No Foundation for Salt Lake and Union Pacific Combine Story.

The railroads have a rule that commodities requiring no special equipment, when shipped in quantity making one or more full cars and a portion of another car, the whole shippent shall take carload rates. But where any sort of special equipment is required the fractional car shall take less than carload rates. This rule has been amended so as to include tin cans, under the second part of the rule.

The roads have a rule also which provides that preservatives, ice, sawdust, hay, tanbark or other similar articles in a carload with fruit or other perishable goods, must pay the same rate of freight as the goods in the car.

This rule is amended so as to take in carloads of apples to any Pacific Coast terminal.

both declare that there is no foundation for the San Francisco story to the effect that the Los Angeles and Salt Lake road is to be allied with the Union Pacific or other road. They concede that the Oregon Short Line extension now operated from Salt Lake to Uvada, where the Utah and Nevada State line runs, may be absorbed, as they have said heretofore. But if so it will be by outright purchase.

George S. Strait, assistant to Mr. Bayerts, city freight agent of the Santa Fé, will go at once to Sacramento to be traveling passenger and freight agent of the road for the Coast lying north of Sacramento and for Nevada. His place here will be filled by R. C. Short, now commercial agent of the road at North Ontario.

J. A. Nixon, engineer for all plants of the Pintsch Gas Lighting Company, and A. C. Van Nest of the engineering department of that company, are at the Van Nuys. They are installing a generating plant not far from River Station to supply cars on the Southern Pacific lines. The gas used in the railway cars is generated by a special process and has about five times the illuminating power, bulk for bulk, that is contained in ordinary illuminating gas. That method of lighting is employed in 15,000 cars in the United States.

INFLUENTIAL CAREER.

Facts About the Life and Work of the Late Charles Alexander Mentry, a "Self-made Man."

The passing of Charles Alexander Mentry, who died in Los Angeles on Thursday, the 4th day of October, 1900, in the fifty-fourth year of his age, and the influence and bearing his life and works have exerted on one of the great industries of the State, calls for more than a mere notice of his death, or the ordinary conventional eulogy.

Mr. Mentry was a native of France, came to the United States when only 7 years of age, and afterward, settling in Pennsylvania, in the early period of the petroleum oil development, he soon mastered all the details of the producing business, and became an active operator and contractor. Coming to California in 1875, he became a resident of Los Angeles county, and lived there continuously until his death.

As an oil operator and manager of large producing interests, expert in every grade of his profession, he has been an acknowledged leader. While wells had been drilled for oil in California as early as 1865, no satisfactory results had been obtained, and it was not until he had completed the first producing well in the Pico Cañon, near Newhall, in Los Angeles county, that the petroleum-oil business could be said to have attained its start in this State. This well was drilled under great difficulties, and the obstacles that were encountered and overcome would have discouraged a less resourceful man. The railroad had not then been completed, there was no road into the cañon, water was almost unattainable, and there were no adequate tools or machinery to be had. In fact, almost everything that was used at this early stage of the development, was the creation of Mentry's hands and genius. Supplies of every kind had to be hauled in and packed over the mountains, tools had to be improvised from the scant material available, but his indomitable will surmounted every obstacle, and he had the satisfaction of being the first to demonstrate the existence of petroleum in paying quantities. His success led to the investment of capital, the purchase of large tracts of land, the exploitation and development of the oil measures, the construction of pipe lines and refineries, and, pointing out the way for others to follow, his efforts have enabled California to take front rank with the other great oil-producing States. He was for over twenty years the superintendent of the Pacific Coast Oil Company, and constructed the first pipe line for the transportation of oil within the State. This line was laid from Pico Cañon to Newhall, was afterward extended to Piacerita and Elsmere cañons, and from Mentryville to the ocean at Ventura. From this line he also superintended the loading of the first steel tank steamer ever built, and employed on the Pacific Coast. He was a born mechanic, and no mechanism seemed too intricate for his deft hands and active brain to solve. He was equally at home with the delicate works of the finest watch, or the parts of the ponderous locomotive. He believed in the dignity of labor, and exemplified that belief in his works. He used his hands as well as head, and, while controlling and directing a small army of men, he never hesitated, when occasion demanded, when some more difficult tool had to be fashioned to meet an emergency, to take his place at the forge and swing the hammer and the sledge. Under his dexterous touch, the conscious iron seemed to know the master's hand, and rapidly took the form and shape his subtle brain had planned. During periods of threatened disaster, when the great properties he managed were menaced by both fire and flood, he never lost his nerve, but calmly did his best to meet the worst, to minimize the loss, and to protect both life and works.

He was essentially a self-made man, in all the higher meaning of the term. Deprived of the early advantages of the higher education, he learned by observation and hard work, and overcame all difficulties by the sheer force of application and of will. He kept in touch with progress, and was always quick to see and to adopt new methods to attain desired ends. In his treatment of men, he combined justice and firmness with kindliness and sympathy. He never allowed his judgment to be swayed by prejudice or passion. His relations to those employed under him were almost patriarchal. He was not only recognized as their chief, but was looked up to as their counsellor and friend. At Mentryville, the little settlement of employés named in his honor, there has grown up an ideal community of modest homes. Under his wise and kindly rule, content has reigned; no strikes have taken place; families have been reared and friendships formed; schoolhouse built, and a social hall; and each, to manhood's growth attained, are working by their father's sides. He was the friend of all young men, and did his best to help them on in life. Ability was quickly noted and rewarded by advancement, and many of the best well-drillers in the State are proud to say that, under his watchful eye and fostering care they learned their trade.

Not bound by any narrow creeds or superstitions, he lived the upright, manly life from principle alone. His life and achievements are illustrations to all young men that no royal road is needed to insure success; that honesty of purpose, earnest application and fidelity to fixed principles will win their way, and that merit will succeed.

Mr. Mentry died in the fullness of life and his career, and was not permitted to realize the promotion and new honors that awaited him. In all the relations of life, he stood preeminent. The devoted husband and father, the trusted official, the loyal, faithful friend, and the kindly gentleman, his death has caused a pang to many sorrowing hearts that time alone can heal, and a loss that seems almost irreparable. When all had gathered at the last sad office for the dead, the tears that stalwart men by scores were not ashamed to shed, were eloquent, by far, than pen can trace or lips can utter.

Let us not think of our dear friend as simply dead, but as one gone to

"Join the choir invisible
Of those immortal dead, who live again
In minds made better by their presence."

D. G. S.

"I GAVE little thought to my health," writes Mrs. Wm. H. Bell, 230 N. Walnut St., Canton, O., to Mrs. Pinkham. "until I found myself unable to attend to my household duties.

"I had had my days of not feeling well and my periods of suffering, and a good deal of backache, but I thought all women had these things and did not complain.

"I had doctored for some time, but no medicine seemed to help me, and my physician thought it best for me to go to the hospital for local treatment. I had read and heard so much of

THOUGHTLESS WOMEN

Vegetable Compound that I made up my mind to try it. I was troubled with falling of the womb, had sharp pains in ovaries, leucorrhœa and painful menses. I was so weak and dizzy that I would often have severe fainting spells. I took in all several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier and used the Sanative Wash, and am now in good health. I wish others to know of the wonderful good it has done me, and have many friends taking it now. Will always give your medicine the highest praise."

Mrs. A. Tolle, 1946 Hilton St., Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham—I was very thin and my friends thought I was in consumption. Had continual headaches, backache and falling of womb, and my eyes were affected. Every one noticed how poorly I looked and I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. One bottle relieved me, and after taking eight bottles am now a healthy woman; have gained in weight 95 pounds in 8 months, and everyone asks what makes me so stout."

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Exposition Matters—London Wants Our Oranges—Good Roads Convention the Coming Week.

Information is at hand to the effect that the Paris Exposition Commission is preparing to return home. All the awards have not yet been made in the horticultural department, but reserved until the close of the exposition. It is believed Southern California will receive additional medals.

A letter was yesterday received from Covent Garden, London, stating that the European orange crop would be late and small, and inquiring as to the probability of getting California oranges for the holiday trade. They are guaranteed to be delivered from California to London in seventeen days, and the expense of delivery and commission would be $2.41. If any shipper wants to try the London market here is his chance.

The Department of Agriculture has sprung a surprise by sending notice that Director Martin Dodge will be in attendance at the good roads convention to be held next Wednesday and Thursday, and will deliver an address on "National Highways, Past and Future." The promoters of the convention are much pleased, as the subject is of great interest in this section. The completion of a national highway would mean the completion of El Camino Real, so much talked about by the advocates of a State highway. W. H. Moore's address on "Highways in the Middle West" will be an object lesson, as he understands all the needs of the western populace. H. P. Wood has been appointed to represent the San Diego Wheelmen's Club. Charles Fuller Gates and William K. Cowan will represent the Roamers' Road Club of this city. The National Irrigation Association has appointed George H. Maxwell and Charles E. Richards as its representatives.

SOCIALIST DEMOCRATS.

They Nominate a City Ticket and Adopt a Platform full of Demands and Denunciations.

The Social Democratic party has placed in nomination the following city ticket:

For Mayor, Fred C. Wheeler; City Clerk, F. H. Gill; City Attorney, Fred J. Spring; Treasurer, Dr. A. J. Stevens; Auditor, James S. Roche; Tax Collector, Arthur Vinette; Street Superintendent, E. L. Osgood; Assessor, Charles H. Ross.

For City Council—First Ward, L. F. Fisher; Second Ward, E. C. Cady; Third Ward, W. A. Corey; Fourth Ward, F. H. Brooks; Fifth Ward, M. L. Wright; Sixth Ward, R. W. Bowes; Seventh Ward, Carl S. Wilkins; Eighth Ward, Samuel D. Biddle; Ninth Ward, W. M. Parcel.

For Board of Education—First Ward, H. M. Leach; Second Ward, Mrs. Julia Villenger; Third Ward, Mrs. Ida Stevens; Fourth Ward, Mrs. Susan E. McLeod; Fifth Ward, (none named;) Sixth Ward, Daniel Clinton; Seventh Ward, Mrs. Rose Noel; Eighth Ward, H. N. Zipser; Ninth Ward, Mrs. Olga Wirthschaft.

The platform adopted demands that the contract system be abolished in public work; that men and women on city work receive equal pay for equal work, in no case less than $2 for eight hours' work, and that all materials be bought from firms employing union labor; that all public works and franchises be owned by the city and operated on the coöperative plan, the operatives electing their superior officers.

It demands free public baths, gymnasiums, small parks in the densely-populated sections, public lodging-houses at cost, and sanitary dwellings to be let at cost to workers; free universal and democratic education in the public schools; feeding and clothing of school children when necessary, and free school books and supplies to all; repeal of the vagrancy laws, and ordinances against the right of free speech on streets and in parks.

It denounces the giving of the street sprinkling contract to A. P. Cross, and holds the private contract system responsible for the loss of life in the Third-street tunnel; demands the use of the union label on city printing, and indorses the electric linemen's strike.

ORCHARDISTS, READ THIS.

The J. Caldwell & Sons Nursery Company has been reorganized and will hereafter do business under the name of the Caldwell Nursery Co. at the same place, No. 353½ South Main street.

WHEN YOUR BRAIN WORKS

With a headache it don't work well. Wright's Paragon Headache Remedy cures. Try it. 25c.

"I'M THE BEST. Cure trial convinces. Anyone

WOMEN'S CLUBS.

Friday Morning Club.

"The History of Our Territorial Growth" was the subject of an instructive talk by Hon. Enoch Knight before the Friday Morning Club yesterday. Judge Knight passed in review the history of the United States, outlining each step in the extension of territory.

"The formation of Northwest Territory," said the speaker, "was the beginning of our great land system. Many opposed the acquisition of this territory, on the ground that it might mean an extension of slavery. It was therefore provided that slavery should never enter the new territory. Assurance further provided that, as soon as possible, the land should be divided into States, and out of it were carved the States of the Middle West. This was what we call territorial expansion. With Jefferson came a new era. There had arisen in the West a feeling unappreciated in the East. The easterners comprehended the importance and importance of the Mississippi River. A large proportion of the commerce passed over its waters, but we had no territory on either side. We had no right to land our goods without the consent of the Spanish government. The people of Kentucky were ripe for revolution, and the expression became current among them: 'We will march ourselves to the British fleet, but we will have the Mississippi River opened.' In 1803 it became known that Spain had secretly ceded the province of Louisiana to France. Negotiations were opened with the new owners, but went slowly. Talleyrand finally intrusted to our minister, Mr. Livingston, that the United States should have the whole of Louisiana; and after some the sale was in fact concluded. Jefferson declared that there was no constitutional authority for the act, but that a constitutional amendment should be passed authorizing it, and it was passed, in July, Congress to meet early in October, for the purpose of making the territory and incorporating it in the Union. It was thus taken over, the provision being made that, as soon as possible, it should be erected into a State. In a few years it was incorporated into the State of Louisiana.

"The next event of importance was the cession of Florida and the next the admission of Texas into the Union. The next, and in many ways the most important accession of territory was that arising through the Mexican war. There was much opposition made from a sentimental point of view, to the annexation of this territory, the eastern members, who had raised the same question when the Northwest Territory came in, objected that we were getting more slave territory.

"California came into the Union as Texas did, already organized into a State. Alaska was acquired because it was felt that its purchase was the cheapest and best method of settling the troubles arising between Russia and the United States on its account.

"This growth of the United States did not violate any principle. Our people were spreading over the continent, and the movement was only the making of new States, which had the same right to come into the Union as the original ones—as the State of Maine, for instance. We had as much right to own a piece of land on which our people were settling as to own a ship or gun.

"We went to Cuba because we had a right to interfere with neighbors that were troubling us. The question was one of right and of humanity. We were as one in that question; there were no Democrats and no Republicans; the people were united in their policy. When we got to Cuba, Porto Rico held out her hands to us; and seeing that we went to Spain and Spain to her, we took her in. It may, moreover, be said that we have always had an eye to the West Indies as our natural outlets, and other countries have said that, when these islands should fall out of the hands of Spain, they must naturally come to us.

"When we took the Philippine Islands, we were hunting for the Spanish fleet. We found it in the Bay of Manila. In sinking it, we assumed the right and the duty of protecting life and property in the bay and around it, and a conquering army must. We became responsible to the foreign inhabitants to maintain peace, and had no choice as to the ultimate outcome of the affair. We might have held off and let matters take their course for a time, and there are many who believe this should have been our course. We chose to buy the Islands and succeeded to the sovereignty of the people. Of course in this is a new departure. Whether or not we have made a mistake in it, time will tell. If we have made a mistake, we may trust the people to remedy it. We must trust the government and hope that all will come out right in the end."

Browning Club.

The East Side Browning class met Thursday morning, with Miss Lillian Baker. The study of the character of the priest in "The Ring and the Book" was continued. Miss Day led the discussion and Miss Chambers characterized the lesson. The pronunciation drill was conducted by Miss Marie Fisher, and the class had the unusual pleasure of listening to music from Mrs. Gillen and Miss Sigler.

CAPTURED IN FRESNO.

Tobacco Drummer, Who is Alleged to Have Swindled a Los Angeles Man, Taken Into Custody.

Chief Elton received a dispatch late yesterday afternoon from the Fresno officers to the effect that Harry Ruth, who is wanted in Los Angeles on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, had been taken into custody and would be held pending the arrival of an officer. Detective Hawley went north last night and will return to this city with his prisoner today at 7:30 a.m.

Ruth is, or was, according to his story, a tobacco drummer, whose home is said to live at Bakersfield. On September 28, it is alleged, he induced W. Bergman, proprietor of a billiard parlor at No. 1050 San Fernando street, to cash a check drawn by himself for $50 on the Kern Valley Bank, and proved to be worthless on account of no funds. Yesterday afternoon it was ascertained that Ruth was in Fresno. Morgan lost no time in sending to a complaint against him and the Fresno officers were wired to make the arrest.

"BAD ACTOR."

Officers Round Up a Jap Who is Alleged to Have Been Panic'ously Active in Crime.

Detectives Auble and Benedict succeeded in capturing a Japanese last night whom they characterize as a "bad actor." His name is W. Yokoyama, and he came from San Diego about three weeks ago.

According to the detectives, when Yokoyama first arrived in this city, he made the acquaintance of a countryman, one George Yokoyama, who is employed by J. A. Forthmann, No. 629 East Fourteenth street, telling him that he was without funds and needed employment. Yokoyama gave him $2 and secured a situation for him, which he proceeded to accept.

SAN PEDRO WOULDN'T HAVE A [illegible]

SAN PEDRO, Oct. 19.—(Correspondence.) The [illegible] schooner Glendale, lumber-laden, Falk commanding, sailed into the harbor Wednesday [illegible] towed. Near the upper end of the bay she dropped anchor, and afterward docked at the [illegible] California Lumber Company's [illegible] with the aid of the power boat [illegible] Meteor looked like a little [illegible] the vessel, but succeeded in [illegible] schooner around to position [illegible] time. Capt. Falk says he will [illegible] to sea without a tug. The [illegible] will gave about $100 to [illegible] It is very unusual for [illegible] ing vessels in the lumber [illegible] or leave the inner harbor [illegible] towed.

SAN PEDRO [illegible]

Charles A. Brasee and [illegible] B. Connelly of Wilmington [illegible] ried in Los Angeles We[illegible] young people of Wilmington and Mrs. Brasee a reception Thursday evening.

Ed L. Fulkerson was [illegible] Justice Downing Thursday [illegible] of grand larceny [illegible] Anderson. The defendant [illegible] to have stolen a lot of [illegible] belonging to Justice [illegible] No. 223½ North Main street [illegible] geles, on September 5. [illegible] son, to whom the watch [illegible] over for service, learned [illegible] son was in San Diego [illegible] that city and arrested him [illegible] liminary examination [illegible] Monday.

Deaths on the [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO. [illegible] British bark Isleworth [illegible] from Swansea with [illegible] mast, there having been [illegible] during the voyage. The [illegible] dered into quarantine and [illegible] tion regarding the cause of [illegible] has been obtained.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS

The Judges at the Paris Exposition have awarded the

GOLD MEDAL

to

Walter Baker & Co.'s

the largest manufacturers of pure chocolate in the world. This is the highest award from a Paris Exposition.

BAKER'S COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

are always uniform in quality, absolut

WOMEN'S CLUBS.

Friday Morning Club.

"The History of Our Territorial Growth" was the subject of an instructive talk by Hon. Enoch Knight before the Friday Morning Club yesterday. Judge Knight passed in brief review the history of the United States, touching each step in the extension of territory.

"The formation of Northwest Territory," said the speaker, "was the beginning of our great land system. Many opposed the acquisition of this territory, on the ground that it might mean an extension of slavery. It was therefore provided that slavery should never enter the new territory. An ordinance further provided that, as soon as possible, the land should be divided into States, and out of it were carved the States of the Middle West. Thus arose what we call territorial expansion. With Jefferson came a new extension. There had arisen in the West a feeling unappreciated in the East. The statesmen comprehended the value and importance of the Mississippi River. A large proportion of our exports passed over its waters, but no foreign territory on either side of it had the right to land our goods without the consent of the Spanish government. The people of Kentucky were ripe for revolution, and the expression became current among them: 'We will marry ourselves to the British fleet, but we will have the Mississippi River opened.' When it became known that Spain had secretly ceded the province of Louisiana to France. Negotiations were opened with the new owners, but proceeded very slowly. Talleyrand finally offered to our minister, Mr. Livingston, that the United States should have the whole of Louisiana; and after much delay the sale was in fact concluded. Napoleon declared that there was no constitutional authority for the act, but that a constitutional amendment should be passed authorizing it, and he promised, in July, Congress to meet again in October, for the purpose of admitting the territory and incorporating it into the Union. It was thus taken for granted the provision being made that, as soon as possible, it should be erected into a State. In a few years it was incorporated into the State of Louisiana. The next event of importance was the cession of Florida and the next the annexation of Texas into the Union. The next, and in many ways the most important accession of territory was that arising through the Mexican war. There was much opposition made from a sentimental point of view, to the acquirement of this territory, the eastern men who had raised the same question when the Northwest Territory came in, objected that we were getting into slave territory.

"California came into the Union as a State did, already organized into a State. Alaska was acquired because it was felt that its purchase was the cheapest and best method of settling the troubles arising between Russia and the United States on its account.

"The growth of the United States did not violate any principle. Our people were spreading over the continent, and the movement was only the making of new States, which had the same right to come into the Union as the earlier ones—as the State of Maine, for instance. We had as much right to own a piece of land on which our people were settling as to own a ship or a car.

"We went to Cuba because we had a right to interfere with neighbors that were troubling us. The question was one of right and of humanity. We were united in that question: there were no Democrats and no Republicans; the people were united in their policy. When we got to Cuba, Porto Rico held out her hands to us; and seeing that Cuba was lost to Spain and Spain to her, we took her in. It may, moreover, be said that we have always had an eye on the West Indies as our natural outlet, and other countries have said that when these islands should fall out of the hands of Spain, they must naturally come to us.

"When we took the Philippine Islands we were hunting for the Spanish fleet. We found it in the Bay of Manila. In sinking it, we assumed the duties and the duty of protecting life and property in the bay and around it. A conquering army must. We became responsible to the foreign interests to maintain peace. We had no choice as to the ultimate outcome of the affair. We might have held off and let matters take their course for a time, and there are many who believe this should have been our course. Then to buy the islands and succumb to the sovereignty of the people. Of course in this is a new departure. Whether or not we have made a mistake in it, time will tell. If we have made a mistake, we may trust the people to remedy it. We must trust the Government and hope that all will come out right in the end."

Hamilton Club.

The West Side Browning class met yesterday morning, with Miss Lillian Day. The study of the character of Pompilia in "The Ring and the Book" was continued. Miss Day led the discussion and Miss Chambers characterized the lesson. The pronunciation drill was conducted by Miss Marie Bigler, and the class had the unusual pleasure of listening to music from Miss Grinn and Miss Bigler.

CAPTURED IN FRESNO.

Alleged Drummer, Who is Alleged to Have Swindled a Los Angeles Man, Taken Into Custody.

Chief Sebastian received a dispatch late yesterday afternoon from the Fresno police to the effect that Harry Ruth, who is wanted in Los Angeles on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, had been taken into custody and would be held pending the arrival of an officer. Detective Hawley left for the north last night and will return to this city with his prisoner today at 7:30 a.m.

Ruth is, or was, according to his story, a tobacco drummer, whose home was at Bakersfield. On September 1 it is alleged, he induced W. Hall, proprietor of a billiard parlor, 1460 San Fernando street, to cash a check drawn by himself on the Kern Valley Bank, which proved to be worthless on account of insufficient funds. Yesterday afternoon Hall ascertained that Ruth was in Fresno. Morgan lost no time in telephoning to a complaint against him and Fresno officers were wired to have him arrested.

"THE ACTOR."

Officers Round Up a Jap Who is Alleged to Have Been Panic-ously Active in Crime.

Officers Ashie and Benedict succeeded in capturing a Japanese last night whom they characterize as "a bad actor." His name is W. Ishi, and he came from San Diego a few weeks ago.

According to the detectives, when Ishi arrived in this city, he had the assistance of a countryman, Yokoyama, who is employed by L. A. Forthmann, No. 629 South Hill street, telling him that funds and needed [illegible] gave him $2 [illegible] for him, which

HIGHWAYMAN FAILED.

Unsuccessful Attempt Made Last Night to Hold Up Ralph Long Near His Home.

A lone highwayman made an attempt to hold up Ralph Long, son of ex-Police Commissioner C. H. Long, at 6:40 o'clock last night as he was driving home in a delivery wagon.

The young man's father is the manager of the Long Produce Company, a wholesale establishment at No. 261 South Los Angeles street. He has been sick for the past few days, and his son has been taking his place at the store.

The Long residence is at No. 1343 Rich street. As the young man reached the corner of Pico and Rich, a man suddenly jumped out into the street and grabbed the horse by the bridle, at the same time pointing a revolver at Long and saying:

"Hold on a minute, young fellow, I want to see you."

"What for? I don't know you," answered Long.

"Makes no difference, I want to see you, anyhow," at the same time releasing his hold on the bridle and stepping toward the wagon.

That was Long's chance, and he improved it by suddenly whipping up his horse. The highwayman called after him: "Stop, or I'll shoot!" But the young man didn't stop until he reached home, only a short distance away. He then armed himself with a shotgun and went back in search of the would-be robber, but could find no trace of him. The police, who were immediately notified, also scoured every street in the vicinity, but with no better success.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Col. John R. Berry, commanding the Seventh Regiment, N.G.C., has issued regimental orders, designated as No. 13, changing the dates of target parade of Cos. F and I. Co. F will parade October 23, instead of on the 22d inst., and the parade will be inspected by First Lieut. J. C. Mielke, battalion adjutant. Co. I will parade October 23, and the parade will be inspected by Capt. F. L. Reynolds of Co. F.

Col. Berry announces that all the companies of the Seventh Regiment have been supplied by the State with regulation knives, forks, spoons and tin cups. In fitness for the field, the regiment only lacks the knapsack or pack, for which, in actual service, the blanket roll becomes a convenient substitute.

First Lieut. J. H. Simms of Co. C has returned from a month's leave of absence, which he spent at his former home, East Liverpool, O.

FREE! H-O GOODS. FREE!

To open the season, beginning Saturday, October 20, to every purchaser of H-O Oatmeal will be given free of charge a package of either H-O Pancake Flour, H-O Buckwheat, H-O Injun Bread Flour. See page 8, Part II.

RHEUMATIC AND FOOT INSTITUTE.

Every form of rheumatism cured by Dr. Parlow, No. 651 South Hill. 'Phone James 1061.

STRICTLY RELIABLE.

Dr. Joslen & Co.

Practice Limited to Diseases and Every Form of Weakness of

MEN EXCLUSIVELY

All cures are lasting as life. Fees low, and may be paid in installments as patient sees improvement.

Offices and Hospital—Entire building over Wells Fargo Express Co.

COR. MAIN AND THIRD STREETS.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Relieves Fatigue.

A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM, lame back, kidney pains, lumbago, sciatica, stomach and liver troubles, nervous debility, physical decline and all ailments from which women suffer. It gives life to the nerves, soothes pain, restores strength. It cures while you sleep.

Free Test—Free Book.

Call and test it free. If you cannot, let me send you my book with full information, by mail, free.

Dr. M. A. McLaughlin, 1334 West Second Street, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

BARBER SUPPLIES Best grinding in city. Just received, a new [illegible] of Palm Razors. JOS. JASCHA.

BOILS

THE ANAKS OF SORES.

Hard, inflamed, suppurating tumors go along with certain habits of the body and are too painful for modern patience.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, by its pronounced alterative and tonic action, breaks up those morbid habits, cleanses the blood and proves itself to be just what is needed for a permanent cure.

Do not put off treatment, but begin it with Hood's today.

Accept no substitute.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for boils and have received great benefit. My brother and sister were troubled with boils every summer and fall for several years until they took Hood's Sarsaparilla. They have never had any since taking this medicine." Katie H. Miller, Antioch, Kan.

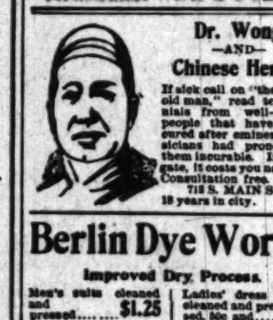
"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla a great blood purifier. I had boils which interfered greatly with my comfort. I bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and after taking it about two weeks the boils disappeared and I have felt better ever since." W. B. Dollar, Forestville, Cal.

PREPARED ONLY BY C. I. HOOD & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

EASE YOUR BURDENS BY USING GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Let your head save your hands. Let Gold Dust do the work for you. It makes glad the hearts of those who are not happy unless everything is clean. Gold Dust is woman's best friend, dirt's worst enemy.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust."



Dr. Wong —AND— Chinese Herbs.

If sick call on "the grand old man," read testimonials from well-known people that have been cured after eminent physicians had pronounced them incurable. Investigate, it costs you nothing. Consultation free. 718 S. MAIN ST. 18 years in city.

Berlin Dye Works

Improved Dry Process.

Men's suits cleaned and pressed.....$1.25 | Ladies' dress skirts cleaned and pressed, 50c and.....75c

342 S. Broadway.

DR. KING & CO., Specialists for Men.

Varicocele, hydrocele, piles, skin and blood diseases, kidney, bladder and private diseases speedily cured. Call or write.

128 N. MAIN STREET, Los Angeles.

BIG PANOCHE OIL CO.

Operations Surrounded By Producing Wells.

521 Laughlin Building, LOS ANGELES.

Buy Copper Bullion Mining Company

Non-assessable stock—$1.00 shares for 25c.

O. L. VICKREY & CO., Agents, 108 South Broadway.

New Book Cases and **Desks.**

Office Tables and Chairs. These goods are nicely finished and made for service. Prices very low this week.

I. T. MARTIN, 321-3-5 S. Spring St. Wheel chairs sold or rented

CARPETS AND RUGS.

345-347-5, SPRING ST

ALLEN'S

BET. THIRD & FOURTH STS

American Dye Works

Oldest established and reliable. Main office 210½ S. Spring Street. Tel. M 653.

COLLAR BUTTONS—various lengths of posts, size of head, and trick in making them so they will not break; 60 different [illegible]

Children's Tan Shoes AT HALF PRICE.

L. W. GODIN, Mgr. 137 South Spring Street.

Meek's AERATED BREAD

Is the most nutritious.

Meek Baking Co.

Retail Store, 226 West Fourth St. Tel. M. 1011.

ONE BOTTLE CURES McBurney's KIDNEY and Bladder Cure

Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM.

One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures. Send 25c to W. F. McBurney, 418 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for five days' treatment. Express prepaid. Druggists.

HAWLEY, KING & CO., Broadway & 9th St.

Abbey's Salt

Cures Headache.

All Druggists. All Prices.

MEN Why Be Weak?

Dr. DeFord's Regenerator—price 50 cents—is not a "prop" but builds up nerve cell by nerve cell the weak and degenerated spinal nerves. Sexual and nervous debility cured forever. Any druggist can supply you, or sent postpaid on receipt of price, in plain package. DR. DeFORD, 175 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

OUR IMPORTATION OF

DUTCH Flowering BULBS

Is selling fast. Call early and select from large assortment. Catalogue free.

Germain Seed and Plant Co. 326-330 South Main.

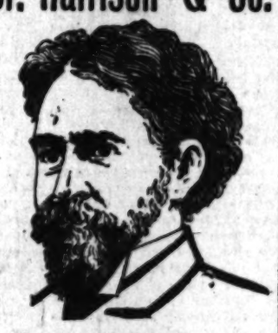
BEKINS VAN AND STORAGE

CUT RATE FREIGHT OFFICE.

241 SOUTH BROADWAY

WEAK MEN AND WOMEN should use Damiana Bitters, the great Mexican [illegible]

Dr. Harrison & Co.



SPECIALISTS

For Every Form of Weakness and Diseases of Men.

The Only Strictly Reliable Graduated Physicians in Los Angeles Treating Men Exclusively.

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Partial or Complete Loss of Vital Force, Unnatural Drains, Premature Weakness, Contracted Ailments, including Contagious Blood Poison and Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Results of Badly Treated Cases.

In all cases where vitality is lost on account of a diseased or inflamed prostate gland our treatment means a sure cure.

We positively GUARANTEE to cure PILES, FISTULA, RUPTURE, VARICOCELE and HYDROCELE in one week.

We will examine you, tell you in detail what your disease is, explain our treatment, give you full satisfaction in every way, absolutely FREE of charge, and you don't have to pay a cent until you are well. We have the largest hospital in the city.

Rooms 213-214 Nolan & Smith Block Corner Second and Broadway, Los Angeles Cal. Private entrance on Second street.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY.

If you are sexually weak, undeveloped or have drains, varicocele, etc., our Local Vacuum Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; $5,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 414 Charles Blk., Denver, Colo.

BLOOD POISON

[illegible] SECONDARY OR TERTIARY Blood Poison Permanently Cured. You can be treated at home under same guaranty. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, write

Cook Remedy Co.

1572 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. [illegible] of cures. Capital $500,000. We [illegible] the

TAKING CHANCES.

People Who Will Learn Only by a Perilous Personal Experience.

As a rule, experience is profitable only to the individual who obtains it. When the gold man tries to make youth from middle-age such as he spoils, the youth smiles to himself: "The idea of that old fossil thinking that an up-to-date young man is going to make mistakes." It is a peculiar trait of human nature that each man thinks he is a little smarter than the others, and that he will succeed where others failed. "Oh, yes," says Smith, "I know that poor Jones got capsized in the rapids, but Jones never was a good hand at the paddle. It's a pity people like Jones will take such chances." And he smilingly launches his canoe to follow Jones alike in his feat and in his failure.

THE EXTREME OF FOLLY.

The most foolhardy man who ever risked his life, or the most infatuated gambler who ever risked his fortune, is a sage compared with the man who attempts to get the best of Nature. The foolhardy man may succeed. The gambler may win. But the man who takes chances with Nature is bound to lose. If the obituaries of tens of thousands who are cut down annually in life's prime were truly written death would not be attributed to this or that form of disease, but to an attempt to evade the necessary laws of health.

The weak spot in the modern man is his stomach. It is in disease of the stomach that many of the maladies begin which carry off the busy men of the day. The seed of disease once planted in the stomach grows and spreads like some climbing parasite about a tree. It throws out a tendril about the heart and presently another which grips the lungs, and others again which take hold of kidneys and liver. Then suddenly the man is smitten by heart disease or lung disease; or succumbs to some malady of kidneys or liver. The real seat of disease is the stomach. And one of the reasons why the diseases of the other organs often fail of a cure is that the treatment ignores the stomach, and attempts to treat directly the other organs, whose diseases are only symptoms of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition.

THERE'S PLENTY OF PROOF

of the soundness of the proposition that diseases of other organs remote from the stomach which are caused by disease of the stomach must be cured through the stomach, and, in fact, cannot be cured in any other way. The best proof in the world is that Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, of stomach and blood medicine, cures diseases of heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, etc., by curing diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive systems.

"For six long years I suffered with my liver, kidneys, and indigestion, which baffled the best doctors in our country," writes Mr. R. L. Ransell, of Woolsey, Prince William Co., Va. "I suffered with my stomach and back for a long time and after taking a quantity of medicines from three doctors, I gave up for I could find no help. I was [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] hardly world living. I decided to consult Dr. R. V. Pierce and his staff of physicians. They said my case was curable and I was greatly encouraged. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' as advised. Before I had taken half of the second bottle I began to feel relieved. I got six more bottles and used them, and am happy to say I owe my life to Dr. Pierce and his medicines. These words are truths, as I live, so if this testimonial can be used in any way to be of benefit you need not hesitate to use it. I shall stand for the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute as long as life lasts."

DON'T DELAY.

Disease never leaps on a man like a lion from ambush and strikes him down at a blow. However suddenly a man may be stricken and however deadly the disease, the time was when it was a little thing, easy of control. If you are suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia, or any form of stomach "trouble," don't put off the proper treatment. "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition at any stage, but the cure will be quicker the earlier it is begun.

"For twelve long months I suffered untold misery," writes Mrs. Mollie Colgate, of Randolph, Charlotte Co., Va. "No tongue could express the pain that I endured before I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine. I was not able to do anything at all. Could not eat anything except bread and tea—or if I did the top of my head hurt so it seemed it would kill me; with all that I could do it would burn like fire, but now since taking 'Golden Medical Discovery' I can eat a little of almost anything I want and can do a good day's work as well as anybody can. Am better than I have been for years. I think your medicine is the best that ever was made, for it is the only thing that ever did me any good. I tried many other kinds, but none did me any good but your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' I can never praise them too highly to any one who suffers as I did."

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write therefore without fear as without fee to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and other narcotics.

Do not allow a dealer for the sake of making a little more profit to foist on you a substitute as "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery." There is no other medicine so good *for you*.

A GENUINE AND DESERVED GIFT.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, is *given away* to those who send stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in strong cloth binding, or only 21 stamps if satisfied to have the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Greatest Nerve and Blood Tonic

No. 2. M. I. S. T. No. 2.

I have given personal inspection to the working of M. I. S. T. on the human system, and must say that it entirely meets with my professional sanction.

D. H. LOOMIS, Late Demonstrator of Anatomy, Philadelphia Medical College.

WHAT WE GUARANTEE M. I. S. T. NO. 2 WILL CURE.

RHEUMATISM, no matter how long standing. Any case of Inflammation of the Bladder or Enlarged Prostate Gland, no matter if the patients have been for years forced to use a catheter. ANY CASE OF DIABETES.

All cases of lost vitality can be cured, and permanently restore youthful vigor and vitality. It is no stimulant. Its effects are permanent and lasting. Will cure any case of STRICTURE without local treatment. Will remove entirely from the system Cancer and Cancerous Germs.

[illegible] M. I. S. T. No. 2 has cured me of [illegible] Acute and Chronic Trouble and especially incurable diseases of the nerves.

M. I. S. T. has been on the market for over 20 years, and has cured thousands of sufferers. It is prescribed by leading physicians all over the country. It is pleasant to take and absolutely safe. It never increases or diminishes the action of the heart. If you are suffering from any chronic disease you are urged to write to us, no matter how many doctors or kinds of medicines you have tried without relief. WE GUARANTEE TO CURE YOU. That you may judge of the value of the Great Specific for yourself, we will send you one large case by mail FREE. After being cured yourself you will recommend it to others. Write confidentially to our medical department, giving symptoms. $1 per box, or six boxes for $5.

FREE

Address M. I. S. T. Co., Toledo, O.

CALIFORNIA CARPET CO.

Special this week, "CARPET AND DRAPERY HOUSE." [illegible]

COLUMBIA CYCLERY

Wm. H. Whitesell, Prop.

604 S. Broadway.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER....Secretary. ALBERT McFARLAND....Treasurer.
PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday and Weekly Magazine. Vol. 33, No. 122. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Nineteenth Year.

NEWS SERVICE:—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 35,000 to 50,000 words transmitted daily over more than 30,000 miles of leased wires.

TERMS:—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or $8.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, $7.50 a year; Sunday, $2.50; Magazine only, $2.50; Weekly, $1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION:—Daily net average for 1894, 18,091; for 1897, 19,998; for 1898, 24,151; for 1899, 25,731; for 1900, 26,758.

TELEPHONES:—Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Press 1; Editorial Rooms, third floor, Press 3; City Editor and local news room, Press 2.

AGENTS:—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, Nos. 21-42 Tribune Building, New York. 87 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 45 Post Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class

THE NATION'S CHOICE:
McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT,
REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

THE TIMES' TELEPHONES.

The new numbers of The Times' telephones are as follows: Business Office, Press 1, changed from Main 99; News Room, Press 2, changed from Main 674; Editorial Room, Press 3, changed from Main 97; Times-Mirror Printing and Binding House, Press 4, changed from Main 453.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of $10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of The Times from the premises of subscribers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

IN DESPERATE STRAITS.

The Demo-Populist campaign managers, organs and orators are giving increasing evidences, as election day draws nearer, of the desperateness of their cause. Their campaign methods have steadily degenerated, until they make little pretense of logical argument, but confine themselves almost exclusively to frantic denunciation, vulgar diatribe, or reckless mendacity.

The Times referred, a few days ago, to one of Mr. Bryan's speeches, in which he made wholesale and indiscriminate charges of bribery, coercion and other dreadful things, against the Republicans, thereby insulting the great body of his own supporters throughout the land, by intimating that they are a cowardly and purchasable lot, whom the Republicans can win over by the corrupt methods referred to. Since Bryan gave the cue, the organs and spellbinders supporting him have taken up the cry, evidently with the foolish notion that by a persistent and continuous campaign of mendacity they will be able to stampede some wavering and thoughtless voters, at the eleventh hour, into casting their ballots for the party of grief, grievances and gloom.

The following, from a Bryan organ (the Washington Times,) is a fair sample of the sort of tommyrot which the Bryanite organs are voiding, in their spleen and desperation:

"The Democratic National Committee is in possession of reliable information to the effect that, a week or two before election, the Republican National Committee will try to cause manufacturers, mine owners, and all large employers of labor, to issue notices that, in the event of Mr. Bryan's election, they will suspend business and discharge their men. There is no doubt that this scheme of intimidation will be resorted to in all cases where the employer is connected with a trust. It is not equally clear that it will work as it did four years ago.

"Then it was new, and was sprung upon the country so suddenly and such a little time before the election, that there was no chance to discuss it. It is no longer new. The people who were victimized by it in 1896 need not be this year. Every thinking man on the continent knows that it is but an idle bluff on the part of the trusts, and one that may react upon them dangerously, if they attempt to repeat the operation. Business will go on just the same under Mr. Bryan as it would under Mr. McKinley. There is not an economic condition in sight to cause the least change, as far as the prosperity of the country is concerned."

It is difficult to discuss in temperate, parliamentary terms, such charges and insinuations as are contained in the above extract. Fortunately, extended discussion is unnecessary. Little more is needed than to call attention to them, for their obvious falsity defeats, in large measure, the purpose for which they are put forth.

It is a demonstrable fact that the election of Bryan would bring about industrial and financial depression throughout the country. The platform upon which he stands declares for free and unlimited silver coinage, and Mr. Bryan himself is personally pledged to bring about, at the earliest possible opportunity, a realization of that policy. This fact, alone, would be sufficient to throw the country into a panic, to cause the suspension of thousands of manufacturing and commercial establishments, and to deprive many thousands of laboring men of employment. Is it wrong, or culpable in any way, for the opponents of Mr. Bryan's policy of ruin to point out to their fellow-countrymen the dangers ahead? If to do so is coercion or intimidation, let Mr. Bryan and his horde of malcontents and fault-finders make the most of it.

The people were "victimized" in 1896 into placing in power an administration which has brought to them greater prosperity and larger opportunities than they have ever before enjoyed. The present indications are that they will decide, by an overwhelming popular majority, to be "victimized" in that way four years longer, in spite of the frantic falsehoods, lies and protests of the calamity

AN ENTHUSIASTIC VIRGINIAN.

There is probably no section of the United States that has received so much free advertising from the press than has Southern California. From Maine to Florida, and from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico, daily, weekly and monthly publications devote pages to descriptive matter regarding the "Land of the Afternoon," which in the aggregate could not be purchased at regular advertising rates for millions of dollars. Occasionally one comes across an uncomplimentary notice from some jaundiced or ill-informed correspondent, but as a rule these unsought notices are highly complimentary and satisfactory to dwellers in the Land of Sunshine.

For instance, one mail recently brought to The Times office, among a mass of others, three publications, the Ladies' Home Journal, with a double-page collection of views of Southern California gardens and a descriptive text showing how such marvels of floral and plant growth could be found in no other part of the United States; a copy of Harper's Weekly, with an illustrated article on a Southern California ostrich farm, and a little four-page, six-column journal, published at Bridgewater, Va., which devotes no less than five columns of its limited space to a letter from a Virginian in Los Angeles, sent to an eastern friend, which the editor of the Virginia paper is pleased to reproduce.

This letter is quite a curio in its way. The writer, like many others who have come to us from the inclement East, has evidently fallen head over heels in love with the angelic city and its surroundings. In fact, he admits that Southern California has won him "body, soul and giblets." He says:

"Unto me, like as a radiant vision, appeared fair California, unadorned, yet adorned the most—in robe of daintiest emerald (she's a lovely Irish streak in her rich blood,) and flush with the rose-tints of every clime. In all her native loveliness and winsome simplicity, with richest charms in unconscious wantonness displayed, she revealed herself to me, and helpless I found me, resigned a captive to her arms and charms. She wooed me not, but won me fair—a case of love at first sight, pure and simple. She took me to her, languishing in body and in spirit, and with oil and wine and milk and honey, wooed me gently back to health and strength. What more could mortal ask of fair inamorata? And would not he an ingrate be who would not proclaim, far and near, the virtues of a mistress so lavish of her unbought favors?"

The correspondent then goes on to dilate on the exceptional charms and remarkable resources of this section in a manner that would do credit to the most accomplished Southern California real estate boomer of the vintage of 1886-87 and then breaks out again as follows:

"Southern California, the native abode of all the gentler arts that invite to ways of pleasantness and paths of peace, so long content to repose amid her fruits and flowers, her groves and fields of green and genial skies serene, now, like unto a young Titan just awakening into realization of a strength newborn, is aroused from the pleasant dreams of years, in which she has been contentedly growing, and gathering and conserving her strength; is taking inventory of brawn and sinew and muscle, all rounded out in symmetry and proportions fair to see; with lengthened tape she measures the swell of her biceps and the possibilities of her 'reach;' takes a fresh hitch at her belt; girds up her loins anew; assumes the proud air and pose of conscious prowess, and stirs with a restlessness that betokens an impulsive, till-suppressed longing for new lists to enter, and other and mightier problems in industrial enterprise and expansion to confront, with pared and brawny arm and buckler new. The very air about her, in magnetic sympathy, seems to throb with pulsations of a vigorous yet subdued energy; and a premonition, suppressed as yet to unbreathed whispers, fills the minds of thoughtful men and awakens visions of things unseen and yet scarce dreamed of." [Hear! Hear!]

This is almost enough to make a Southern Californian blush, accustomed as we are to complimentary remarks. Our Virginia friend, whoever he may be—for he does not sign his name to the letter—should certainly stay with us and grow up with the country. He will feel quite at home the next time a big real estate Boom comes along.

A REPUBLICAN STRIKE.

Replying to the oft-repeated assertion of our esteemed opponents that the anthracite coal strike is "another Republican strike," the Peoria Journal acknowledges the truth of the charge, and speaks out in meetin', as follows:

"In one respect the anthracite coal strike is a Republican strike. In other words, it is the kind of a strike that takes place when this country is under Republican administration. Some weeks ago we published a list of the strikes—and it took up many columns of the Journal—that occurred during the last Democratic administration of the country's affairs. These were in nearly every instance strikes against a reduction of wages. The wages of the anthracite coal miners have not been reduced. Their strike is for an increase in wages, and the operators have already decided to increase them 10 per cent. That is the kind of a strike that usually takes place when the Republicans control the policy of the country. What would have been thought, four or five years ago, of a body of men who struck for an increase in wages? Would they not have been deemed insane? There have not been many strikes in this country since the fruits of Republican policy were becoming manifest, but they were all or nearly all for increased wages, and they have generally been successful. This is a fact that it is well to paste in your hat and draw on the first Democrat who points out that Republican policies have not abolished

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

A Shanghai dispatch of October 19 says that Sun Yat Sen, the reformer, and other so-called rebels, have issued a manifesto to the local mandarins of the Yang-tse Valley, denouncing the gross mismanagement of the Manchu dynasty, and promising not to interfere with native converts.

Another dispatch, received in London from Shanghai, says that a thousand French troops have taken Te Chow, on the northern border of Shangtung province.

Yesterday's Cabinet meeting at Washington was devoted principally to consideration of the Chinese situation, and the opinion is apparently entertained in official circles that there is a fair prospect of a speedy settlement. Negotiations will proceed through Minister Conger for the present.

A dispatch to the New York Tribune from London says it is an open secret in British diplomatic circles that Lord Salisbury "wishes the Emperor of China to return to Peking as soon as possible so that peace negotiations can be opened and a settlement reached without the necessity for a prolonged military occupation of the capital. While he is acting with the European powers and Japan, he is not likely to oppose any measures by which Emperor Kwang Hsu can be induced to return to Peking under special guarantees from the United States government."

The dispatch above mentioned says, further, that both Lord Salisbury and the German Emperor "will welcome any arrangement by which the powers can be brought into diplomatic relations with the Emperor of China. The American government is no longer criticised by the English press for its independent action in China. The truth is recognized that the State Department is in better position than the European foreign offices for dealing with the Chinese government, since its ulterior motives are not distrusted and there is no apprehension of American annexation."

A Hongkong dispatch to the New York Herald says that the rebels are strongly established, with headquarters at Wei-Chau. Their leaders, who are apparently disciples of Kang Yu Wei, have issued a manifesto proclaiming that China is completely at the mercy of her foes, for which the mandarins are entirely responsible.

A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from Washington, says: "Distrust of Germany's attitude in China has been revived as a result of information received here showing the hostility of the Berlin government to a policy of conciliation in a settlement of the Far Eastern question. It has been learned that the recall of Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German charge d'affaires, was due to his efforts to smooth the road looking to a prompt, peaceful solution of the Chinese trouble. Baron Von Sternberg returned to Berlin on the steamer Deutschland."

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The New York Commercial, which is devoting much space to questions affecting the Pacific Coast, has the following in regard to the Los Angeles library:

"Los Angeles needs a library building, and if not provided dire disaster may follow. It is claimed that the City Hall, where the books now are, will collapse if the library continues to increase its stock of books at the present rate. Earthquakes have created several gaping cracks in the walls of the building, but they are as mere scratches compared with the danger from overloading floors and taxing the strength of the foundations. The stock of books in the library is increasing at the rate of 6000 volumes a year. Fifty-seven thousand books are now on the shelves, and there is practically no room for any more. Los Angeles has long prided herself on the up-to-date condition of her library, and if no new books can be added henceforth, there certainly will be loud complaint from thousands of patrons of the institution."

This statement is somewhat exaggerated. We do not believe there is any immediate danger of a collapse of the City Hall on account of the weight of books in the library, but still it is quite true that our public library accommodations are disgracefully inadequate for a rich and rapidly-growing city of over a hundred thousand inhabitants, a large proportion of whom are people of more than average education.

The urgent need of a first-class library building for Los Angeles has been frequently pointed out, and is generally recognized. After the elections are over a serious effort should be made by some of our public-spirited citizens to celebrate the opening year of the new century by supplying this "long-felt want."

Notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Court declaring the sanitary-district law unconstitutional, the Anti-Saloon League is pushing its work with as much vigor as ever. Instead of working in the narrow limits made by that law, the league is now trying to effect its purposes under section 12 of the county government law of 1897, which provides for the abolition of saloons from any county through the Supervisors. This law has been found available and effective in Riverside and Sutter counties. At present campaigns for county prohibition are being carried on in Santa Barbara, San Diego, Ventura and Orange counties, and no one need be surprised if one or more of these counties should wake up before long and find its saloons outlawed.

Gen. Davis, commanding the Department of Porto Rico, has expressed the opinion that the garrison on that island, which now numbers about 3500 troops, might with safety be reduced to eighteen companies, or even less. All that is really needed, he thinks, is a nominal force of soldiers to take care of the forts and guns at San Juan. It is altogether probable that the force will soon be reduced in accordance with these suggestions. The Porto Ricans have shown themselves to be a peaceful people, with marked capacities for education and progress. No larger a force of troops will be maintained on the island than the necessities of the case demand.

A dispatch from Valparaiso says: "The Bolivian government has answered the Chilean note regarding Chile's refusal to cede a port to Bolivia. The reply is calm but energetic. It says Bolivia claims only what belongs

Chilean proposal." This is what may properly be termed "chunked." It is evident, even to the superficial observer, that the matter is now up to Chile, to determine what she is going to do about it.

Gen. Bragg, the veteran Democratic ex-Congressman from Wisconsin, is making speeches for President McKinley. When such dyed-in-the-wool old Democrats as he and Gen. Daniel E. Sickles support a Republican candidate, no further evidence is needed to prove that the Democratic party has passed the danger point in the direction of destructive policies and purposes.

In the year 1860 Carl Schurs supported the Republican cause. In 1872 he was a Democrat; in 1876, a Republican; in 1884, a Democrat; in 1896, a Republican; and in 1900 a Democrat, supporting Bryan, whom he roundly denounced four years ago. As the champion flopper of the nineteenth century, Mr. Schurs is several laps ahead of all competitors.

The Illustrated Philadelphia Record (Dem.-Pop.) complains that Theodore Roosevelt is "obtrusive and oppressive." That is about what the Spaniards thought of Teddy at San Juan Hill.

To suppose that Abraham Lincoln would, if alive today, support Bryan instead of McKinley, is as absurd as to suppose that the Apostle Paul would vote for wide-open saloons.

The Philadelphia Ledger could not have spoken more truthfully when it said: "Bryanism is not Democracy; it is a poisonous parasite which has killed the party as a party."

The Bryan organs have figured it out to their own satisfaction, ostensibly, that their candidate is a sure winner. They did the same thing, it will be remembered, in 1896.

The dinner pail will resume its place among the miners in Pennsylvania, but it will not be quite so full for a while as it would have been had there been no strike.

When Josiah Quincy said that if Mr. Bryan were elected he would not favor the free coinage of silver, he declared Mr. Bryan to be a hypocrite and a liar.

A good rule is: When in doubt vote for honest currency, for loyalty to the flag and for prosperity. All this can be done with one ticket.

Money talks, and it is making some convincing assertions down in New York regarding the election next month.

There may be more trusts at present than existed four years ago; but there is a blamed sight less of distrust.

Confidence is a good thing in a campaign, but overconfidence is calculated to reduce the majority.

Mr. Bryan's campaign speaking has degenerated into a prolonged whine.

BLUE FLAG RAISED.

Promise of a Regular Winter Deluge Speedily Nipped in the Bud—Storm Passes Eastward.

Assistant Weather Observer Fuller was wearing a satisfied smile yesterday, when he hoisted the blue flag on top of the Wilson Block.

"That's the first time that flag has been up there for a long while," he remarked, "and we ought to get a soaker from the forecast of today."

"There's a big storm up in the northwest," he continued, "one of the regular winter types, and one of the most pronounced we have ever seen, and it will undoubtedly reach here. It came as far south as San Luis Obispo during the last twenty-four hours, which is reasonably close to us. Look at the map here. Notice the isobars looping down toward Southern California. That is a very favorable sign of rain, and the winds sweeping in from the Pacific should aid it materially."

"How does this northern storm compare with any of recent years?" was asked Mr. Fuller.

"There hasn't been a storm in two years, at least, that approaches it in intensity," was the reply. "The winds have been exceedingly high for that section, averaging twenty-five miles an hour from half a dozen different points on the coast, which we call rapid."

The Times representative was shown a telegram from the San Francisco office, which stated that southeast storm signals were displayed from Point Concepcion, and that notwithstanding the severe storm off the Washington coast, there was a high southerly wind, which could be expected for the next thirty-six hours.

"There is a trough of relatively low pressure reaching from Oregon clear to the Gulf of California," said Mr. Fuller, "and we shall expect high winds in connection with the rain.

"If we don't get rain south of Tehachepi with such excellent conditions, we might as well give up looking for any."

Thus spake the local weather sharp yesterday afternoon, but telegraphic advices received last night, dispelled the hope for a general downpour. The dispatches state that the storm center has moved eastward from the Washington and Oregon coast, thus precluding the general rain which had been predicted for the southern coast. The forecast for Southern California is showers today, which is about the best that can be looked for this storm.

WELSH-AMERICANS.

The New Cambro-American Society Has a Social Gathering—Good Time Last Night.

The Cambro-American Society, but recently organized, held its semi-annual meeting at Forester's Hall, No. 107½ North Main street, last night. They had a pleasant time together, and most thoroughly enjoyed the evening. At present the society has eighty members, but there are 500 Welsh-Americans in Los Angeles, and the promoters of the new organization hope to bring them all in. The programme last night was as follows:

Address, Col. E. J. Griffith; recitation, Mrs. R. G. Roberts; address, J. Mills Davies; address, Rev. Mr. Hughes; duet, J. Mills Davies and J. E. Davies; address, J. Pugh; duet, Job and Morgan Griffith; solo, R. O. Roberts.

Cup for Hobson's Lips.

MONTGOMERY (Ala.,) Oct. 19.—The feature of military day at the State fair was the presentation to Lieut. Hobson of a loving cup from the people of Alabama. Gen. Joe Wheeler made the

POLITICAL POINTS.

What He Is.

[New York Mail and Express:] Bryan is simply a paramountebank.

Funny for Ad.

[Peoria Journal:] Adlai Stevenson has been indorsed by the Populists. It must make Adlai feel funny to be called a Populist.

Hasn't Moved.

[Baltimore American:] Mr. Bryan's party stands where it did in 1896, and indications are that it will continue to stand in the same old place.

Bryan's Outlook.

[Nashville Banner:] The two things considered most helpful to the Bryan cause are labor disturbances and disasters to the American troops in the Philippines.

"I Am Young."

[New York Mail and Express:] Bryan reminds his hearers that he is still a young man, but it isn't necessary. His speeches and his airy confidence in his own infallibility prove that.

Not Even a Starter.

[Omaha Bee:] The appeal of Bryan and the National Committee for the formation of Bryan and Stevenson clubs evidently fell on something worse than stony ground—it did not have even an ephemeral growth.

Tit For Tat.

[Portland Oregonian:] For every man who voted for McKinley in 1896 and will vote for Bryan in 1900 because of "imperialism," there is a western man who voted for Bryan in 1896 and will vote for expansion in 1900.

Needs Preserving.

[New York Mail and Express:] When Croker is hissed and Coler is cheered at meetings presided over by David Bennett Hill, it is a sign that Democratic harmony has reached a stage where it should be placed on ice to keep it from souring.

Exposing Bryan.

[Toledo Blade:] Roosevelt's speeches are very effective everywhere, and he devotes considerable attention to showing up the lack of fulfillment of Bryan's prophecies of evil of four years ago. If Bryan was utterly wrong in them, it is reasonable to assume that he is wrong this year in his calamity howls.

The End in Sight.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat:] An officer of the American army in the Philippines said, the other day, that the reelection of President McKinley would end the rebellion within two weeks after the news of the result of the voting reached Luzon. The truth of this prediction has an excellent chance to be revealed within a few weeks.

Two Comparisons.

[Philadelphia Inquirer:] The Democratic party, recently, at least, has become known as the calamity party. Its only hope of success lies in some tale of woe. The Republican party, on the other hand, believing that a busy mill is a better asset than a soup-house, would keep both mines and mills running, and therefore labors to bring about activity in every department of the industrial world.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Other Way.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch:] A Chinese reformer argues that if the foot-binding cruelty is not abandoned, the race will degenerate. Recent events tend to prove his theory with the degeneration in the past tense.

Excusable.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat:] The intense eagerness now being displayed by France for a big fight in China may be excused upon the theory that the French army is in greater need of vindication than that of any other country.

Keep Your Eye on It.

[Baltimore American:] China has promised to punish the guilty mandarins. Some time ago the Sultan of Turkey promised to pay an indemnity. It will be interesting to watch the mad race between the two toward the goal of fulfillment.

Out of Popularity.

[New York Tribune:] Yesterday's block on the Brooklyn Bridge merely calls attention once more to the lamentable deterioration in the facilities offered on that structure since it was so inexcusably diverted into the hands of a private corporation by unfaithful officials.

Shooting Stars.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer:] According to the astronomers, we are to have a shower of shooting stars on the night of November 13. Various politicians in the country will see stars just a week before that, but it's a bit too early to venture to give the names of the observers.

Evils of Cocaine.

[Chicago Chronicle:] The physicians of Indiana who have inaugurated a war against the indiscriminate sale of cocaine have set an example worthy to be followed by their professional brothers elsewhere. The increasing use of this pernicious drug is in no small part due to loose practice among druggists, doctors and proprietary medicine men, and it is an evil of no small proportions.

Unsympathetic Thomas.

[Chicago News:] As to his corner in pork, Sir Thomas Lipton is quoted as saying: "If the American consumer is to suffer that is another matter, but so far as I am advised, it is the speculators alone who are concerned and I have no sympathy with them." The way of the big speculators with the little speculators is always instructive and generally edifying—to big speculators. The little fellows get no sympathy from any quarter.

Gold on the Floor.

[Philadelphia Record:] Twenty-dollar gold pieces to the value of $3000 are to be used in the tiling of the floor of a gorgeous saloon now being fitted at South Bend, Ind. The tiles are especially made to contain $20 gold pieces, having depressions for the reception of the same which will allow the coins to sink one-thirty-second of an inch below the surface. Friction will thus be avoided. Each gold eagle will be soldered to a wire, which will run down through the floor and secure the coins in place.

Rough Trip Around the Horn.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The ship Springburn which has reached this port, 183 days from London, reports a very rough passage around Cape Horn. On August 15 she was on her beam ends. The mizzen topgallant yard came down, and for a time the vessel was in much danger. October 10 the Springburn spoke the American ship Aryan from New York to San Francisco, whose captain reported that the boatswain and two men had

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

Strategy in War.

[Cube:] (Captain:) What is strategy in war? Give me an instance.

(Sergeant:) Well, strategy is when you don't let the enemy discover that you are out of ammunition, but keep on firing.

The Difference.

[Unidentified:] (Teacher:) John, illustrate the difference between sit and set.

(Bright and Patriotic Boy:) The United States is a country on which the sun never sets and on which the rest of the world never sits.

His Outing.

He takes his auto everywhere,
Along the roads, across the hills;
It throws him here, it throws him there—
'Tis thus he goes the pace that spills.
—[Rider and Driver.

A Gentle Hint.

[Indianapolis Press:] (Mother:) Is that all you have to do on wash day—sit around and read?

(Daughter:) I was just reading about the hanging gardens.

"Well, if you are interested in that kind of stuff, there is a garden back of the house just lovely for hanging clothes."

Just Too Lovely.

[English Fun:] (Vera:) I'm afraid papa will make a fuss when you ask him for my hand.

(Jack:) I'm glad you mentioned it, dearest. Forewarned is forearmed, you know.

(Vera:) Oh, Jack, wouldn't be just too lovely for anything if you only were!

(Jack:) Were what, darling?

(Vera:) Why, four-armed.

On the Increase.

[Boston Beacon:] Coming in on the train the other day was a family with a little, nervous mother and a flock of children. As we neared Boston the mother began to question if everything was all right.

"Have you got all the umbrellas, Johnny?"

"I should say I had. I had four when I started and now I've got six!"

True as Gospel.

[Indianapolis Sun:] The widow was kneeling beside the body of her son, who had been killed while hunting by the accidental explosion of a gun.

"Speak, Willie!" she moaned. "Ah, if those white lips could move, what would they say?"

"They would probably say that he didn't know it was loaded," spoke up a demented man in the morbid crowd.

It was horribly brutal, but probably true.

Then He Collapsed.

[Washington Star:] "I suppose you read my poem," said he.

"I read the first line," answered Miss Cayenne. "It set me thinking so deeply I couldn't go on. I know it by heart—'The sun was setting in the west.'"

"But that isn't the best thing in the poem."

"Perhaps not; but it is so absorbingly mysterious. I have been anxious to meet you and inquire whether you ever knew of a case where the sun set in the north, east or south."

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

San José is making war upon tramps.

The prune crop of Alameda county is estimated at 1000 tons.

San Francisco police have begun a crusade against bunco men.

There is a scarcity of lumber for boxes at Fresno packing-houses.

A Visalia rancher recently dug a sweet potato three feet in length from his garden.

The Pacific Coast Lumber and Manufacturing Company is to install a big furniture factory in West Berkeley.

Fifteen suspects were arrested for murder at Bakersfield before the man wanted was captured and identified.

The Union Iron Works of San Francisco has constructed a large electric-light plant for the city of Honolulu.

Alameda county Odd Fellows are making an effort to secure the Odd Fellows' Home, now located at Oroville.

An Oakland carpenter has been adjudged insane. He imagines that men ride to his house on bicycles and kiss his wife.

A San Rafael golf man was held up by a highwayman and relieved of his pet brassie, his championship jofter, six violet-colored tees and 20 cents in cash.

An Oakland young man swallowed a large piece of gum, which lodged in his throat and threw him into convulsions. He narrowly escaped strangulation.

A San Francisco physician, considerably the worse for "booze," amused himself by climbing lamp posts and extinguishing the lights, until the police took him in tow.

A San Francisco man who refused to stop smoking in a narrow-gauge car was so roughly treated by the conductor that he went to the Receiving Hospital for repairs.

A man near Wildomar killed a deer in a novel manner. His dog started the animal, caught it, threw it and held it while the man dispatched it with a rock, not having a gun with him.

The State Game and Fish Commission, in its sixteenth biennial report states that the supply of game birds, particularly quail, is decreasing, and that more stringent laws are necessary.

A petition bearing 20,700 names has been filed with the Registrar of San Francisco asking him to submit to a vote of the people an ordinance providing for legalising poolrooms by imposing a license upon them.

By the crossing of some electric wires in a manhole on Market street, San Francisco, the gases inside exploded, lifting the metal lid in the air and toppling it over, while a shaft of fire shot as high as the third-story windows of a near-by building.

MANY CABINET RUMORS.

London Politicians Think Chamberlain Will Remain in the Colonial Office.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The air of London is thick with Cabinet rumors, says the Tribune's correspondent in that city.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will probably stay at the exchequer; he will perhaps go to the upper house. So may Arthur Balfour. Chamberlain will remain in the Colonial Office. There is some idea of making George Wyndham Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. Broderick Secretary for Ireland.

Mr. Broderick and Mr. Wyndham were rivals for promotion when Lord Curzon left Parliament fo India. Mr. Broderick succeeded Curzon, but probably regretted it when the campaign came on, and Mr. Wyndham has had a marked advance as Under Secretary of War. Each is certain of promotion.

THE JUNGLE-MAN.

THE UNLUCKY DUCK.

There lived long ago an unfortunate duck,
Who spent his whole life to [illegible]
his luck;
And truly his grief and his woe was so deep
As to cause the most [illegible]
to weep;
Till it passed into proverb, "As [illegible]
the luck
Of the Bird with a Hoodoo—the unlucky Duck!"

His friends might be living on crawfish—
But 'twas 10 to 1 he was minus a dish;
When snails were in season and [illegible]
poles were ripe,
This Unlucky Duck was as [illegible]
snipe;
And yet in a way he was [illegible]
his luck—
Quite proud of his title of "Unlucky Duck!"

Of course, there were fowls [illegible]
as to say
'Twas Unlucky's own fault that luck staid away;
They said he was lazy! Ah, maybe so;
I'm sure I shan't judge him; no, I do know
Just slathers of men who have [illegible]
"luck"—
And they act very much like the unlucky Duck!

It is just a century [illegible]
Frenchman first introduced [illegible]
illuminating purposes. [illegible]
number of men now going [illegible]
the land demonstrating with [illegible]
mirable success it can be [illegible]
this Bryan campaign.

Lymph is being taken from [illegible]
and used for apoplexy; but [illegible]
still does business at the [illegible]
stand.

To read the Democratic [illegible]
clusively one would infallibly [illegible]
at the conclusion that this [illegible]
was being carried on in [illegible]
fernal Regions, or some [illegible]
of supreme sadness and [illegible]

Had Absalom known he was [illegible]
to be dragged at the tail of [illegible]
chariot he never would have [illegible]
that insurrection against [illegible]
There are some things that [illegible]
worse than getting your hair [illegible]
in an oak and hanging there [illegible]
some one comes along and [illegible]
you with a hay knife.

An eastern paper exists [illegible]
is "a man among ten thousand"—
right, dear boy; but what is [illegible]
a man among several million?

It is a dead easy proposition [illegible]
member of the Great Unwashed [illegible]
swear never to wash until [illegible]
elected.

In time of war there can be [illegible]
tion of right or wrong. The [illegible]
question then must be, "Are [illegible]
your country, or are you for the [illegible]
emy?" Mr. Bryan may [illegible]
profit ask himself this question.

An Illinois man is said to [illegible]
thirty-five years without [illegible]
Can't this fact be twisted [illegible]
how and laid at the door of [illegible]
lam?

For the benefit of the man [illegible]
who inquires anxiously, "What [illegible]
come of the negro orator [illegible]
hazard the guess that is [illegible]
is probably running.

A HARBINGER.

Now doth ye cold and [illegible]
Cause Bryanne to remain
Ye blizzard that shalle [illegible]
Ye 6th day of November!

A Chicago boy was killed by [illegible]
of ice water being squirted [illegible]
back. This is much the [illegible]
of shock that is awaiting [illegible]

PRESENTIMENT.

He is soaring o'er the [illegible]
Is climbing to the [illegible]
He is mounting to the [illegible]
yelling of the crowds.
'Tis a wonderful display, [illegible]
chilling of the blood.
When he once more comes [illegible]
with a dull,
dull
thud!

Oh, the airy stunts he shows [illegible]
motley of the clown.
Will be done again in tatters [illegible]
Billy flutters down!
And we'll sob a Missouri [illegible]
weep a bitter flood,
When poor Billy comes down [illegible]
with a dull,
dull
thud!

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
Colors, Brushes, Canvas, etc., always to [illegible] they should be [illegible] as right prices.
Elliott-Art [illegible]
421 S. Spring [illegible]

CHILDREN'S DAY IS SATURDAY.
Most every mother [illegible] how good our Children's Shoes are. If the [illegible] have trouble with their feet they can be comfortably fitted at this store. Our [illegible] are noted for their [illegible] billy and beauty. [illegible] we can save you money.
C. M. STAUB SHOE CO.
233 S. Broadway.

DR. C. R. ELL[illegible]
The Optic[illegible]
All work guaranteed. Open [illegible]
310 South Spring

VITAL CAMPAIGN ISSUES.

Two ex-Presidents—Bryan, Croker & Co. Bryan's Fibs—Staats-Zeitung Sees Danger—Jefferson and Douglas.

[COLLECTED, COMPILED AND EDITORIALLY PRESENTED BY THE TIMES.]

SEES THE DANGER.

THE New York Staats-Zeitung of October 8 says in announcing its support of McKinley:

"The campaign has entered upon its last month and the situation has become tolerably clear. It does not appear likely that events will occur which can materially change the prospect. The Democrats have not succeeded in the attempt, undertaken at their convention, to make imperialism the paramount issue and to place the silver question in the rear. Their own candidate has frustrated all efforts in this direction by his letter of acceptance, in which he took a decided stand for free silver coinage, and by appearing in numerous speeches that he and his party had not changed their attitude toward the financial question since 1896. This means that William J. Bryan is still resolved to use his whole power to destroy the gold standard and to bring about the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

"Our estimate of the dangers connected with President McKinley's colonial policy has undergone no change. In spite of all this we consider a Republican victory less dangerous for the welfare of the nation than the election of William J. Bryan. It would have been possible to overlook many of the weaknesses of the Democratic candidate if he had stood firmly upon the ground he took in his speech of acceptance in Indianapolis. But after he has given, in his formal letter of acceptance and in numerous speeches delivered since then, that he has not learned, cannot and will not learn anything in regard to the financial question, that his ignorance and lack of perception in this direction are incurable, must be considered the greater immediate danger. His election would unfailingly produce a widespread disorganization of present economic conditions, from which hardly anybody could escape, and which would subject every part of the American people to severe suffering.

TWO EX-PRESIDENTS.

"If Democrats profess to be disappointed because ex-President Harrison did not say enough for them in his public statement. He said enough, however, to advise every patriotic citizen to support the Republican ticket, and to promise his own active cooperation. After all the Democratic fakes about Gen. Harrison's alleged disaffection, his straightforward announcement covers the ground completely. No wonder the Bryanites are disappointed.

"While Democrats are talking about ex-Presidents, they are reminded there is one living at Princeton, N. J. A word from him advising his friends to vote for Bryan would be appreciated by the gentleman's managers, but strangely enough it fails to come. The only deliverance from that source was to the effect that he had nothing to take away or add to the position taken by him on the currency four years ago."—[Omaha Bee.

CROKER, CROKER & CO.'S WORK.

"NO MORE astonishing testimony to the shameful and intolerable civic condition has perhaps ever been given in this community than the recent departure of St. Stanislaus's Roman Catholic Church from Stanton street—outfaced, hounded and driven out by the banded efforts of the disorderly houses with their unspeakable lewd protectors, and their police and political backing. The naked statement of the fact is more damaging and bitter than the angry. "Curse this court!" of a magistrate, the other day, confronted by a similar but less important incident. Such a condition is a curse this city and calls for a reckoning. If the signs are not misleading, that reckoning is coming. The feeling among the churches which has united Protestant, Roman Catholic and Jewish congregations, and has found visible propaganda, gathered force steadily and ominously, is the most earnest and promises to become the most formidable protest against political championship of vice and participation in its earnings that has been witnessed since the overthrow of Tammany Hall through the Lexow revelations. It looks as if the police officers had wantonly insulted a minister and brought a hornets' nest about their ears."—[New York Mail and Express.

JEFFERSON AND DOUGLAS.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS in the campaign of 1860 said:

"It is idle to tell me or you that we have territory enough. Our fathers believed that we had enough when our limits extended to the Mississippi river; the British possessions was acquired and satisfied them that we needed the Louisiana territory from the west branch of the Mississippi to the British possessions was acquired. Then we acquired Oregon, then Texas and New Mexico. We have enough now for the present, but this is a young and growing nation. It swarms as often as a hive of bees, and those swarms are turned out each year must be hives in which they gather and make their honey. With our national increase, growing with a rapidity unknown in any other part of the globe, the tide of immigration that flows from the despotism of the world to seek refuge in our land is a constant torrent pouring into this country that requires more territory upon which to feed and rest as fast as our interests and destiny require additional territory in the north, in the south, or beyond the waters of the ocean I am for it."

Thomas Jefferson wrote to President Bonaparte would give us the right to withhold intercourse with the ports of the (Spanish) colonies [illegible] no doubted. But that is no reason they are ours in the first instance of the first war, and until a war is of no particular necessity to us, although with difficulty, he consented to our receiving Cuba into the Union to prevent our aid to Mexico or the other provinces. That was a price, and I would immediately erect a column on the southernmost point of Cuba, and inscribe on it that date, so as to us in that direction they should then have only to inquire which is our confederacy, and to be, of course, in the first instance, as he has never surrendered that position; and I am persuaded such an emendation was ever submitted as ours for liberty and self-government."

Mr. Bryan, Jefferson was wont to couple the words liberty with self-government. Jefferson said: "I consider the acquisition of Louisiana as disapproved by the Constitution that full it cannot be traced to the Republican party."

Well, Billy, there is no trouble in tracing the empty dinner pail of '93 directly to the door where you were engaged in tariff tinkering, in that memorable year.

Let well enough alone, and do not give Bryan another turn at the bellows. He will soon empty the dinner pail, if you do.

CRUSHING OPPORTUNITIES.

AN OREGON paper says truly enough that Bryan's election "would crush our opportunities in the Orient."

Why limit the crushing effect of Bryan's election? It would crush everything we have worth having.

But the American people generally follow David Harum's advice, and "do to the other feller what he would do to you, and do it fust." That is what they will do to Bryan. They will "crush him fust."

WHY PECKHAM SPURNS BRYAN.

NO STATEMENT has been issued during the campaign which is more discouraging to the hopes of the Bryanites than the letter in which Wheeler H. Peckham explained why he will vote for McKinley. Mr. Peckham, who was nominated to the Superior Court by Mr. Cleveland, is a lifelong Democrat of the extreme type. He himself says that he has hardly a sentiment in common with the Republicans.

Whether his definition of the difference between the parties is correct in all respects we need not inquire. It is enough that he believes it is and that his natural attitude toward Republicanism is one of repugnance and bitter hostility. So strong are his prejudices that he could never vote the Republican ticket with any satisfaction. It is with political dislike and distrust that he will cast his ballot for the President and with a grudge against fate that it should have compelled him to such a course.

But the stronger the case is put, and it cannot be put too strong, the worse is the augury for Bryan. There must be the most potent reasons to explain the defection, and the reasons which Mr. Peckham gives are undoubtedly forcing thousands of Democrats to the very decision that he has reached. First he implies a suspicion as to Bryan's sincerity, which is amply justified by Bryan's career. The "paramount issue" itself reads like a travesty when it is remembered how the three-party candidate hastened to become a colonel for the political capital there was in it, and how he once worked for a treaty which is inherently vicious according to his present doctrines. But if his honesty is not in question, and a lack of honesty would be a complete disqualification, then says Mr. Peckham:

"His first and greatest effort would be to promote the free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1. His next step would be to so organize the Supreme Court as to take from it the functions, the exercise of which has made it great, and which have differentiated it from any court which ever before existed. His next would be to prevent the use of soldiers to quell violence by a wild mob if it happen to be a mob of labor strikers."—[Chicago Times-Herald.

PROSPERITY EASILY FOUND.

WE HAVE before us a speech made by Joseph Brucker, editor of the Illinois Staats-Zeitung, in Quincy last Friday evening, before a meeting of German Republicans. In this Mr. Brucker tells how he had visited three banks in Quincy in which the loans had increased nearly $3,000,000, and the deposits over $2,000,000, since October 1, 1896.

Mr. Brucker also visited several factories, where he found a like vast difference in the conditions as compared with four years ago. In one employing ten or twelve men working only three or four days a week in 1896, he found forty employed, all working six days a week, and sometimes overtime.

He visited six other small factories employing 233 men now, against 183 in September, 1896, and turning out $44,453 a month this year, against $38,415 in 1896.

Another factory visited, which employed 64 men and turned out $18,000 worth of business in August, 1896, employed 90 men and did business to the amount of $23,850 for the corresponding month this year.

These are the sort of facts that smooth the furrows out of the faces of careworn women. They make hundreds happy, where they make one well-to-do, and thousands comfortable where they make one wealthy.

In the Quincy Herald of October 4 we find the following eloquent item:

"There is a scarcity of mule teams in the city. The street-work contractors are employing all the able-bodied teams they can, and are still short of the number they would like to have. One result is the almost complete suspension of street-cleaning operations by the city. But it is a sign of good times when teams are all employed."

What a pity that Mr. Bryan cannot give his mouth a rest long enough to give his eyes a chance to see what is going on around him.—[Chicago Times-Herald.

BRYAN DEFEATING HIMSELF.

BRYAN has unmasked himself, that is all, and shown the people that back of the complaisant, sleek and usually good-tempered politician who has kept himself on dress parade for four years, there stands an intolerant, vindictive self-seeker, who, when his fallacious issues have been exposed, falls back on the base expedients of falsehood and misrepresentation. The burden of his speech at Salem was that the Republicans were preparing to "bribe," "coerce," "intimidate" and "corrupt" the voting masses, and his malicious accusations, while nominally aimed at his political opponents, in reality amount to an outrageous insult to the integrity of the people themselves. Then take this characteristic passage from his speech at Quincy:

"As I pass along the street, and as I look into the faces of some of the careworn women who never get a chance to take a summer vacation at some pleasant watering place, I wonder how the husbands and sons of these women can find it in their hearts to support the policies which are today amassing great wealth in the hands of a few people with a rapidity never known before in the history of the world; I wonder how it is that men who are not interested in getting their hands into other people's pockets, but merely in keeping other people's hands out of their own pockets, can support the Republican ticket, while today the Republican party denies the principle of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, and makes this a government of the syndicates, by the syndicates and for the syndicates."

Here Bryan appears in his true colors, exciting the spirit of unrest, appealing to class prejudice and provoking discord between employer and employé. He knows that industrial peace means death to his wicked cause; he knows that every day of national prosperity means a deeper grave for his monstrous dogmas, and that business conditions in the country today constitute an absolute impeachment of the policies and purposes represented in his candidacy.—[New York Mail and Express.

OSWEGO STARCH.

WHEN Bryan spoke at Oswego, N. Y., on Thursday, some asked him about starch. The "Incorruptible Robespierre" replied that he knew nothing about Oswego starch. He is beginning "to take a tumble." He attacked a starch industry in its native lair in Nebraska, and come out second best. The men who work in factories do not want them pulled down.

FROST IN NEW YORK.

IT WAS warm enough in New York City when Bryan rode through the streets with Croker full of the Tammany dinner, the Belshazzar's feast of 1900. But up the State there was a black frost from Albany to Buffalo.

The Times' political weather bureau predicted this change in the weather and the thing came at once.

THE DINNER PAIL.

BRYAN gives up the battle. He is forced to recognize the fact that the dinner pails are full.

At Canastota, N. Y., he said to the railroad boys "If the dinner pail is

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 South Broadway, Opp. City Hall, Los Angeles.

There is no lowering of standards when we reprice articles in some certain line, as, for instance, the

men's furnishings

which we refer to below. take the union suits at a half or less. they are worth every cent as much to you as at the original price, if you can *find a fit*. then read the last item about the new colored shirts at a dollar. they are a novelty and will go briskly, the sizes will be broken and in a little while you'll find them described here as a "special." we've no room for broken lots, no time for short stocks. your plan is to keep the stock always new and bright and fresh.

merino underwear
two special values—a full line of shirts and drawers at 50c.
a broken line of union suits, a few large, but mostly in the smaller sizes, worth $4.00 to $6.00, sale price $1.50 to $3.50.

new style collars
a good line for fit and quality, all the new styles of bead edge at 2 collars for a quarter.

wool socks
fine wool and worsted in black and natural, splendid value at 25c.

hunting shirts and sweaters
a good line of duck hunting shirts to select from and grass colored sweaters at $2, $2.50 and $3.

exclusive shirts
new fall styles in colored shirts in a large variety of exclusive designs at $1 dollar.

our umbrella department offers 500 umbrellas, silk gloria, 26-in., men and women..... $1.00 each

Send mail orders direct to the store, as we employ no agents.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

November Delineator, Butterick patterns and Fashion sheets are now here.

H. JEVNE

...CANDY...

Just as you enter the store it's the first thing you see. Tempting? Well, it proves so to many people, and after they've had the pleasure of eating some—they wish for more. The store is always here and the candy is always here, and it's always just as fresh and just as good one time as another. "You're candy safe at Jevne's."

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

GASOLINE STOVES

THE BEST MADE.

JAS. W. HELLMAN, - 157-161 N. Spring St.

FOREMOST FURNISHINGS

And Hats are easy to buy today at...

Silverwood's

Our merchandise and methods meet with popular approval. Open till 11 o'clock tonight.

221 South Spring Street.

Reliable Goods Popular Prices.

N. B. BLACKSTONE CO.

Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.

NECK WEAR and LACE TRIMMINGS.

There's a gathering here of Fancy Lace Novelties and Neckwear that must appeal to all admirers of up-to-date styles. They're dainty, fresh looking, out of the ordinary. The popularity of these fancy articles was anticipated by us, and we bought lavishly. It will pay you to look over this stock. Everything that's correct is here.

Guipure Colbert All-overs, Edges and Bands to match.
Arabian Laces, Bands and All-overs.
Point de Flander All-overs and bands.
Black Cluny and *Escurial* All-overs and Bands.
Escurial and *Applique* Bands and Allovers in white, black and colors.
Venise and *Applique* Bands and All-overs in the new tans and yellows.
Duchesse and *Renaissance* Bands, Edges and All-overs.
Plain Gold Nets.
Point de Gage and *Lierre.*
New Green Vellings, late shadings in Chiffon and Sewing Silk, plain or dotted.
Jetted and *Spangled Nets*, new All-over designs.
Embroidered Nets, All-overs, black and white.
Ruchings of Liberty Silk or Satin, with the new style puff or Van Dyke points; every width.
Ruffs, Collarettes, Boas and *Scarfs* of Liberty Silk or Chiffon in great varieties.
New Stocks and *Jabots* of Satin and Liberty Silk.
Plain Colored *Stocks* of corded Taffeta, with the new, turn-over points, and dozens of other fancy fixings for the neck and dress ornamentation.

Geo. A. Ralphs 601 S. Spring. Tel. Main 516.

Our Motto: "Full Weight, Highest Quality, Lowest Prices."

Best Java and Mocha Coffee, per lb	30c	2 pkgs Lion Coffee	25c
Best Costa Rica Coffee, per lb	25c	Arbuckle's Coffee, per pkg	15c
Best Salvador Coffee, per lb	20c	2 pkgs Pheenix Cereal	25c
5 lbs. Green Costa Rica Coffee	$1.00	Old Grist Mill, per pkg	25c

The Great Credit House.

Special Carpet Sale 40c yard. BRENT'S, 530-532 S. Spring St.

Newberry's

WAY OF SELLING

SUGAR

We put up all our Sugar in 5, 10, 25 and 100 lb. sacks, and sell it always by the pound. You can know what you are getting instead of the seductive "dollar's worth."

Price Today, Oct. 20—Sugar

	Los Alamitos.	Western or Hawaiian
100 pound Sacks	$6.25	$6.50
50 pound Sacks	3.15	3.25
20 pound Sacks	1.25	1.30
10 pound Sacks	.65	.65
5 pound Sacks	.35	.35

NEW GIBSON BOOK.

The Americans

NINETY DRAWINGS.

By CHARLES DANA GIBSON.

$5.00.

PARKER'S

246 S. Broadway, Near Public Library.

Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

Keep Your Glasses Straight.

If they're crooked, it will ruin your sight. We'll adjust them for you accurately and scientifically. We charge nothing. Astonishing what a lot there is to know about proper adjustment.

J. P. DELANY, 329 S. SPRING. EXPERT OPTICIAN

THE VERY FIRST TIME YOU TRY IT YOU'LL SAY THAT

CAPITOL FLOUR

makes the best bread you ever had. And it will every time. Every sack guaranteed.

FINISH

Is what you see when you look at a Piano. Mere dress. You can't tell the worth of the instrument by looking at the outside. We carry Pianos that are known the world over for their sterling qualities.

So. California Music Co., 315-317 W. Third. Bradbury Building.

McCall's Patterns and Fashion Sheets.

Coulter Dry Goods Co.

SPLENDIDLY GOOD UNDERWEAR.

We have done the Underwear business of the town for so many years, both in men's and women's, that it seems absurd to mention this department in the newspapers, and we would not if it were not for the fact that Los Angeles is constantly growing and arriving strangers do not know the Coulter Store as well as you.

Yesterday we cited facts and figures from the Women's Underwear Department; today we have a few to give you from the Men's, and if you happen to be an economical man they are well worth your reading.

Men's underwear of pure silk fleece, shirts and drawers; nonshrinkable, being very soft and pleasant to the skin; $1.50 the garment.

Men's natural wool or camel's hair shirts and drawers, well made, good weight; $1.25 the garment.

The celebrated Luzerne nonshrinkable underwear, medium weight, three qualities, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 the garment.

Men's pure wool fleece shirts and drawers, $1.00 the garment.

We are agents for the Stuttgardt German underwear. We sell these goods at the catalogue price.

By the way, if you are thinking of a shirt we have the handsomest line of new colors and styles in shirts you have ever seen for the money. All the leading makes are found in our stock.

MONEY-SAVING SUIT PRICES.

If you have any idea of buying a Tailor-made Suit or a new Jacket today you can save money by looking here before you make your purchase. We are discontinuing this department, and every suit and jacket in the house has been reduced to the lowest possible price.

There is a big line of suits at $10.00 which we formerly sold all the way from $12.50 to $16.50. We have jackets from $5.00 to $15.00 which were $10.00 to $30.00 each not more than ten days ago. The reductions in suits include also the new fall goods which have only just been placed on sale, and we wish to make the distinct statement that our prices on these goods are today less than you will pay for equal qualities at the closing-out sales in January, besides giving you a greater advantage in the large assortment to select from.

LAST OF THE 45c SILKS.

We doubt if there is enough in the lot to last until the store closes tonight. But there are still some very pretty ones left, although not very much in a piece. As we told you the other day, these silks sold at 75c and $1.00 the yard. If we were going into the market for them today we could not duplicate our present assortment to sell at less than those prices. No more after tonight at 9 o'clock.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,

317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Save Your Money

Begin at once by opening a bank account. There is no time like the present, there is no way to success but economy and saving. Sums from $1.00 up.

UNION BANK OF SAVINGS, 223 S. Spring.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.

Couldn't Live Without Them.

Fresh fruits and vegetables. We could better do without meat, and we'd all be better off if we didn't eat so much of it. Our store is brimming over with the good things—mean's there's a good Sunday dinner in view for some people. Such fresh, crisp vegetables and such fine delicious fruits. Store open until 12 o'clock tonight.

Telephone M. 898. 215-217 W. Second St.

SUPERIOR Steel Ranges, GASOLINE and OIL Stoves

Cass & Smurr Stove Co

314-316 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO

Do you enjoy a comfortable evening? Nothing so necessary as a Morris Chair.

Here's a new big lot, handsomely made of golden oak and mahogany, in the very newest designs. They're adjustable to five different positions. With reversible velour cushions, $10. With reversible cushions of less expensive material, $8.

225, 227 and 229 S. Broadway.

OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President: WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.
For Vice-President: ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.
For Congress, Sixth District: W. C. GRAVES.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

I. H. Seawell, of Mendocino	James N. Block, of San Francisco	Wm. T. Baggett, of San Francisco
John P. Haynes, of Humboldt	W. H. Stimson, of Los Angeles	Thomas A. Rice, of Ventura
Dr. W. L. Prather, of Lake	W. R. Jacobs, of San Joaquin	John A. Cole, of San Bernardino

LOS ANGELES COUNTY TICKET:

For Superior Judge (for the unexpired term), M. E. C. MUNDAY.
For Superior Judge (for the full term), D. K. TRASK.
For Supervisor from the Second District, W. B. RAYMUND.
For Supervisor from the Fourth District, J. W. VERMARLE.
For Supervisor from the Fifth District, JAMES HANLEY.
Thirty-seventh Senatorial District, W. W. STEPHENS.

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:

Seventieth District, JOHN T. WILSON.
Seventy-first Dist., ARTHUR L. WELLINGTON.
Seventy-second District, JOHN WOLFSKILL.
Seventy-third District, FRANK JAMES.
Seventy-fourth District, F. W. PORTER.
Seventy-fifth District, F. W. ALLENDER.

TRUSSES and Elastic Hosiery Made to fit

W. W. SWEENEY, 314 West Fourth Street.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Oct. 19, 1900.

METAL MINING DIVIDENDS. The distribution of dividends by metal-mining companies reporting to the Engineering and Mining Journal in the third quarter of this year, amounted to $10,892,342, making a total for the nine months ending September 30, of $23,763,636. The total dividends in the three quarters is but little less than the value of the entire silver production in the United States in 1899, and is equal to nearly one-half of the gold output in the same year.

INCREASED SAVINGS. On January 1, 1899, the total deposits in the savings banks of New York State amounted to $628,258,242. On January 1, 1896, the total deposits amounted to $691,764,588; making an increase for the three years of $62,406,260. On January 1, 1897, the deposits were $715,-176,836. On January 1, 1900, the total deposits amounted to $857,480,650, making the unprecedented increase of $169,-303,794. These total deposits of $857,-480,000 represent over 2,000,000 accounts, showing that the average account is a little over $400.

COMMERCIAL.

WORLD WHEAT. Dornbusch's London Cargo List gives the latest estimate of the 1899-1900 world's wheat crop. It premises that "'tis always harvest somewhere in the world," and that this consideration robs crop statistics of some of their potentiality for direct market influence. The estimates in million quarters of eight bushels follow:

	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.
Europe	179	191	201	148
*America	87	94	100	94
Asia	32	36	44	24
Australia	7	8	9	8
Total	305	329	355	274

*Estimating crops to be harvested in December: Argentina, 13,500,000 quarters; Chile, 1,500,000 quarters, and Uruguay, 2,000,000 quarters.

Speaking of the French wheat crop of 1899-1900, Broomhall says: "Some rain has fallen during the past week, but more is wanted to enable farmers to push on with fall plowing, and give the seed a good start. The French Millers' Association estimates the French wheat crop of 1899-1900 at 312,-000,000 bushels, against 375,000,000 bushels the previous crop. Last year this authority's estimate was 376,000,000 bushels, compared with 365,000,000 bushels, officially estimated. This year's crop deficiency will be fully offset by the old-crop reserves."

SMALL SUGAR MELTINGS. According to the American Grocer, the actual melting of raw sugar last month fell 42,000 tons behind the same time in 1899, and was only 5000 tons more than for the corresponding period in 1898.

STOCKS OF COFFEE. The world's visible supply of coffee on October 1 was 7,434,359 bags, against 6,583,443 bags on September 1, 1900, and 8,036,556 bags on October 1, 1899. The present visible supply is just about one-half last year's deliveries.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

PROGRESSIVE RUSSIA. The Russian Minister of Finance has, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Mail, definitely decided to introduce the metrical system of weights and measures into Russia. St. Petersburg, Moscow and half a dozen other great cities will have their first experience of the reform on January 14, 1901.

LABOR WELL EMPLOYED. According to the American Federationist (labor organ) the general state of employment during August continued exceptionally good. In the 673 unions making returns, with an aggregate membership of 47,192, 1342 (2.8 per cent.) were reported as unemployed at the end of August, compared with 2.9 per cent. in the 671 unions, with a membership of 46,964, from which returns were received for July, 1900. Since March of the current year the reports have been gaining in hopefulness.

MACHINE-MINED COAL. Coal mining by machinery is on the increase, as might well be expected. Thus, in 1896, the quantity of bituminous coal mined by machines was 14.17 per cent. of the total product of that year, and in 1897 it was 16.19 per cent. of the entire output. But in 1898 the industry received considerable impetus, as will be seen when it is stated that the total quantity of machine-mined coal was 20.39 per cent. of the whole. These figures were further enlarged by the returns of 1899, which showed that the percentage of machine-mined coal amounted to 22 per cent. of the total production. As far as the actual figures of production are concerned, the top palm, of course, was carried off by 1899, with a total of 43,943,933 short tons, or almost 12,000,000 tons more than was so produced in 1898. In 1897 the total output worked by machines was 22,649,220 short tons, an increase over 1896 of 6,222,223 short tons. Machines were used in twenty-two States and Territories in 1899. All of the States save Alabama, Arkansas, Iowa and North Dakota report substantial gains in tonnage. The four States mentioned, however, show decreases.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

Provisions are unchanged, but the undertone is not strong.

Dried fruits and nuts are very quiet, but prices are steady.

There is no change in flour, but the market has a firm tone.

Hides, wool and tallow are dull, quotations for wool being nominal.

Butter is firm for good to fancy, but low grade dairy is dull. Buyers prefer good tub butter at a little more money. Tub is selling freely.

Eggs are firm, especially for fresh local. The general price is 32 cents, but some quote 33. Eastern are firm for standard at 23 cents straight and select at 25 cents.

Honey is quiet, outside prices being hard to get.

Choice to fine potatoes are very firm at $1.25 to $1.30. Good local are firm at $1.

Live poultry is doing well for large, fat stock. Large turkeys are in good demand.

Game is dull; although receipts are light, they are sufficient.

Apples and bananas are in good demand at steady prices; all other fresh fruit is dull.

The hay market is very firm. The demand is active and stocks but moderate.

Citrus-fruit Shipments.

There were shipped out from Southern California Thursday four carloads of lemons, making a total for the season of all citrus fruits of 17,763 carloads.

Provisions.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14½; fancy wrapped, 12½; plain wrapped, 12½; mild cured, 11@11½; medium, 11; Gilbert bacon, 12½; Wilshire, 12½; Chester, 14@15½; 40's, 14@15½; Orange Blossom, 12½.

HAMS—Per lb., Rex brand, 12; Gilt-edge hams, 12½; plain, 12; Wilshire, 12½@13; Orange Blossom hams, 12½.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., clear bellies, 10@10½; short clears, 10½@11½; clear backs, 10½.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 12½@13½; outsides, 10½; flanks, 14; regulars, 14.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., $6.00; rump butts, $7.50.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., $12.00; extra mess, $13.00; family, $14.00; boneless, $15.00.

LARD—Per lb., pure leaf, 8½; compound, 7½; Silver Leaf, 9½; Orange Blossom, 9½; Ivory compound, 7½; Sustene, 7½; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 9½; Silver Leaf, 9½; White Label, 9½; Orange Blossom, 9½.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.25; London Layers, per box, 2.00; loose, 6 per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 7@8.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 5½@7½; apricots, 7½@8; peaches, fancy, 6½; choice, 7½@8; pears, fancy evaporated, 12@13; choice, 9@10; prunes, choice, 6; fancy, 6½; dates, sugar, 4½; Sacks, California, white, per lb., 4@7; California, pitted, choice, 10@12½; fancy, 13@14; California, fancy layers, per lb., 10@12; imported Smyrna, 12½@25.

NUTS—Walnuts, paper-shells, 10@11; fancy softshells, 10; hardshells, 9; almonds, softshells, 12½@17; paper-shells, 17@17½; hardshells, 10@11; pecans, 10@12; filberts, 12@13; Brazils, 9@10; pignons, 8@9; peanuts, eastern, raw, 6@6½; roasted, 7@7½; California, 4.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 4.00@5.50.

CATTLE—Per cwt., $ 3.75@4.50 for prime steers; 3.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@5.00; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 5.00@7.00.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 3.50@4.00; northern, 3.50@4.00; Eastern Pillsbury's Best, 5.25; other brands, 4.75@4.00; Oregon, 3.25; graham flour, 3.50 per bbl.

FEED—Bran, per ton, 22.00; rolled barley, 22.00; cracked corn, 1.30 per cwt.

Hides, Wool and Tallow.

HIDES—Dry basis, 12½ per lb.; kip, 10; calf, 12½; bulls, 8½.

WOOL—Per lb., 8@10.

TALLOW—Per lb., No. 1, 3½; No. 2, 3.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 4½@7.

VEAL—5½@8.

MUTTON—Per lb., 5; lamb, 5½@8.

PORK—Per lb., 6½.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 25½; southern creamery, 24½@25; other creamery, 23@24½; eastern in tubs, fancy, per lb., 15; local rolls, 24.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 32½; standard, 32; extra select, 32; eastern, 25.

CHEESE—Per lb., eastern, full cream, 16@18½; Coast, full cream, 10@10½; Anchor, 12½; Downey, 12½; Young America, 13½; 2-lb. hand, 14½; domestic Swiss, 12½; imported Swiss, 26@27; Edam, fancy, per doz., 1.50@2.25.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 12@15; strained, 6@8.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@22.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per central: Choice to fancy, 1.10@1.25; River Burbank, 50@55; sweet, per central, 1.40@1.50.

ONIONS—New, per central, 1.00@1.25.

VEGETABLES—Per sack, per box or crate, 50@90; cabbage, 50@90; carrots, 40 per cwt.; green chiles, 6@7 per lb.; dry chiles, per sack, 3@4; cucumbers, per dozen, 25@35; parsnips, 50@1.00 per cwt.; green peas, 5@6; radishes, per dozen bunches, 20@25; string beans, 5@6½; turnips, 40 per cwt.; garlic, 4@5; tomatoes, 40@60; summer squash, per box, 30@40; asparagus, per lb., 10@12½; rhubarb, per box, 40; cucumbers, per box, 50; rhubarb, per box, 40; egg plant, per lb., 5@6½; green corn, per sack, 1.25@1.40; melons, per dozen, 1.00@1.50; cantaloupes, 1.00@1.25; Lima beans, per lb., 5; celery, per dozen, 25@30.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers say live weight for stock in good condition: 5@6 per lb. for poultry; ducks, 7@8; for turkeys, 15@16; geese, 8@9.

GAME—Doves, per doz., local, 1.00@1.25; rabbits, 1.00@1.25; quail, 1.00@1.25; snipe, 1.50@1.75; English snipe, 2.50@3.00; mallard ducks, teal, 1.75@2.25; sprig, 1.50@2.00; wild ducks, 4.00@5.00; spoonbills, 1.50@2.00; mudhens, 1.50@2.00; common, 50@1.00; widgeons, 1.50@1.00; wild geese, gray, 2.00@2.50; white, 3.00@3.50.

Beans.

BEANS—Pink, 2.75@3.00; Limas, 3.50@4.00; small white, 4.00@4.25; large white, 3.00.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.00@3.25; extra, 3.50@4.00.

ORANGES—Per box, Valencias, 2.25@3.00.

LIMES—Per 100, 1.00.

COCOANUTS—Per doz., 30@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.00.

STRAWBERRIES—Fancy, 75; common, 40@.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 2.00@2.50.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 75@1.00.

RASPBERRIES—Per box, 75@1.00.

PEACHES—Per box, 1.00@1.25.

FIGS—Per box, 10@20; Cornichon, 1.25@1.50.

APPLES—New, per box, 1.00@1.25.

GRAPES—Per box, 65@90; Cornichon, 1.25@1.50.

BANANAS—Per bunch, 1.50@2.25.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl., 5.00.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 1.00.

OATS—Jobbing price, 1.45@1.55.

CORN—1.30.

HAY—New barley, 12.00@13.00; alfalfa, 10.00@11.00; loose, 8.50@9.50.

WHEAT—Mill price, per central, 1.30@1.35.

STATE OF TRADE.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say that a settlement of the coal strike, satisfactory to all interests having been effected, business breathes more freely in the East, and distribution of merchandise is increasing slowly again, though the election excitement keeps new buying in many lines down to wants for immediate use. In the West, there is not the same hesitation, and there, as well as in the South, the marketing of crops is responsible for a feeling of much confidence in the movement of business, if the nation acts conservatively at the polls. Prices of commodities are weaker, and the caution so gratifying in a Presidential year keeps speculation at a minimum. Cotton further declined, planters are rushing work, and picking is expected to progress rapidly enough to save most of the crop from early frost. High prices make it possible to pay good wages to pickers, and the movement at receiving points increases largely. Domestic spinners are not liberal buyers, but exports are only slightly smaller than a year ago. Wheat has shown more weakness, due in part to the greater activity at Russian ports, and Atlantic exports for the week were only 2,647,235 bushels, against 3,270,226 a year ago. Few important fluctuations occurred in iron and steel, but there were small advances in Bessemer pig at Pittsburgh and billets at Philadelphia. Moderate gains are reported in the volume of transactions, although the tendency is to delay large contracts a few weeks. Implement makers take bar iron freely, however, and orders for pipe are urgent. Structural shapes are taken for foreign points as far distant as Egypt, and domestic bridge builders buy freely. More mills have gone into blast, and the general tone is improving. Production of coke has increased, but prices are easy, and many ovens are still idle. Tin declined again. Leather and hides are firm and selling freely because of steady improvement in demand for boots and shoes. While woolen mills are working at full capacity, more seasonable weather has increased buying in this line, and purchases of wool at the three chief eastern markets increased to 4,524,000 pounds, the best total for a long time, although still far below the amount taken through speculative activity a year ago. Prices are steady and holders show no less confidence. Failures for the week were 209 in the United States, against 145 last year, and 26 in Canada, against 20 last year.

Bradstreet's Review.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say that as the jobbing distributive trade tends to lessen with the advance of the fall season, the repressive influences of ante-election feeling becomes more clearly perceptible, and the result is a generally quiet, though at the same time confident feeling in general trade, which the stock market has apparently begun to discount, with the result of swelling current bank clearings well above recent totals. As for some time past the trade advices come from the South, which remains cheerful in spite of lower cotton. Pacific Coast advices are that export trade is very large as the result of army needs and Asiatic requirements. Northwestern trade is on the whole quiet, and the disposition to charge the election with this is manifest. Eastern wholesale trade is quiet, but steady. Gross railway returns continue excellent, considering the report of quiet in all other lines, and net returns for August are much more encouraging than those of July. The country's foreign trade is in a flattering condition, September exports being the largest ever reported for that month and swelled by high-priced cotton shipments, the nine months' returns are far in advance of all previous years. Imports, on the other hand, show few gains, and the outlook is for a record-breaking export trade and a merchandise balance for all other years. Prices of farm products have tended downward this week. The most notable drop has been in cotton, half a cent for the week and one cent from the highest point reported, due to good picking weather and absence of frost, encouraging maximum estimates of yield, but also because of the heavy weight of receipts brought out by the high prices of two weeks ago. The depression noted is, perhaps, most prominent in the iron and steel industries, where values for the cruder materials remain well down to the lowest point reached in more than a year past, and even here it may be noted that a larger volume of rail steel orders have been placed this year than in former periods. Wheat, including flour shipments for the week, aggregated 3,976,643 bushels, against 4,297,885 last week, and 4,160,618 in the corresponding week of 1899. From July 1 to date, this season, wheat exports were 55,311,165 bushels, against 65,125,682 last season and 61,510,889 bushels in 1898-99. Business failures for the week number 223 in the United States, against 210 last week, 221 last year, 213 in 1898, 205 in 1897 and 292 in 1896. Canadian failures number twenty-two, against thirty-six last week and twenty last year.

Bradstreet's financial review tomorrow will say that any acute apprehension about the money market was relieved by the large amounts of gold which New York bankers produced abroad, and which are on the way to this country. The sum total of the present gold inflow is over $9,000,000, and though this amount is a little greater than the shipments of money from New York to the interior, in some recent weeks, the effect, even in advance of the species arrival, was decidedly favorable. Owing largely to the gold-importing arrangements and to a falling-off in the supply of cotton bills, foreign exchange recovered this week from its recent break, and is again at a point which cuts off further gold imports. The fact, however, that in case of danger to our money market assistance could be had abroad, could hardly fail to give increased confidence to the financial and speculative markets. In this connection, Wall street was particularly struck by the announcement that the Bank of France would put no obstacles in the way of moderate gold withdrawals for shipment to New York, if they were needed here. It is also noted with satisfaction that though some of the specie now on the way hither was taken from the Bank of England or France, most of the shipments represent amounts of bullion picked up in the open markets and one important sum of $2,500,000, included in the National City Bank's consignment, consists of bar gold from South Africa. The operations, in short, have been conducted in a way which has obviated any disturbance of the foreign money markets, discounts at both London and Berlin being a little lower and fear of a disturbance caused by American demand for payment of its credit balances has been allayed. This, however, does not result in any increased foreign participation in our stock market, and London has ever been a small seller of securities on the advances which were recorded here.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at all principal cities for the week ended October 18, with the percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

	Amount.	Per ct. Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,0[illegible],914,309	[illegible]	
Boston	1[illegible],123,554	[illegible]	
Chicago	2[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Philadelphia	1[illegible],479,977	[illegible]	
St. Louis	8[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Pittsburgh	3[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baltimore	2[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
San Francisco	2[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Cincinnati	2[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Kansas City	3[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
New Orleans	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Minneapolis	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Detroit	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Cleveland	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Louisville	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Providence	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Milwaukee	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
St. Paul	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Buffalo	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Omaha	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Indianapolis	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Columbus, O.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Savannah	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Denver	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Hartford	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Richmond	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Memphis	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Washington	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Peoria	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Rochester	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
New Haven	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Worcester	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Atlanta	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Salt Lake City	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Springfield, Mass.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Fort Worth	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Portland, Me.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Portland, Or.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
St. Joseph	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Los Angeles	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Syracuse	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Des Moines	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Nashville	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Wilmington, Del.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Fall River	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Scranton	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Grand Rapids	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Augusta, Ga.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Lowell	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Dayton, O.	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Seattle	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Tacoma	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Spokane	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Sioux City	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Toledo	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Galveston	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Houston	1[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible]	
Totals for the United States	$1,6[illegible],[illegible],[illegible]	....	13.2

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—There was a very active market for all classes of stocks today, in which the bull element early secured the upper hand and maintained it with growing success throughout the day. The rise in prices was so considerable as to invite free profit-taking during the closing hour. But new stocks were picked out for an advance with such good effect on the general list that it was able to absorb a very large amount of the offerings before any effect began to be produced. Prices ran off somewhat in the final dealings, reducing extreme gains to a considerable extent and carrying a few stocks, including some of the leading industrials, below last night. The market was thus made irregular and very active, but the average level of prices was considerably higher, as a result of the day's trading. The advance was contested during the earlier part of the day, but not as vigorously as yesterday. No further effect was produced than to check the advance in some quarters without causing an actual decline. The bear opposition appeared to be withdrawn, when the course of prices turned clearly in favor of the bulls, and some of the interests which were sellers yesterday turned to the buying side. A fact that could not escape notice was that yesterday's rumors of further plans of amalgamation of the Vanderbilt properties was heard of nothing of today, and the concerted advance in the group came to an end. It was notable, also, that yesterday's upward rush in the steel stocks was desisted from today, and most of the group ended with net losses. Sugar and People's Gas were affected by realizing. This turning from one point in the market to another is a characteristic feature of professional operators and manipulative processes, which clearly played a large part in today's market, but it was equally clear that the professional manipulation for the rise had large success in attracting outside buying. Special points of strength were Atchison preferred, the Grangers and Southwestern, Northern Pacific, Southern Pacific and Manhattan, with other local traction stocks, following in sympathy. The news of the day had little to do with the advance. The bond market was considerably more active today, total sales, $2,725,000. United States new 4s advanced ¼ on the last call.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison pfd	80	Wabash	7¾
Atchison pfd	73½	Wabash pfd	24½
Canadian Pacific	96½	Wheeling & L. E.	2½
Canada Southern	54	W. & L. E. 1st pfd	70
Chesa. & Ohio	30½	Wis. Central	21½
Chicago G. W.	10½	Third Avenue	111
C., R. & Quincy	118	Express Co's—	
C., I. & L.	39½	Adams	135
C., I. & L. pfd	85½	American	135
C. & E. Illinois	154	United States	43
Chicago & N. W.	161	Wells-Fargo	112
C., R. I. & P.	108¾	Miscellaneous—	
C. C. C. & St. L.	63	Am. Cot. Oil	23½
Colo. Southern	9¾	Am. Cot. Oil pfd	113
Colo. So. 1st pfd	23	Am. Malting	4½
Colo. So. 2d pfd	11	Am. Malting pfd	13
Del. & Hudson	113	Am. S. & R.	14½
D., L. & Western	178	Am. S. & R. pfd	91½
Denver & R. G.	19½	Am. Spirits	2
D. & R. G. pfd	47½	Am. Spirits pfd	11
Erie	12¾	Am. Steel Hoop	31
Erie 1st pfd	35½	Am. Steel Hoop pfd	80
Great N. pfd	178	Am. Tin Plate	6
Hocking Coal	15	Am. Tin Plate pfd	49
Hocking Valley	39½	Am. S. & W.	14½
Illinois Central	115	Am. S. & W. pfd	74½
Iowa Central	15½	Am. Sugar	124½
Iowa Cen. pfd	34½	Am. Sugar pfd	118
Lake Erie & W.	19	Am. Tobacco	94½
Lake Erie & W. pfd	70	Am. Tob. pfd	127
L., N. A. & C.	91	Anaconda Min. Co.	49
Lake Shore	191	Brooklyn R. T.	67½
Louis. & Nash.	77½	Colo. Fuel & I.	41½
Manhattan L.	97½	Consol. Tobacco	79½
Met. St. Ry.	167½	Cont'l Tobacco pfd	94½
Mexican Central	19½	Federal Steel	39½
Minn. & St. L.	71½	Federal Steel pfd	87
M. & St. L. pfd	93	Gen. Electric	34½
Missouri Pacific	40	Glucose Sugar	19¾
Mobile & Ohio	39	Glucose Sugar pfd	93
N., C. & St. L.	90	Int'l Paper	19
N. J. Central	124	Int'l Paper pfd	64½
N. Y. Central	134½	Laclede Gas	78½
Norfolk & W.	21½	Nat'l Biscuit	39
Norfolk & W. pfd	71½	Nat'l Biscuit pfd	98
Northern Pacific	54½	Nat'l Lead	19½
North. Pac. pfd	73¾	Nat'l Lead pfd	102
Ontario	37½	Nat'l Steel	37½
Or. Ry. & Nav.	31	Nat'l Steel pfd	87½
Or. Ry. & N. pfd	78	N. Y. Air Brake	51
Pennsylvania	132½	North American	13½
Reading	37	Pacific Coast	56
Reading 1st pfd	77	Pacific Coast pfd	87½
Reading 2d pfd	27½	Pacific Mail	37½
Rio Grande W.	19	Pressed Steel Car	39
Rio Grande W. pfd	49	Pressed Steel Car pfd	80
St. L. & S. F.	5¾	Pullman Palace Car	183
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	67	Standard R. T.	15
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	53	Sugar	124½
St. Louis, S. W.	9¾	Sugar pfd	113½
St. L. S. W. pfd	30½	Tenn. C. & I.	47
St. Paul	118	U. S. Leather	11¾
St. Paul pfd	178	U. S. Leather pfd	77½
St. Paul & O.	118	U. S. Rubber	19½
Southern Pacific	49½	U. S. Rubber pfd	80
So. Railway	15¾	U. S. Rubber pfd	80
So. Railway pfd	53½	Western Union	94½
Texas & Pacific	24½	Wis. Cent. Co.	15½
Union Pacific	44½	Wis. Cent. Co. pfd	51½
Union Pac. pfd	78	U. S. C. & G. 1st	99

Total sales, 616,700 shares.

Bond List.

U. S. R. 2s reg	104	N. J. C. 1sts	109¾
U. S. R. 2s coup	104	N. J. C. Gen. 5s	123¾
U. S. R. 3s reg	108¾	N. Y. C. 7s	111
U. S. R. 3s coup	108¾	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	97½
U. S. R. 4s reg	135¾	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pfd	110
U. S. R. 4s coup	134½	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pfd	37½
U. S. old 4s reg	114¾	N. & W. Con. 4s	87½
U. S. old 4s coup	114¾	Or. Nav. 1sts	109¾
U. S. 5s reg	112	Or. Nav. 4s	103¾
U. S. 5s coup	112¾	Or. S. L. 4s	87½
D. of C. 3.65s	118	Or. S. L. Con. 5s	112¾
Atchison, Gen. 4s	100	Reading, Gen. 4s	97½
Atchison, Adj. 4s	87½	St. L. & I. M. 5s	110
Can. So. 2ds	107½	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	120
C. & O. 4½s	107½	St. L. & S. F. 4s	87½
C. & O. 5s	120	St. L. & S. F. Adj. 5s	77
C. & O. Gen. 4½s	112¾	St. Paul Consols	127½
C. & O. W. 5s	114¾	St. P. C. & P. 5s	118½
Chicago Ter. 4s	99	St. P. C. & P. 1st	120
Colo. Sp. 4s	81¾	St. P. & D. 5s	119
D. & R. G. 4s	94	St. P. & D. 1st	112
Erie Gen. 4s	71	St. P. & D. 2d	110
Fort Worth 1sts	94	St. P. & N. P. 1st	118½
Gen. Elec. 5s	113¾	Union Pacific 4s	104¾
Iowa Cen. 1sts	113¾	Wabash 1sts	117¾
Iowa Cen. 2ds	93¾	Wabash 2ds	93¾
L. S. & T. 2ds	91½	Wis. Centuries	93¾
M., K. & T. 4s	87½		

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Pacific	61
Call loans	5@6%	Union Land	1¾
Time loans	5@6%	Utah Land	1¾
Stocks—		W. Electric	49¾
A., T. & S. F.	22¾	Bonds—	
Atchison pfd	73¾	Atchison 4s	99½
Am. Sugar	124½	Atchison 4s C. A.	99½
Am. Sugar pfd	118	Mining shares—	
Bell Telephone	140	Adventure	4¾
Boston & Albany	247	Allouez M. Co.	1
Boston Elevated	151	Amal. Copper	71
Boston & Maine	190	Atlantic	25
C., B. & Quincy	130½	Bingham	1
Dominion Coal	30½	Boston & M.	254@255
Dominion Coal pfd	113	Butte & Boston	20
Federal Steel	39½	C. & C. Electric	70
Federal Steel pfd	87¾	Centennial	18
Fitchburg pfd	138	Franklin	17¾
Humboldt	1	Humboldt	1
Mexican Central	19½	Oscoola	22
Mich. Telephone	98	Parrott	19
N. E. G. & C.	11	Quincy	154
Old Colony	203½	Santa Fe Copper	7¾
Old Dominion	22½	Tamarack	175
Rubber	22½	Utah Mining	39½
		Wolverine	13½

London Financial Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "Stocks here were improved by prospects of easy money and the indemnification of an early settlement in China. Investment was the chief business, Americans, which on a small scale, caused a firmer market, quiet in the early hours and finished heavy and noisy on New York support. Money rates were unchanged. Silver was bought for the East and on good trade orders."

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Close: Money on call, firm; 3@4 per cent; last loan 3; prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.83¼ for demand and at 4.81¾ for 60 days' posted rates, 4.82@4.82½ and 4.84½ commercial bills, 4.80¼@4.81. Silver certificates, 63@64. Bar silver, 63½. Mexican dollars, 49½. Bonds: Government, strong; State, inactive; railroad, strong.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund shows: Available cash balance, $135,720,154; gold, $95,304,12[illegible].

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—At the outset and during most of the forenoon, the paramount issue in wheat was to be found in the Argentine shipments, 880,000 bushels, compared with 600 bushels the week previous and the resultant advance at Liverpool in the face of declines here yesterday. December opened 40@½ higher and 74@¾ but this advance was sufficient to set scalpers after profits, as they are mostly bears anyway, and by drop to 71¾@72¼ followed. Their offerings were well taken by all, however, and a rally to 74¾ ensued. This bulge was promptly supported, and the large receipts caused considerable despondency under which December slumped to 73@73c. Here the market again steadied and rallied to 74¾, at which it closed, a shade over yesterday. Corn ruled easy for October, but firm for deferred futures. Trade was a fairly active. December closed ¼@¾ higher. Hardly anything was done in oats. December closed ¼@¾ up. Provisions were fairly active and showed a firm undertone. January pork closed 15@20c higher, lard 10c up, and ribs 7½@10c higher. The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—	Closing.
October	73¾@74
December	73¾@74¾
Corn, No. 2—	34¾
October	
December	33¾
November	33¾
December	31½
Oats, No. 2—	25¾
October	
November	21¾@21¾
December	21¾

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was dull and easy; No. 1 spring wheat, 69¼@73½; No. 2 red, 72½@73; No. 2 corn, 34¼@34½; No. 2 yellow, 33½@34; No. 2 oats, 21¾@22¼; No. 2 fair to choice mixed, 21½@22¼; No. 2 white, 25@26½; No. 3 white, 24@25½; No. 2 rye, 47c; No. 1 flax seed, 1.84; No. 1 northwestern, 1.85; prime timothy seed, 4.12@4.20; mess pork, per bbl., 11.75@11.87½. Lard, per 100 lbs., 6.10@6.15; short ribs sides (loose), 6.00@6.25; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 5¾@6¼; short clear sides (boxed), 6.87½@7.00; clover, contract grade, 10.25.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	20,000	18,000
Wheat, bushels	223,000	94,000
Corn, "	443,000	251,000
Oats, "	296,000	430,000
Rye, "	21,000	4,000
Barley, "	164,000	258,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was firm; creamery, 16@21½; dairy, 15@19; cheese, firm, 10¼@11¾. Eggs, steady; fresh, 17½.

Closing Figures.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Close: Wheat, October, 73¾; November, 73¾@73⅞; December, 74⅝. Corn, October, 34½; November, 27½; December, 31½. Oats, October, 21¾; November, 21¾@22; December 22. Pork, November, 11.12½; January, 11.40. Lard, October, 6.05; November, 6.05½; January, 5.85. Ribs, October, 5.75; November, 5.75; January, 4.95@4.97½. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 73@74¾; No. 3 red, 70@74; No. 2 hard winter, 73¾@77½; No. 3 hard winter, 67½@71½; No. 1 spring, 73¾@77½; No. 2

Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

Church Members Greet an Old Friend.

Welcome to Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Douglass.

Jurors Called to Attend a Trial—Owner of Straying Chickens Fined.

PASADENA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] A reception to Rev. J. H. Douglass and his wife was given in the Church this evening and was attended by a large number of members of the church and by friends of the couple, who have come to Pasadena to make their future home. The affair was unostentatious in character, and Mr. and Mrs. Douglass were given a most cordial welcome by the modern Quakers, many of whom they had known for years in Kansas and other parts of the country.

Elizabeth Grinnell delivered a address of welcome to "John Wesley" as she termed Mrs. Douglass, and the church was filled with reminiscences of days in New England forty years ago when she had known Mr. Douglass as a traveling evangelist of the Methodist church. Her apt reference to his quarterly and yearly meetings held at her New Hampshire home was appreciated by the audience, and her humorous allusions to the trials and discomforts of those days kept her listeners in a whirl of merriment.

Addresses of welcome on behalf of the various churches of the city were delivered by Rev. Frank M. Dowling of the First Christian Church, Rev. C. B. Tebbetts spoke for the Baptist Church. William H. Coffin for the newcomers in the name of the old people of the church. Mr. Douglass responded with words of appreciation for the kind reception accorded him and his wife.

Rev. Mr. Hurd and Mrs. J. G. Rossiter rendered in the accompaniment of organ solos by Mrs. D. W. Gordon and Miss Gordon.

DR. MEHARRY'S SICK CAT.

Dr. G. E. Meharry of Altadena has lost his cat and her faith in the medical qualities of a feline is so great that he has called on a physician to diagnose the case and administer remedies which shall restore the animal to a state of health. The doctor is the Meharry's solicitude over the Angora of a blue-ribbon strain and its value is represented by several figures. Mrs. Meharry left Chicago a few weeks ago for Pasadena a five-years-old cat with three colors of fur, which is a curiosity of its kind, but the long journey and the neglect incident to a trip in a baggage express car blotted out the beauty of three of the cats and left the animal in a precarious condition, but with the care of the family physician, the silken-haired beauty is expected to recover rapidly.

Pasadena has one of the very few schools in California, and while it has but few animals, they are of a high-bred stock, and probably form the nucleus of what may become an important industry. All the descendants of the long-haired cats of Asia Minor are not white, as might be supposed, but are of various colors. Only two of the ten owned by Mrs. Meharry are white, one is yellow, and others are striped, red, salmon pink, maltese and black and white. All of these cats have the long hair of the thoroughbred Angora, but the quality of hair in the ears and around the toes, and "roughs," a peculiar formation of the fur which grows on the cheeks.

MISSIONARY MEETING.

Rev. C. C. Owens, a missionary to Africa, addressed a meeting this evening at the First Baptist Church, telling of his work among the Tegulus, describing the modes of living and methods practiced by those people, and the manner in which the gods were worshiped by the heathen were shown by pictures, and two young men and a young woman were dressed in native costumes of India, the better to illustrate the picture. Mrs. Helen Gregg sang and Kirk Dyer was the soloist. The affair was a concert solo. The affair was under the auspices of the Woman's Missionary Society of the church.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The young people of the United Presbyterian and Lake-avenue Congregational churches gave a reception this evening in the rooms of the Y.M.C.A. building, members of that organization furnishing a recitation by Miss Foote, and the music was furnished by a mandolin club. An advertisement to the effect was the nub of the entertainment.

Miss Mellish, assistant instructor at the Throop, was hostess yesterday afternoon at a reception given in honor of the Throop teachers, at her home on Lincoln avenue. This is the first of a series of social functions to form a stronger social tie among the members of the faculty.

The electric company is rushing the work of installing the new extension on West Colorado street, but it will not be completed by December 15 before the lights in the downtown district will be underground and the old poles removed.

It is announced that a Saturday class in cooking will be formed at Throop Institute on the 27th inst., for the accommodation of school teachers of Pasadena and other towns, who wish to increase their knowledge in that branch of domestic economy.

The contract has been let by the Lamanda Park Lemon Association for the erection of a frame packing-house, to be built in Lamanda Park, which is to cost $3571, and is to be completed by November 17.

The meeting of the W.C.T.U. at the Congregational Church this afternoon was addressed by Mrs. Bradfield of the Congregational Church, Los Angeles, who was a special promoter of the movement.

Rev. P. Boynton and J. C. Owens have been appointed by President Hoover to Board of Trade to investigate the question at the Good Government Club of Los Angeles.

Ah Ling, a Chinaman, pleaded guilty to-day in the Police Court to a violation of the cigarette ordinance, and was fined $50 by Judge Allen. The fine was promptly paid, and Ah Ling rented his room to Louis Locke and Mr. Locke and Mr. Winter at [illegible]

Wm. Hall, who was arrested on a charge of stealing a bale of hay in North Pasadena, has demanded a jury trial, and Justice Kinsreth has set it for Wednesday next.

Capt. Scott Hill of Visalia is the new commander of the Salvation Army in Pasadena, succeeding Capt. Addie McDonald, who has gone to Santa Ana.

Dr. A. J. Stevens of Los Angeles addressed an open-air meeting of Social Democrats this evening on South Fair Oaks avenue.

John A. Leighton of Orangeville, Ont., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Robinson of Palmetto Drive.

H. L. Atwood and family left this evening for Chelsea, Mass. Mr. Atwood is a very sick man.

Frank Norton of Chicago is visiting his mother, Mrs. H. D. Norton of Palmetto Drive.

John Allin and family have returned from a five weeks' stay at Long Beach.

Thomas Earley leaves Saturday for Bakersfield.

F. L. Grannis leaves Wednesday for Chicago.

Wanted—Canvassers to sell graphophones, sewing machines and bicycles. No. 87 E. Colorado st., Pasadena. Good salary.

Special sale of Sturtevant's famous log-cabin candy today.

The best place to buy bicycles and sundries. Herrick's.

Downaline comforters, silkaline cover, Ron Accord.

Peanut candy, 15 cents today at McClement's.

Wadsworth sells paints.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

STARTED FOR SAN QUENTIN.

RIVERSIDE, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Joe Alvares started for San Quentin today for a stay of ten years, in the custody of Sheriff Coburn.

Marshal Wilson has engaged two professional dog-catchers, who on Monday will begin to wage an active war on all untagged canines.

An interesting meeting of the Highgrove Literary Association was held Wednesday evening, at the Casa Rosa Hotel.

There was a slight shower of rain last night, and today has been cool and cloudy.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Four Members of an Organized Band of Thieves Lodged In Jail.

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The arrest yesterday of the Mexican shoplifter named Canto seems to have been but a forerunner of more important captures which the police made today. Two Mexicans giving their names as Manuel Febala and José Espadino were arrested early this morning. They had on their persons several pairs of stolen shoes and a shirt waist. One of them carried a letter, evidently written by a pal in Fresno. I was in Spanish, and advised its recipient not to come to Fresno. It was too dull there. The writer had only succeeded in stealing a coat and vest since his stay there. A short time after the men were arrested a woman who was searching for the prisoners was also placed under arrest, and through her their headquarters was discovered in a downtown lodging-house. Among her possessions were a revolver and several cartridges. The officers are on the trail of another member of the same gang, which is thought to be a branch of an organized band of thieves whose headquarters is supposed to be at Oxnard.

LEMON BUYERS.

A party of eastern lemon commission men, agents of the Southern California exchanges, arrived yesterday. This morning they were driven about the lemon orchards of this section by Manager I. R. Boxley of the local exchange. They are looking about the lemon district as guests of the exchanges they represent. The party consists of I. H. Wilkinson, Los Angeles; George H. Knifton, wife and daughter, Denver; H. D. Toy and wife, Omaha; D. D. Black, Buffalo, N. Y.; A. B. Wright, Wichita, Kan.; E. P. Brown and H. C. Jagger, Minneapolis. The party returned south on the afternoon train.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

A Mexican laborer on the Southern Pacific near Miramar was injured this morning by the caving of a bank which he had incautiously undermined in picking gravel. When the other laborers dug him out he was so covered with blood and dirt that he had to be placed under a hydrant to be washed off. His injuries are not considered serious.

The sailors of the battleship Iowa and cruiser Philadelphia will play a game of baseball here Monday. They are going to settle an old score, resulting from a game when the ships were together at Port Los Angeles, when the Iowas beat the Philadelphias by a score of 8 to 2.

At a meeting of the City Council this morning a petition to erect a wooden building near the public library was denied on the ground that the fire ordinance prohibits the erection of inflammable buildings within a certain distance of the city's buildings.

A bond election has been called for November 5 to settle the High School question. At this election there will be two classes of voters, those registered in the present register, and those whose names are on the Great Register of 1898.

Chief Engineer William Hood of the Southern Pacific arrived by private train last evening. This morning he inspected the new roadbed as far as Naples, and drove over the unfinished portion of the road.

The case of Sarah B. Starkweather vs. James W. Starkweather was decided this morning, the defendant being ordered to pay $50 attorneys fees, $25 costs and $10 per month alimony.

The funeral of J. M. Forbes was held at Grace M. E. Church this afternoon, Rev. B. C. Cory officiated. The remains were laid to rest in Montecito Cemetery.

The matter of revoking the license of L. Gertz, who keeps the bar at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, has been set for hearing on October 29.

Fifteen carloads of stone from the Alex Grant ranch back of Montecito have been shipped to Los Angeles for building purposes.

Hiram C. Pierce, who has been seriously ill at the Cottage Hospital for some weeks is slowly recovering.

GURRAN'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Books rented, 5c week. Sent by express outside city. R. 201, 223 W. Second. 'Phone M. 1115.

CLASSIFIED advertisements for insertion in The Times will be received at the business office or by telephone, Press 1, up to 1 o'clock a.m. of the morning of publication at the regular rates, 1 cent a word for each insertion.

LONG BEACH REPUBLICANS.

McLachlan Speaks Before a Full House—Brick-and-mortar Progress.

LONG BEACH, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The big Tabernacle was stuffed full of Republicanism tonight, and the enthusiasm overflowed through the town, marking locally a red-letter event of the campaign. The white-garbed Americus Club of Pasadena, 500 strong, arrived by special train on the Terminal early in the evening, and was accompanied by the Crown City (colored) Marching Club of Pasadena, thirty strong. The Americus Club performed its graceful and difficult evolutions on Pine avenue between Ocean Park avenue and Second street, where the assembled populace could get a good view.

The formal exercises were held in the Tabernacle, which was filled to the doors. Dr. L. A. Perce, president of the Long Beach Republican Club, occupied the chair, and among the candidates present was W. H. Savage of San Pedro, nominee for the Assembly. The speech of the evening was delivered by James McLachlan, nominee for Congress. Mr. McLachlan's remarks were mainly devoted to national issues, but he also spoke of the commercial opportunities of Long Beach, with respect to San Pedro, and said he would work for the dredging of the inner harbor.

Before returning to Pasadena, the marching clubs were entertained at supper at the Seaside Inn.

SPORT AT FISHING.

Robert E. Masters, the pioneer scientific fisherman of Long Beach, had an exciting day's sport Saturday. Equipped with a six and one-half-foot greenheart rod and a reel with 1000 feet of No. 21 cuttyhunkline, he started early in the day in the little sloop Alamitos, with the veteran fisherman, John McGarvin, at the helm. While trolling during the morning hours off the Bolsa, he landed two albicore, one yellowtail, one skipjack, two bonita, one barracuda and one large mackerel. Once the sea was fairly alive with rock bass, seemingly as far as the eye could reach, but they could not be induced to touch the most tempting bait. By trolling among them, however, Mr. Masters caught and landed a fifty-three-pound white sea bass. The anchor was dropped near the kelp beds off Newport, where, by still fishing, Mr. Masters brought to gaff two halibut, a 200-pound jewfish and an angel shark measuring six feet four inches in length. On the way home a monster sunfish was sighted asleep on the surface. The boat was run up close to the fish and it was gaffed. The day's list of catches included fourteen large fish of eleven different varieties.

BRICK-AND-MORTAR PROGRESS.

A number of substantial business blocks are to be built in Long Beach before next summer. Mrs. Clara P. Stafford is about to put up a three-story brick building, 50x125 feet, on the west side of Pine avenue between First and Second streets. The cost will be not far from $33,000. Mr. Coughran, late of Bakersfield, is about to put up a three-story brick block, 50x150 feet, on the southeast corner of First and Pine avenue, at a cost of about $25,000. It is nearly certain that a three-story brick building will be erected by Mr. Bartow on the west corner of Ocean Park and American avenues. The ground is being cleared for it. The Lowe Gas Company is about to put up a two-story brick building on the east side of Pine avenue, between Ocean Park avenue and First street. W. W. Lowe will commence soon on the construction of a two-story brick block, 30x70 feet, just south of the Lowe Gas Company's building site. The postoffice will be removed into that building. D. G. Shaw has nearly completed the construction of a wood block, 40x80 feet, on the southeast corner of Second and Locust streets.

WILSON-DECKER.

Fred N. Wilson and Miss Pearl M. Decker were married in Los Angeles Wednesday, Rev. Warren F. Day officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson will live in Long Beach.

AZUSA.

WATER DISCOVERY.

AZUSA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] W. A. Sproul has discovered water in his land in the center of town. It stands at a distance of 85 feet from the surface, and an abundant flow is promised when the machinery now installed is ready for work. This is the first attempt to find water within the townsite. There are no wells, and no known water-bearing gravel within several miles of this location, consequently the find is causing considerable excitement. Should Mr. Sproul's well prove a success the City Trustees and several individuals will immediately begin the further development of this locality.

AZUSA BREVITIES.

A runaway occurred here yesterday evening just after dark, a team of J. E. Huber's becoming unmanageable with no one but Mrs. Huber in the carriage. The horses ran nearly a mile over the most dangerous ditches and stony ridges before Mrs. Huber could control them. She was uninjured, and the horses and vehicle escaped without a scratch.

Agent Henry Newell of the Santa Fé goes to North Ontario today to take charge of the railway office there. His place will be taken by the former assistant agent at Glendora.

Mrs. Alice Gidney, the wife of S. W. Gidney, one of the pioneers of Azusa, was buried yesterday afternoon at the Fairmount Cemetery. Her death was very sudden, of apoplexy. She leaves a widower and three small children.

Work on the wagon road from Sycamore Flats to Crystal Lake, in the San Gabriel Cañon, has been suspended till next spring in anticipation of the usual bad weather at that altitude in the winter time. The road is about half completed and a great deal of skill is evinced in mounting an almost perpendicular wall above the flats.

W. S. Ballard, a fisheries agent of the Treasury Department and just returned from Wrangel, Alaska, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. M. LaPetra at Glendora.

The Sperry-Crocker lemon-house is overflowing with lemons, the manager having to use the association packing-house for the surplus fruit. He is packing a carload of lemons for C. Vaughn this week at the association building.

The Briggs-Spence difficulty involved several fruit growers in this vicinity.

CLASSIFIED advertisements for insertion in The Times will be received at the business office or by telephone, Press 1, up to 1 o'clock a.m. of the morning of publication at the regular rates, 1 cent a word for each insertion.

PENSIONS FOR CALIFORNIANS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Pensions were granted today to Californians as follows:

Additional—James M. Paul, Los Angeles, $10.

Original widows—Eva Schillinger, Yuba, $8.

ORANGE COUNTY EVENTS.

Larger Crowds in Attendance at Races—Athletic Sports the Feature Today.

SANTA ANA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The races today were witnessed by a larger crowd than on the first day of the meet. The first race was the 2:40 pace, and was participated in by Willitt's Woodnymph, Farrer's Bob and Saxton's Foxy S. Woodnymph drew the pole and got away from the wire a little in advance of the other two, and was never headed, winning the heat in 2:33¼, with Bob second.

In the second heat Foxy S. was brought out without hobbles, but she acted badly, breaking just after starting in the heat. Bob went off his feet around the first turn, but soon regained his equilibrium and went after the black mare, overhauling her at the quarter post. Foxy S. behaved herself on the back stretch, and soon closed up the lost distance, taking the pole at the head of the stretch, but she broke again at the last eighth, and lost a heat that she was sure to have won had she kept her feet. Bob broke into a run within a few yards of the wire, a full length behind Woodnymph, who made the heat in 2:44.

The third heat and race was won by Woodnymph in 2:35, without a skip or jump, Bob made a splendid effort down the stretch to overhaul the black, but failed.

There was much guessing at the outcome of the county road race, all the starters being unknown quantities. The starters were as follows: Peet's Jim Weaver, Blee's Laura B., Barber's Billy B. and Murray's Toy Say. Billy B. broke when the quartette got the word at the wire, and at the eighth Toy Say also broke. On the back stretch Toy Say passed the bunch, but Laura B. won in 2:41.

The second heat was a very pretty race between Toy Say and Laura B., the former winning in 2:35. The third heat and race was won by Toy Say in 2:47; Laura B. second and Jim Weaver third.

In the three-eighth-mile dash Benedict, Fly, Julia and Pelone were started. At the drop of the flag Julia dashed to the front, setting a gait, with Pelone at her flank. At the head of the stretch every horse was getting the whip, and they continued to get it until they dashed under the wire. Down the stretch Fly, the Chino pony, dashed past Pelone and was at Julia's side as she went under the wire in 0:37.

The stock exhibit was held at the fair grounds this morning at 10 o'clock. There was a good exhibit of Jersey cattle and also of draft horses.

The programme for tomorrow will consist almost wholly of athletic sports, and the crowd to witness these is expected to be larger than upon any previous day of the fair. The following programme has been arranged: Bicycle races—One-mile match race, one-half-mile dash, one-mile open, three-mile team race, and five-mile handicap. Foot races—440-yard dash, 220-yard dash, 100-yard dash, 50-yard dash, 50-yard dash for boys, 50-yard dash for girls, 25-yard potato race. There will also be a game of football between the University of Southern California and the Santa Ana team.

SAN ANA BREVITIES.

The Palmyra Hotel in Orange changed hands yesterday, Amos A. E. Konold of Pittsburgh being the purchaser. The consideration was $15,000. Mrs. Ellen Pfeffer has owned and conducted the hotel for several years.

The most interesting event in Santa Ana tomorrow promises to be the baby show in Spurgeon's Hall. From present indications there will be scores of little tots bidding for public recognition.

Orange county has this year yielded a large crop of peanuts which is being harvested just at this time. Much of this crop will be shipped to San Francisco.

This has been an unusually busy week in the walnut orchards of Orange county. The bulk of the crop is now harvested.

Ray Hoxie of this city was seriously injured yesterday near the railway depots by a heavy rock rolling upon him.

The Republicans held a successful rally this evening at Olive.

"Well, I say that the very best of men don't know the difference between their souls and their stomachs, and they fancy that they are a-wrestling with their doubts when really it is their dinners they're a-wrestling with.

"Take my old man. A kinder husband never drew breath; yet so sure as he touches a bit of pork he begins to worry hisself about the doctrine of Election, till I say, "I'd be ashamed to go troubling the minister with my doubts when an Ayer's Pill would set things straight again."

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla | Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills | Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure | Ayer's Cathartic

ONTARIO COLONIES.

BIG ORANGE CROP ASSURED.

ONTARIO, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The coming crop of oranges is going to be a record breaker, both in point of quantity and quality. The oranges in a few of the orchards are rapidly turning yellow. This is only exceptional, but the green fruit is of large size. The packing-houses are cleaning up, getting ready for the approaching season, and in some instances the making of boxes is under way. From the present outlook there should be a heavy delivery of fruit for the holiday trade.

Atty.-Gen. Tirey L. Ford is billed to speak at Ontario October 25.

The Ontario Woodmen, assisted by several outsiders, sent $50 to the fund for the relief of the Galveston sufferers last week.

Rev. Barstow of Medford, Mass., will occupy the pulpit of the Congregational Church next Sunday, both morning and evening.

C. P. Humphries and D. R. Perkins are in attendance at the Foresters' annual meeting at Santa Cruz this week.

Mrs. W. L. Malone and daughter, Marjory, returned today from an extended trip throughout the East.

Mrs. A. Piddington is representing the local assembly this week at the Grand Chapter, O.E.S., in San José.

Jay Halbrook of Ontario was brought home this morning from Los Angeles suffering from injuries received at the Los Angeles Business College. He attempted to leap over a seat and fell, striking his head with great force and in such a manner as to affect his spinal column.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

LAD'S LONG FALL TO DEATH.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Roy Smith, a nineteen-year-old boy, was killed yesterday in a shaft of the Rose mine. Smith was about to get into the bucket to go down the shaft when his foot slipped, and, missing his hold on the bucket, he fell to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 400 feet, being instantly killed. The body was battered out of all semblance of human form. Smith's parents live at Highland, where the remains will be brought for interment. The deceased was to have been married next week to a girl residing at Victor.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

The alumni of the Stanford and Berkeley universities met this afternoon to organize a constitutional amendment club.

A rich find of gold is reported at Black Nugget camp, which is located about twenty miles from Barstow.

CLASSIFIED advertisements for insertion in The Times will be received at the business office or by telephone, Press 1, up to 1 o'clock a.m. of the morning of publication at the regular rates, 1 cent a word for each insertion.

When the Hair Falls Out

accompanied by mucous patches in the mouth, eruptions on the skin, sore throat, copper colored splotches, swollen glands, aching muscles and bones, the disease is making rapid headway, and far worse symptoms will follow unless the blood is promptly and effectually cleansed of this violent destructive poison.

S. S. S. is the only safe and infallible cure for this disease, the only antidote for this specific poison. It cures the worst cases thoroughly and permanently.

My Condition Could Have Been No Worse.

In the fall of 1897 I contracted Blood Poison. I tried their treatment did me no good; I was getting worse all the time; my hair came out, ulcers appeared in my throat and mouth, my body was almost covered with copper colored splotches and offensive sores. I suffered severely from rheumatic pains in my shoulders and arms. My condition could have been no worse; only those afflicted as I was can understand my sufferings. I had about lost all hope of ever being well again when I decided to try S. S. S., but most reluctantly I had little faith left in any medicine. After taking the fifth bottle I noticed a change in my condition. This was truly encouraging, and I determined to give S. S. S. a thorough trial. From that time on the improvement was rapid; S. S. S. seemed to hive the disease completely under control; the sores and ulcers healed and I was soon free from all signs of the disorder; I have been strong and healthy ever since.

L. W. SMITH, Lock Box 61, Noblesville, Ind.

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. $1,000 is offered for proof that it contains a particle of mercury, potash or other mineral poison.

Send for our free book on Blood Poison; it contains valuable information about this disease, with full directions for self treatment. We charge nothing for medical advice; cure yourself at home.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

3 times as many Given FREE WITH Teas, Coffees, Spices, Extracts, Soda, Baking Powder

Good Time and Place to Buy

Come Just to See Great American Importing Tea Co.

LOS ANGELES:
120 S. SPRING ST., NEAR SECOND.
353 SPRING ST., NEAR FOURTH.
452 W. SECOND ST., POMONA.
13 E. STATE, REDLANDS.
201 MAIN ST., RIVERSIDE.
6 N. FAIR OAKS AVE., PASADENA.
327 THIRD ST., SANTA MONICA.
728 STATE ST., SANTA BARBARA.
311 E. FOURTH ST., SANTA ANA.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure

Has no equal as a quick and permanent cure for all kinds of Rheumatism—chronic, inflammatory, sciatica, muscular or lumbago. A few doses give relief; cure comes in a few days. Thousands have given testimony in its favor. Price 25 cents; all druggists. Write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., for free medical advice.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—a case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Company, 10 Spruce St., New York.

POMONA.

BIG RALLY TONIGHT.

POMONA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Arrangements are all completed for the Republican rally to be held in the campaign tent here Saturday evening. W. A. Bell will act as chairman, and the speakers will be Byron L. Oliver and Oscar Lawler, both of Los Angeles. The Pomona Valley Republican Club also announces another meeting to be held at the tent on next Tuesday evening, when Atty.-Gen. Tirey L. Ford of San Francisco and Sidney M. Haskell of Pomona will address the audience.

POMONA BREVITIES.

W. H. Schureman has been re-elected manager of the Indian Hill Citrus Union at North Pomona. The union's packing-house will be enlarged and otherwise improved.

The Democrats held a meeting at the campaign tent here this evening. The speakers were Hon. R. F. Del Valle and A. L. Wellington of Los Angeles.

Pomona Chapter, R.A.M., conferred the fifth degree in Masonry upon two candidates last evening.

Pears'

To keep the skin clean is to wash the excretions from it off; the skin takes care of itself inside, if not blocked outside.

To wash it often and clean, without doing any sort of violence to it, requires a most gentle soap, a soap with no free alkali in it.

Pears', the soap that clears but not excoriates.

All sorts of stores sell it, especially druggists; all sorts of people use it.

Stylish Suits $15.50

Dressy Suits $20
Pants $4.50
My $25.00 Suits are the best in America.
25 Per Cent Saved by getting your suit made by
JOE POHEIM
THE TAILOR
143 So. Spring St., Los Angeles.
Samples Sent Free.

Typewriter Wanted

ACME MANIFOLD MACHINE
Simplest, Quickest, Cheapest, PRACTICAL and RELIABLE
Computing Machine
ADDS, SUBTRACTS, MULTIPLIES, DIVIDES, ETC.
Does away with Ledger, Day Book and Journal. Saves its cost in a few days. Send for Descriptive Circular.
The Improved Computing Machine Co.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Rupture

Can be Cured BY PROF. FANDREY 942 S. Main St.

Pure Wines

THAT'S ALL.

EDWARD GERMAIN WINE CO., 209 S. Los Angeles St., Cor. Fourth.

Rambler Bicycles.....$40
Ideal Bicycles.....$25
Clipper Chainless.....$60
I sell on installments.

W. K. COWAN, 207-9 W. Fifth St.

Sharp tricksters—these peddlers selling powders of which they say—"same as Pearline"—"good as Pearline." Keep a sharp edge on your wits against such. PEARLINE has no equal. 339 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggists for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Take Out That Kitchen Boiler

It costs you money to run it. Utilize the sun's rays to heat water. Gilbert Solar Water Heater Co. 134 E. Second St.

Stricture CURED WHILE YOU SLEEP. No Pain. No Loss of Time. Least Years.

GRAN-SOLVENT CRAYONS will dissolve, digest and forever remove Stricture in 30 days, reducing

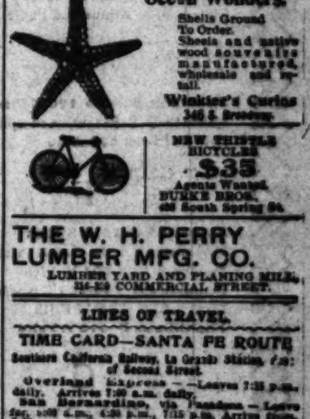
ENLARGED PROSTATE GLAND.

Crayons are inserted at night and dissolve in three hours, curing while you sleep. No more about guess work or stomach drugging, but a direct, local application to the entire Urethral Tract. The unsightly accumulation in

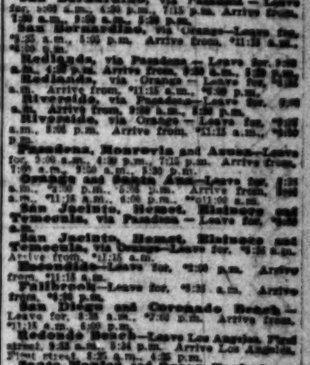
VARICOCELE

Is expelled by restoring healthy circulation through the prostate Gland. FREE

VALUABLE ILLUSTRATED TREATISE
ST. JAMES ASSN., 23 E. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.



No Glasses Like Ours. Fit guaranteed. Testing Free.
Marshutz
OPTICIAN. Tel. 245.5 SPRING



ABEL'S WHITE PINE BALSAM
25¢ 50¢ 1 DOLLAR
THE GREAT CALIFORNIA COUGH REMEDY
IT CURES THAT'S ALL

THE FOO & WING HERB CO.,
903 S. Olive St., Los Angeles, Cal.

CALL FOR BOOK
Diagnosis and Examination Free.
Absent from 4 p.m. Fridays until 12 m. Sundays

Ocean Wonders.
Shells Ground To Order.
Shells and native wood souvenirs manufactured, wholesale and retail.
Winkler's Curios
346 S. Broadway.

NEW THISTLE BICYCLES $35
Agents Wanted.
BUMKE BROS.
426 South Spring St.

THE W. H. PERRY LUMBER MFG. CO.
LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL, 324-328 COMMERCIAL STREET.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME CARD—SANTA FE ROUTE

Southern California Railway, in Grand Union Depot, cor. of Second Street.

Overland Express—Leave 7:35 p.m. daily. Arrive 7:00 a.m. daily.

San Bernardino, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:25 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 10:45 p.m.

San Bernardino, via Orange—Leave for, 8:35 a.m., 1:05 p.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

Redlands, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:25 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 10:45 p.m.

Redlands, via Orange—Leave for, 8:35 a.m., 1:05 p.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

Riverside, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:25 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 10:45 p.m.

Riverside, via Orange—Leave for, 8:35 a.m., 1:05 p.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

Pasadena, Monrovia and Azusa—Leave for, 7:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive from, 7:40 a.m., 7:50 a.m., 11:30 p.m.

Orange and South Ana—Leave for, 7:30 a.m., 2:00 p.m., 5:15 p.m. Arrive from, 8:45 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Orange—Leave for, 8:35 a.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m.

Pasadena—Leave for, 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m., 5:15 p.m. Arrive from, 8:45 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

San Diego and Coronado Beach—Leave for, 8:35 a.m., 7:00 p.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m., 6:05 p.m.

Redondo Beach—Leave Los Angeles, First street, 9:35 a.m., 3:34 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 8:35 a.m., 4:35 p.m.

Santa Monica and Ocean Park—Leave Los Angeles, First st., 10:35 a.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 4:50 p.m.

Kite-shaped Track—Leave, 9:40 a.m. Arrive, 4:50 p.m.

(Daily except Sunday; commutation only.) Malley & Pasadena only; & Orange only. All other trains daily.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

The summer's elegant steamers SANTA ROSA and CORONA leave REDONDO at 10:45 a.m. and PORT LOS ANGELES at 1:30 p.m. for SAN FRANCISCO via SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30. Nov. 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, Dec. 1, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 8:30 a.m., Arrive Redondo, Fly depot at 9:30 a.m. Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S.P.R.R. depot at 1:35 p.m. for steamers northbound.

The steamers COOS BAY and BONITA leave SAN PEDRO for San Francisco via SANTA BARBARA, Ventura, Hueneme, Santa Barbara, Goleta, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, San Simeon, Monterey and Santa Cruz at 9 a.m. Oct. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, Nov. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, Dec. 4, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect with steamers via San Pedro leave S.P.R.R. Arrivals depot at 8:30 a.m. Fly Terminal Ry's depot at 8:40 a.m., Sunday at 9:30 a.m. For further information obtain company's folder. The company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hour of sailing, without previous notice.

W. PARRIS, Agent, 253 S. Spring street, Los Angeles. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

["SPRECKLES LINE"]

OCEANIC S. S. Co.—Honolulu, Apia, Auckland and Sydney.

S. S. ALAMEDA, Sydney, via Honolulu, Samoa and Auckland.....
Wednesday, October 31, 8 p.m.

S. S. AUSTRALIA to Tahiti.....
Thursday, November 1, 8 p.m.

S. S. ZEALANDIA (Honolulu only).....
Saturday, November 10, 2 p.m.

HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 220 S. Spring St. Phone M. 392

OUR AGENT WILL CALL.

If it is not convenient for you to call at this office, telephone or write and our agent will call at your house and give you full information about the Burlington's service and rates to the east.

The Burlington Overland Excursions leave Los Angeles every Wednesday and Saturday, passing Denver, Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Louis, without change. Only one change to Boston.

E. W. McGLINN, Agent, 200 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Los Angeles.

A

Adams & Henry 330 W Second
Alf W 1600 N Main
Anderson & Chandler 136 S Spring
Andes G W Sixth and San Pedro
Apple J P 618 W Tenth

B

Badhams & Williams 2307 Union
Baker R B 1353 Temple
Bald A. 338 Temple
Barry Eugene 761 E Ninth
Barth A Eighth and San Julian
Banks & Greene 1900-1902 S Main
Behne Mrs E Twenty-first and Maple
Blue Ribbon Grocery 449 S Spring
Boon E D 412 S Main
Botello Mrs Ed 1900 Central
Bridges Mrs G D 334 Temple
Brown C & Co Seventh and Olive
Brown M W 1900 Washington
Bruner A D Ninth and Maple

C

Canfield Department Store 2617-2629 Hoover
Carr J E 638 S Broadway
Cassano M Sixth and Wall
Castruccio Bros 134 N Main
Ciesela A 2210 Central
Cobianta T L 727 S Grand
Cohn Albert 219 S Main
Coleman A L 720 E Fifth
Collins T W 1308 E First
Coomber & Son Seventh and Valencia
Crow J H 533 Washington
Cummings J A 338 W Seventh

D

Davis W A 328 N Spring
Davy J A 1700-1702 Temple
Dessars & Son 2402 S Main
Donato Bros Alpine and Pearl

E

Eastern Produce Co 130 E First
Edwards W T Seventh and Spring
Escallier Leon 503 Aliso

F

Farmer & Son 1616 S Main
Faulkner J C & Co 316 E Fifth
Fellows & Hill 801 W Pico
Ferguson Jas 246-248 E Sixth
Firnich Bros 328 W Fifth
Fitzwilliams P 219 E Third

G

Gilson W R Maple and Twenty-fourth
Gioia J 801 Buena Vista
Gonzales M G E Main and Elmyra
Gonzales M G Main and Marchessault
Grannis & Wilson 2497-2499 Hoover
Green F Washington and Central
Griffith J M 200 E Fifth
Grosser Wm A 1208 Central
Groves J A 114 N Daly
Gurney Grocery Co 534 E Fourth

"IT'S FOR YOU TO CHOOSE,

EITHER IS FREE"

To Signalize The
Return of Pancake Season,

The Burnishing of the Griddles and the Lighting of the Fires,
We shall give through the principal grocers in every section a 1½-lb. package of either our Self-Raising Buckwheat or our Self-Raising Pancake Flour

Absolutely Free

With every purchase of H-O (Hornby's Steam-Cooked Oatmeal).

This is simply an inaugural sale—and the grocers have only a limited number of these free packages—so order now. The H-O Company's Pancake Flour is a carefully blended preparation of Rice, Corn and Wheat—a delicious and wholesome mixture for pancakes—ready for instant use. The H-O Company's Self-Raising Buckwheat is prepared from the pure, old-fashioned sort of Buckwheat—the finest that grows—combined with a pure raising ingredient.

THE H-O {HORNBY'S OATMEAL} COMPANY, BUFFALO, N. Y.

H

Hall Grocery Co Seventeenth and Main
Hamer J N San Pedro and Pico
Hamilton G C 1359 E First
Hamlin R H 707 E First
Hammer Wm Eleventh and Santee
Hawes G E & Co 549 S Broadway
Hawley & Shaw 803 Temple
Hine S B Twelfth and Olive
Hite R W 339 W Sixth
Hofman Chas 1000 W Ninth
Hofman L Twelfth and Hawthorne
Hoover & Hoover 1864 E First
Humphrey & Davee 1854 Temple

I

Imbert P 1300 N Main
Ireland N B 330 Downey
Island City Grocery 319 E Third

J

Jarvis & Co 619 S Broadway
Jeans B P 910 Temple
Jevne H 303 S Spring
Jones A F Seventh and Union
Jones H P 507½ W Sixth
Judge & Jordan 307 N Main

K

Keith W J 705 S Broadway
Kennedy E J Twelfth and Union

L

Lambourne & Turner 337 Aliso
Lawrence J Jefferson and Wesley
Lehman A Pico and Santee
Lewis J C Central Ave and Vernon
Lipe C J 3303 Wesley
Lockwood S E 1443 San Fernando
Ludwig & Matthews Mott Market
Luedke & Manning Sixth and Figueroa

M

Maple Ave Grocery Maple and Twenty-Fourth
Marston & Nickell 330 Temple
Mathey J Fifth and Central
Merritt E C 2681 South Main
Menschke E H Fourth and Hill
Mitchell James 310 E Fifth
Moody A & Co Ninth and Central
More H J 903 San Pedro
Moriarity J 340 S Spring
Mutersbaugh D & E Central and Thirty-second

Mc

McAlone Geo M 311 W Second
McNeely A B 2526-2528 S Main

N

Nell C A 432 Downey
Nelk C R 601 E Main
Nielson T 1358 W Washington
Nimmer C J 900 Buena Vista
Norton J H 800 Central

O

Odenthal H Fifth and Los Angeles
Ohlendorf Geo 2116 E First
Olmstead A L 758 W Sixth
Olsen C 110 E Fifth
Olsen & Son 701 E Second
Orr & McCarthy Eighth and Olive
Ottman Bros 341 E First

P

Pike H 379 Macy
Pisma G & Co 600 San Fernando
Porter G W 408 S Spring
Powers F E 1573 W Washington
Powers & Young 1950 E First

R

Ralphs Geo A 601-603 S Spring
Randall L M 606 S Broadway
Reed W J 603 E Sixth
Reinhols A W & Co 335 E First
Rhoades P E 1313 W Washington
Rice Bros 502 Temple
Rivers Bros Temple and Broadway
Robbins Geo W 2001 W Pico
Rockhill J C 1573 W First
Rogers Sam C 910 Winston
Rowe T G 711 W Washington
Royston C H 433 S Main
Russell Alexander Siebel and Nadeau
Ryus S 146 E Seventh

S

Schwartz L 333 W Fifth
Shepard L E 456 S Spring
Simonton & Prouty 963 S Broadway
Skinner E E 506 S Spring
Snow James R 2700 S Main
Southworth J H 195 Daly
Stockwell & Bradford 607 Downey
Stockwell & Bradford Seventh and Aliso
Swearinger J H Eleventh and Grand

T

Tilden & Ellerston 3303 Vernon
Tilley C C 947 E Fourth
Tubbs & Weiser Central and Aliso

V

Van Alen P M 2467 Wesley
Varley J Fifth and Maple
Vila M 330 W Sixth
Villinger Bros 1065 Temple

W

Walters W T Ninth and Central
Wallace Bros Sixth and Grand
Wandell A 1014 W Tenth
Watkins P W 701 W Washington
Wehrly Geo 401 E Seventh
Welch E H Sixth and Hope
Wenger J Jr First and Vignes
West End Cash Store 1057 Temple
West Side Grocery Sixth and Hope
Wetherill G 338 W Seventh
Williams Bros 333 S Spring
Williams Geo Co Kingsley & Aliso
Williams S J 1801 W Pico
Williamson Geo 1438 S Main
Willis O 330 Alvarado
Wilson P J Vermont and McKinley
Wirth Geo 2917 S Main
Wood Alex, 2701 Vermont
Wynne B & Co 449 S Spring

Alhambra,
Crow & Drake
Harris J S

Anaheim,
Dickel H A
Harris & Falkenstein
Stern Bros

Arlington,
Davidson J D
Ormsby C H

Artesia,
Scott C B & Co

Azusa,
Bridges W S
Darling J H
Wade W J
Williams H A

Ballona,
Wilhelm L

Banning,
Reid C A

Barstow,
Gooding L

Boisa,
Head L W

Burbank,
Case C C

Cahuenga,
Arbogast D

Carpenteria,
Curtis Chas
Mellck C M

Clearwater,
Plaisted C A

Colton,
Coe Geo R & Co
Hamilton C B
McGregor & Ballif
Stock G W & Bro

Compton,
Ambrose Shepard & Co

Corona,
Geith Frank
Hively & Austin
Thacker & Smiley

Covina,
Crandall W J
Senour O B
Warner & Whitsel

Downey,
Frankel M E
Hall Smith & Co
Jenison & Strine Bros

El Monte,
Baker I F
El Monte Co-Operative Association
Kauffman I & Co

Elsinore,
Macy & Co

Fernando,
Brown E L
Maclay Co

Fillmore,
Harmonson C A

Florence,
Cosgrove J

Fullerton,
Brennan J P

Gardena,
Moody D J

Garvalia,
Powell L S

Glendora,
Dyer & Riley

Hemet,
Prugh W A

Highland,
Cram & Coy
Fraser & Barnes

Hollywood,
Wilkerson H D

Hynes,
Brennan J M

Inglewood,
Kilby W C

Johannesburg,
Teagle C J

La Canada,
Bonebrake P L
Pleukharp C V

Lakeview,
Ritchie C I

Lamanda Park,
Armstrong E J

Long Beach,
Bowers W C & Sons
Brown E D
Else & Brown
Gardner A B
Jones A H Sons & Co
Keith A
Martin R W
Schilling Wm & Co

Los Nietos,
Gwin Evey & Co

Moneta,
Hayden B T

Monrovia,
Cornes F J
Morris Henry
Walker W O

Murrieta,
Ainsworth & Fallis

North Pasadena,
Alair J C
Hayward & Miller
Winner G A

Norwalk,
Haddock & McKeon
Mason & Eaton

Ocean Park,
Osborn L B

Ontario,
Henderson & Kennedy
Oliver O H
Smith W W

Orange,
Carpenter & Ross Lewin
Ehlen & Grote
Lee E T
Willits M L

Oxnard,
Lehmann & Waterman
Norris & Petit
Poe E A

Pasadena,
Billings C E
Buhles E F
Colorado Cash Grocery
Crane & Bacon
Davis & Owens
Herlihy & Co
Johnson J B
Kelly W J
Lancaster E F
Layton E
Martin & Booher
Model Grocery The
Nash Bros
People's Grocery The
Platt F C Grocery Co
Thompson G R

Pala,
Salmons Frank A

Palms,
George M Ely

Perris,
Hook Bros
Mapes M L
Smith L A & Son

Pomona,
Bowen J F
Lawrence W J
Merriam E J
Padgham & Abbott
Poston Moles & Co

Radic,
Smith Geo F

Redlands,
Bean L B
Dugan B P & Son
Edwards J W
Ford Co
Gantt & Gaylord
Morgan F A
Sargent C H
Sucss J J

Rialto,
Bohannon C H
Taylor & Harris

Rivera,
Caher S
Chapman & Moss

Riverside,
Beall Edw
Cori W J
Cox J H D
Field & Kennedy
Michelbacher E
Rockhold Bros
Witherspoon I A

San Bernardino,
Bean L B & Co
Ham A M
Lawrence J & Sons
Patton J H
Smith & Kelty
Snelson T F
Soddarth E H & Co
White C K Grocery Co

San Gabriel,
Cuneo A J
Myers J A & Co

San Jacinto,
Emerson C L
Harda & Daggett
Mead S J

San Pedro,
Beal & Fawcett
Powers J H
Sederlund A
Taylor & Ward
Young J A

Santa Ana,
Bunker J E, & Co
Chrisman J M
Edgar G A
Glidmacher L
Martin J L
Nicolson A & Co
Parsons J D
Trickey J N & Co

Santa Barbara,
Lapsley J H M
Martin & Webber
Shaw & Hunt

Santa Monica,
Carpenter E H & Co
Johnston & Baum
Winslow H A

Santa Paula,
Brown I P
Say Bros

Saticoy,
Crane E C

Sherman,
Quint L J

Sierra Madre,
Norris S E

Somis,
Stewart W O

South Pasadena,
Billheimer & Overheitzer
Graham A R

Spadra,
Carter & Co

Summerland,
Nott & Webber

Tehachepi,
Asher I

Temecula,
Meeren P

Terminal,
Glisen O C

Toluca,
Jones W E

Tustin,
Getty A & Co
Stevens Sherman

Ventura,
Connor & Blackstock
Day J A
Hearne Nick
Ventura Rochdale Co

Verdugo,
Campbell D

Victor,
Turner R

Whittier,
Gwin J H
Jacobs A & Co
Livingston C P
Tantau Geo D
Weems F K

Winchester,
Mead E & Co

R. L. CRAIG & CO., SOLE AGENTS.